Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 10, 2026 – 04:42 PM UTC

PDB ID	:	5VW8 / pdb_00005vw8
Title	:	NADP+ soak of Y316S mutant of corn root ferredoxin:NADP+ reductase in alternate space group
Authors	:	Kean, K.M.; Carpenter, R.A.; Hall, A.R.; Karplus, P.A.
Deposited on	:	2017-05-21
Resolution	:	1.81 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

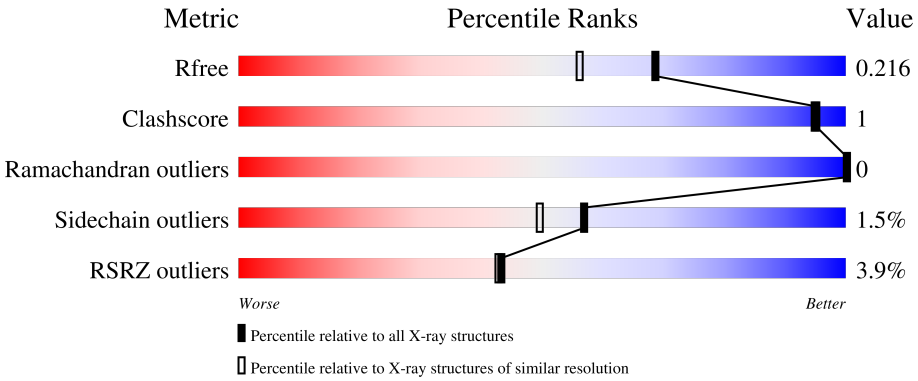
MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.81 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	7662 (1.80-1.80)
Clashscore	190562	8479 (1.80-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	8391 (1.80-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	187428	8390 (1.80-1.80)
RSRZ outliers	180081	7663 (1.80-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	316	4% 94%

2 Entry composition

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5436 atoms, of which 2513 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Ferredoxin–NADP reductase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S			
1	A	309	4908	1573	2432	421	468	14	0	13	0

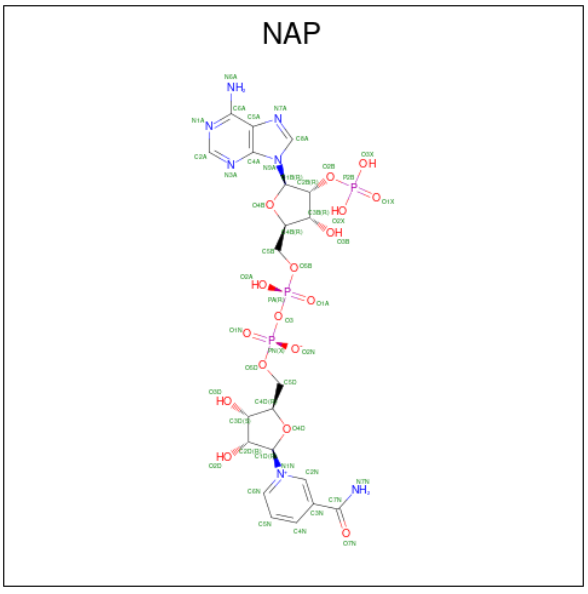
There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	316	SER	TYR	engineered mutation	UNP Q41736

- Molecule 2 is MAGNESIUM ION (CCD ID: MG) (formula: Mg).

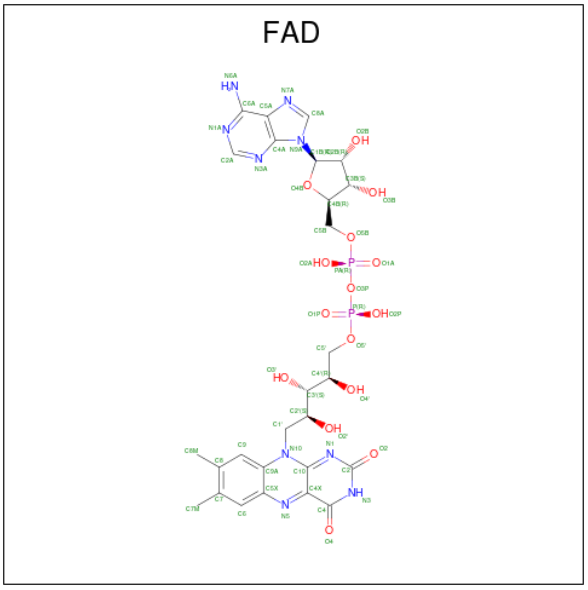
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	Mg		
2	A	1	1	1	0	0

- Molecule 3 is NADP NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE PHOSPHATE (CCD ID: NAP) (formula: $C_{21}H_{28}N_7O_{17}P_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	H	N	O	P	57	1
			146	42	50	14	34	6		

- Molecule 4 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (CCD ID: FAD) (formula: $C_{27}H_{33}N_9O_{15}P_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0	0
			84	27	31	9	15	2		

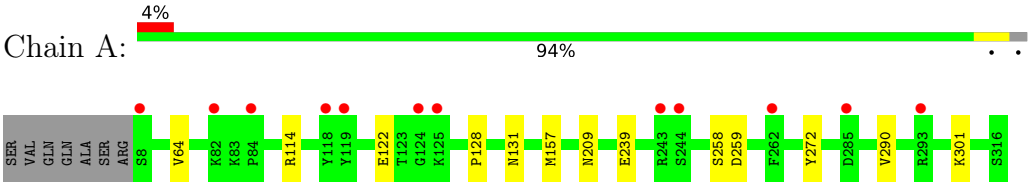
- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	297	Total	O	0	2
			297	297		

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Ferredoxin–NADP reductase



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 31 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	58.87Å 58.87Å 185.04Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	39.30 – 1.81 39.30 – 1.81	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.7 (39.30-1.81) 99.7 (39.30-1.81)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	1.74 (at 1.81Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.11.1_2575: ???)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.172 , 0.210 0.180 , 0.216	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	3486 reflections (9.94%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	22.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.400	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.42 , 52.1	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.46$, $< L^2 > = 0.29$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.047 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	5436	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	34.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.95% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, NAP, FAD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$
1	A	0.41	0/2582	0.57	0/3494

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2476	2432	2420	5	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	96	50	50	1	0
4	A	53	31	31	0	0
5	A	297	0	0	2	0
All	All	2923	2513	2501	6	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All (6) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:114:ARG:NH2	5:A:501:HOH:O	2.02	0.90
3:A:402[B]:NAP:H3D	5:A:559:HOH:O	2.10	0.52
1:A:258:SER:HB2	1:A:290:VAL:HG21	1.94	0.50
1:A:209:ASN:HB2	1:A:239:GLU:OE1	2.12	0.48
1:A:157:MET:HE1	1:A:272:TYR:HB3	1.98	0.44
1:A:128:PRO:HA	1:A:131[A]:ASN:ND2	2.37	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	320/316 (101%)	319 (100%)	1 (0%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	271/269 (101%)	267 (98%)	4 (2%)	57	49

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	64	VAL

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	122	GLU
1	A	259	ASP
1	A	301	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	308	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
3	NAP	A	402[A]	-	50,52,52	1.15	5 (10%)	71,80,80	1.57	15 (21%)
3	NAP	A	402[B]	-	50,52,52	1.12	5 (10%)	71,80,80	1.66	13 (18%)
4	FAD	A	403	-	58,58,58	1.37	9 (15%)	85,89,89	1.70	16 (18%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAP	A	402[A]	-	-	10/35/67/67	0/5/5/5
3	NAP	A	402[B]	-	-	6/35/67/67	0/5/5/5
4	FAD	A	403	-	-	0/34/50/50	0/6/6/6

All (19) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	A	403	FAD	C9A-C5X	4.49	1.48	1.41
3	A	402[B]	NAP	C5A-C4A	4.36	1.46	1.39
3	A	402[A]	NAP	C5A-C4A	3.98	1.46	1.39
4	A	403	FAD	C5A-C4A	3.61	1.45	1.39
4	A	403	FAD	C8-C7	3.35	1.49	1.40
4	A	403	FAD	C5X-N5	-2.95	1.34	1.39
3	A	402[A]	NAP	C4A-N9A	-2.90	1.31	1.37
3	A	402[A]	NAP	C5A-N7A	-2.84	1.33	1.39
4	A	403	FAD	C2-N3	-2.67	1.33	1.39
3	A	402[B]	NAP	C5A-C6A	2.60	1.48	1.41
4	A	403	FAD	C8A-N7A	2.49	1.36	1.31
4	A	403	FAD	C4X-N5	2.45	1.36	1.30
4	A	403	FAD	P-O3P	2.40	1.62	1.59
3	A	402[A]	NAP	C5A-C6A	2.39	1.47	1.41
3	A	402[B]	NAP	C8A-N7A	2.32	1.36	1.31
3	A	402[B]	NAP	C5A-N7A	-2.30	1.34	1.39
3	A	402[A]	NAP	PN-O3	2.20	1.61	1.59
4	A	403	FAD	C4A-N9A	-2.18	1.33	1.37
3	A	402[B]	NAP	C4A-N9A	-2.11	1.33	1.37

All (44) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
3	A	402[B]	NAP	C5A-C4A-N3A	-5.35	119.34	126.72
3	A	402[A]	NAP	C5A-C4A-N3A	-5.13	119.66	126.72
4	A	403	FAD	C5A-C4A-N3A	-4.83	120.07	126.72
4	A	403	FAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-4.74	121.40	128.58
4	A	403	FAD	N3A-C4A-N9A	4.35	134.57	127.17
3	A	402[B]	NAP	N3A-C4A-N9A	4.28	134.45	127.17
4	A	403	FAD	C4A-N9A-C8A	4.20	110.14	105.74
4	A	403	FAD	C2A-N3A-C4A	4.14	121.93	111.83

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
3	A	402[A]	NAP	N3A-C4A-N9A	4.08	134.11	127.17
4	A	403	FAD	C4-C4X-N5	3.73	123.36	118.21
3	A	402[B]	NAP	C2A-N3A-C4A	3.70	120.86	111.83
3	A	402[B]	NAP	N3A-C2A-N1A	-3.64	123.07	128.58
4	A	403	FAD	C9A-C5X-N5	-3.53	118.71	122.45
3	A	402[B]	NAP	O4B-C1B-N9A	3.45	114.72	108.09
3	A	402[B]	NAP	C3N-C7N-N7N	3.45	121.99	117.74
3	A	402[B]	NAP	C4A-C5A-N7A	-3.38	106.72	110.58
3	A	402[A]	NAP	C4A-C5A-N7A	-3.14	107.00	110.58
3	A	402[B]	NAP	C4A-N9A-C8A	3.12	109.01	105.74
3	A	402[A]	NAP	C4A-N9A-C8A	3.11	109.00	105.74
3	A	402[A]	NAP	O7N-C7N-N7N	-3.07	118.18	122.62
4	A	403	FAD	N9A-C8A-N7A	-3.05	109.60	113.94
3	A	402[A]	NAP	C2A-N3A-C4A	3.05	119.28	111.83
3	A	402[A]	NAP	O4B-C1B-N9A	2.72	113.31	108.09
4	A	403	FAD	C6A-C5A-N7A	2.68	137.25	132.09
4	A	403	FAD	C5X-N5-C4X	2.66	122.40	118.09
3	A	402[B]	NAP	C5A-N7A-C8A	2.66	107.63	103.45
3	A	402[A]	NAP	N3A-C2A-N1A	-2.60	124.65	128.58
3	A	402[B]	NAP	N9A-C8A-N7A	-2.47	110.43	113.94
3	A	402[A]	NAP	O2A-PA-O1A	2.47	123.94	112.44
3	A	402[A]	NAP	C3B-C2B-C1B	-2.47	98.08	102.81
3	A	402[A]	NAP	C5A-N7A-C8A	2.45	107.29	103.45
3	A	402[A]	NAP	N9A-C8A-N7A	-2.43	110.48	113.94
4	A	403	FAD	C4A-C5A-N7A	-2.38	107.86	110.58
4	A	403	FAD	O4-C4-C4X	-2.33	120.38	126.53
4	A	403	FAD	O3B-C3B-C4B	-2.31	104.45	111.08
4	A	403	FAD	C5A-N7A-C8A	2.28	107.04	103.45
3	A	402[B]	NAP	C6A-C5A-N7A	2.25	136.43	132.09
3	A	402[A]	NAP	C3N-C7N-N7N	2.22	120.48	117.74
3	A	402[B]	NAP	O3B-C3B-C2B	-2.18	105.09	111.19
4	A	403	FAD	O4'-C4'-C5'	-2.14	105.28	109.99
3	A	402[A]	NAP	O2N-PN-O1N	2.12	122.33	112.44
4	A	403	FAD	C10-C4X-N5	-2.10	120.52	124.81
3	A	402[B]	NAP	C2A-N1A-C6A	2.04	122.08	118.73
3	A	402[A]	NAP	O3X-P2B-O2X	2.02	115.36	107.80

There are no chirality outliers.

All (16) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	402[A]	NAP	C5D-O5D-PN-O3

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	402[A]	NAP	C5D-O5D-PN-O1N
3	A	402[A]	NAP	C5D-O5D-PN-O2N
3	A	402[A]	NAP	O4D-C1D-N1N-C6N
3	A	402[A]	NAP	C2B-C1B-N9A-C8A
3	A	402[B]	NAP	C2B-C1B-N9A-C8A
3	A	402[A]	NAP	PA-O3-PN-O1N
3	A	402[B]	NAP	C5B-O5B-PA-O1A
3	A	402[A]	NAP	C2B-C1B-N9A-C4A
3	A	402[A]	NAP	O4D-C1D-N1N-C2N
3	A	402[B]	NAP	PA-O3-PN-O1N
3	A	402[B]	NAP	C2B-C1B-N9A-C4A
3	A	402[B]	NAP	O4B-C1B-N9A-C8A
3	A	402[A]	NAP	O4B-C1B-N9A-C8A
3	A	402[A]	NAP	PA-O3-PN-O2N
3	A	402[B]	NAP	PA-O3-PN-O2N

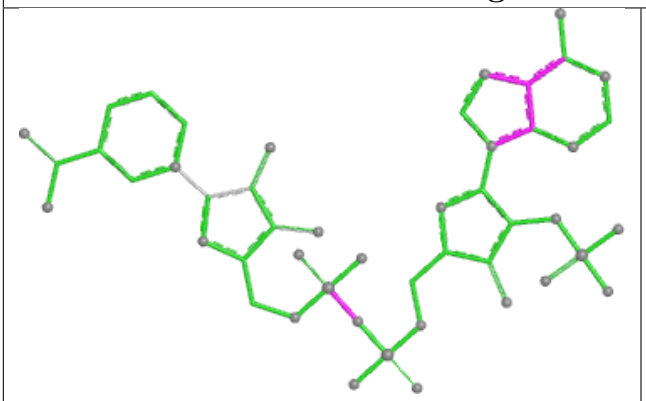
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

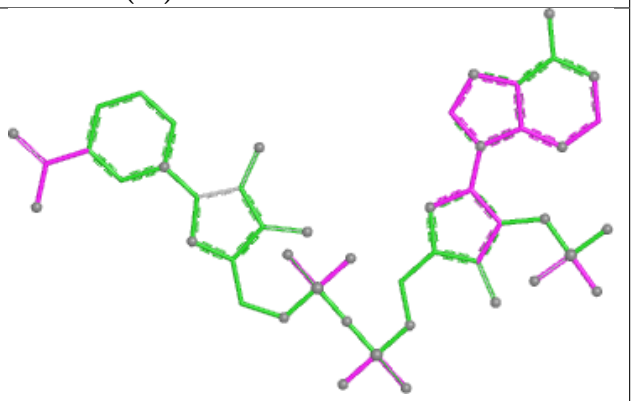
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	402[B]	NAP	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

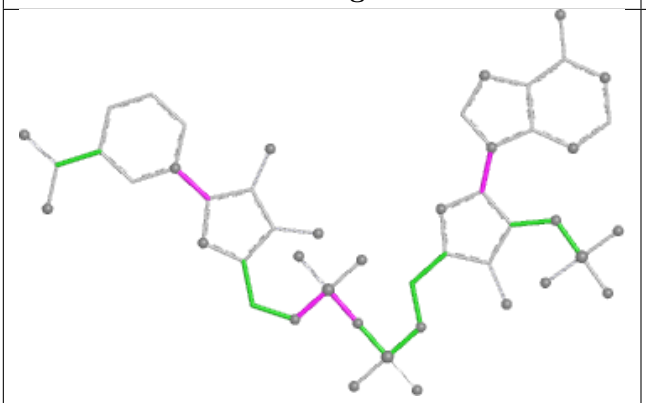
Ligand NAP A 402 (A)



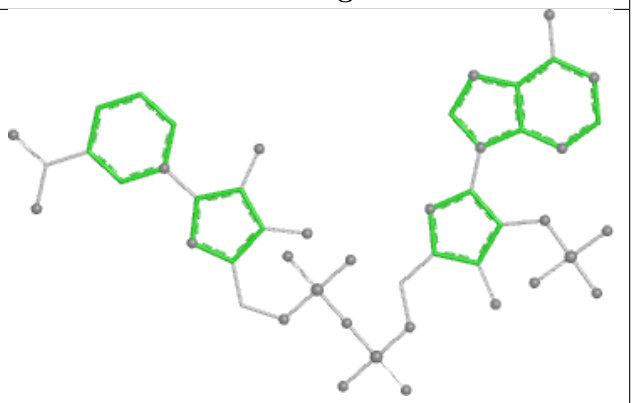
Bond lengths



Bond angles

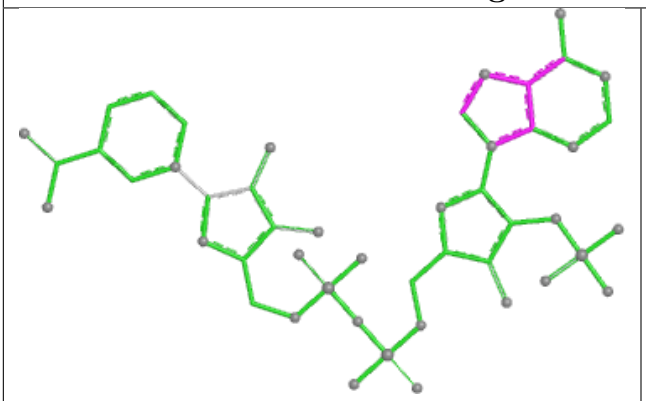


Torsions

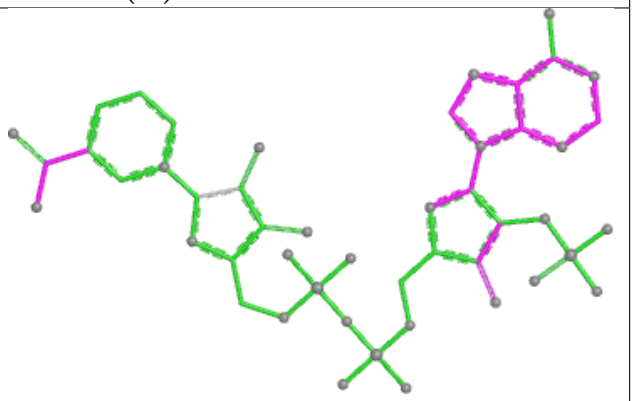


Rings

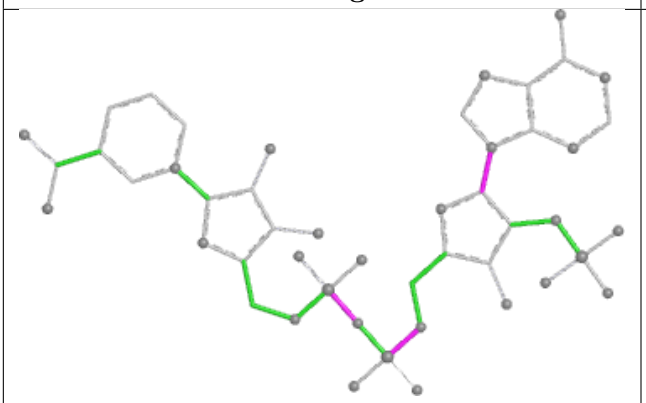
Ligand NAP A 402 (B)



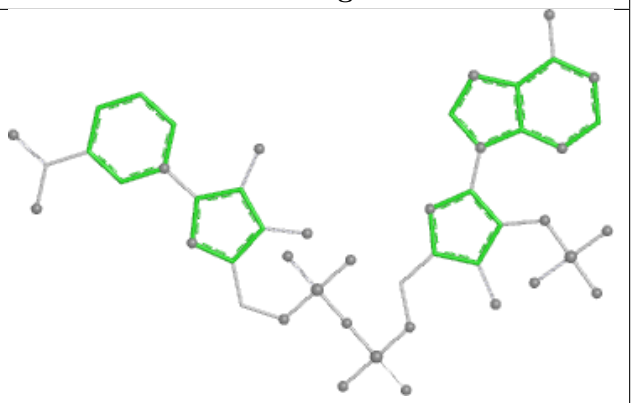
Bond lengths



Bond angles

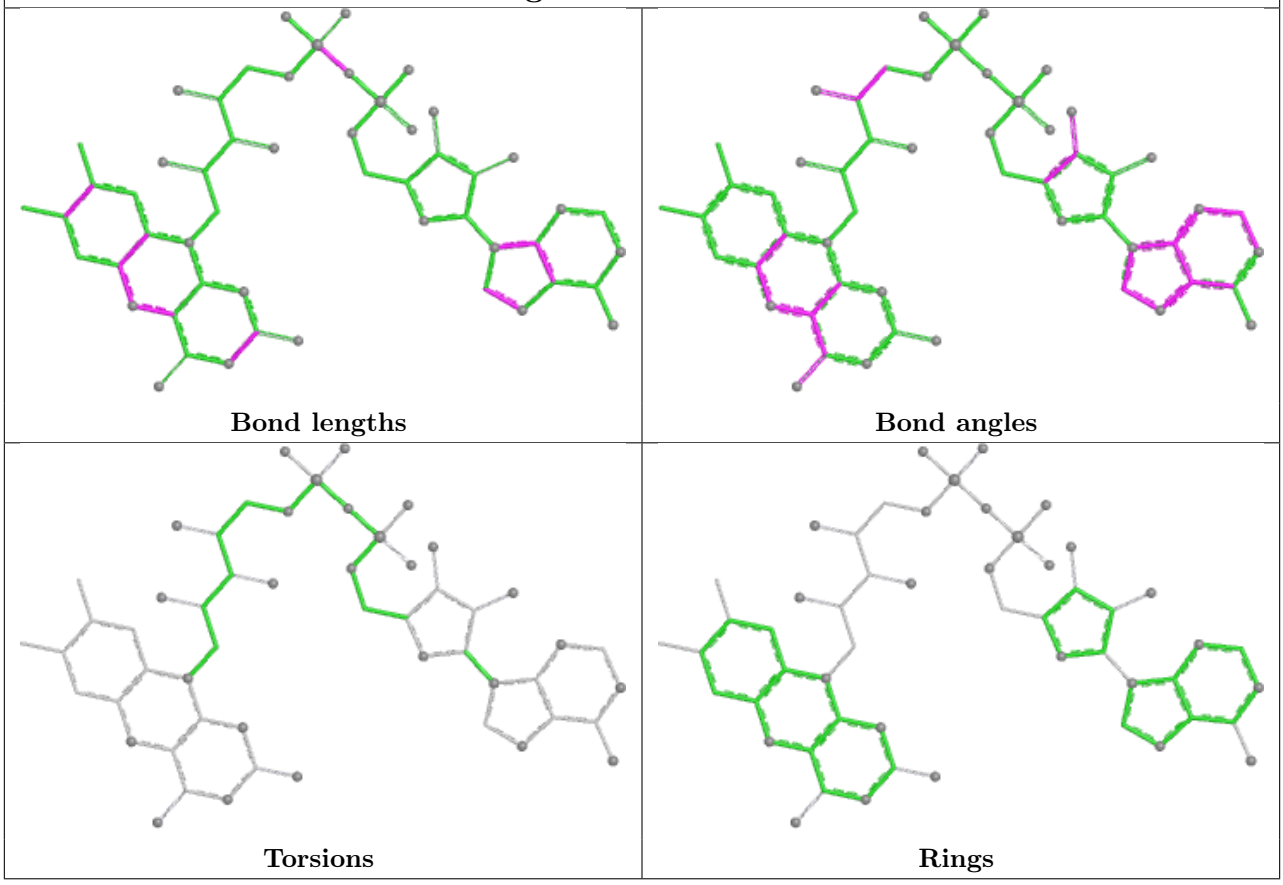


Torsions



Rings

Ligand FAD A 403



5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	309/316 (97%)	0.17	12 (3%) 43 43	14, 28, 60, 81	13 (4%)

All (12) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	82	LYS	3.1
1	A	124	GLY	3.1
1	A	84	PRO	3.0
1	A	244	SER	2.9
1	A	119	TYR	2.8
1	A	118	TYR	2.7
1	A	8	SER	2.6
1	A	293[A]	ARG	2.4
1	A	285	ASP	2.3
1	A	125	LYS	2.3
1	A	243	ARG	2.1
1	A	262	PHE	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum,

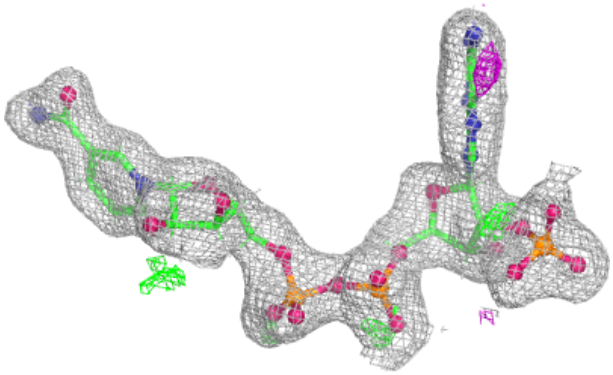
median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

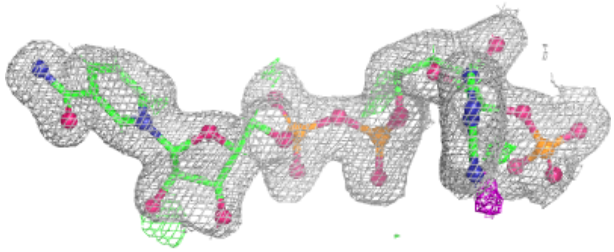
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
3	NAP	A	402[A]	48/48	0.95	0.08	15,26,36,44	17
3	NAP	A	402[B]	48/48	0.95	0.08	19,27,36,49	73
4	FAD	A	403	53/53	0.97	0.06	14,21,30,34	0
2	MG	A	401	1/1	0.98	0.05	44,44,44,44	0

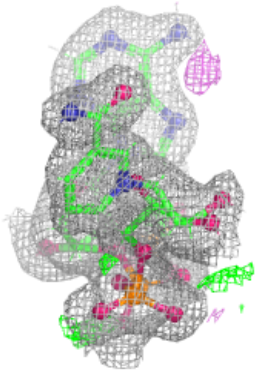
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around NAP A 402 (A):

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

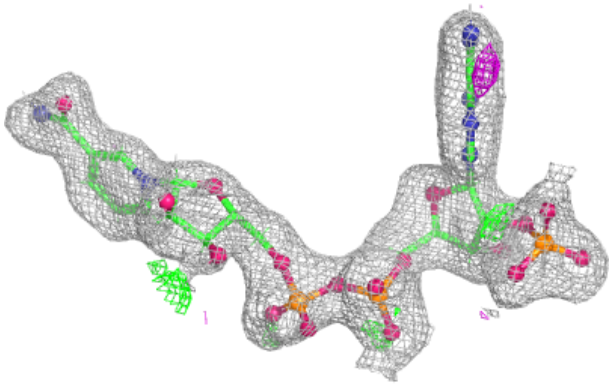


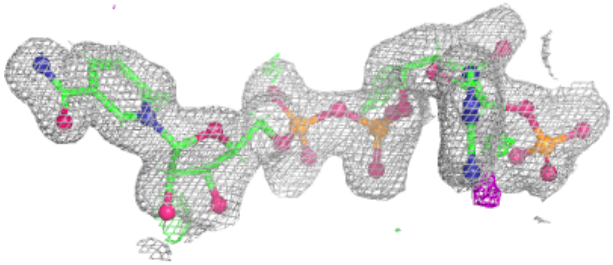


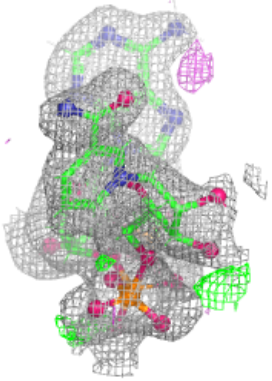


Electron density around NAP A 402 (B):

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

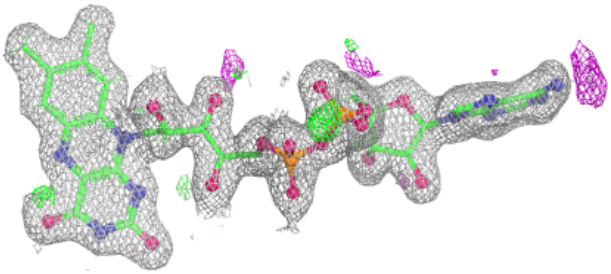


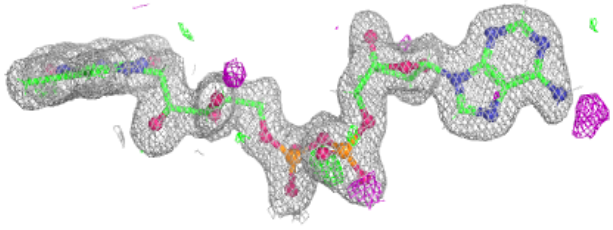


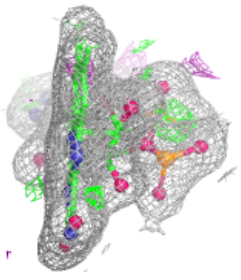


Electron density around FAD A 403:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)







6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.