wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Aug 17, 2026 – 07:32 pm BST

PDB ID	:	9T8K / pdb_00009t8k
EMDB ID	:	EMD-55702
Title	:	E. coli 70S ribosome from delta-10 strain, PTC class 0
Authors	:	Larsson, D.S.D.; Selmer, M.
Deposited on	:	2025-11-13
Resolution	:	2.18 Å(reported)
Based on initial model	:	9T6M

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

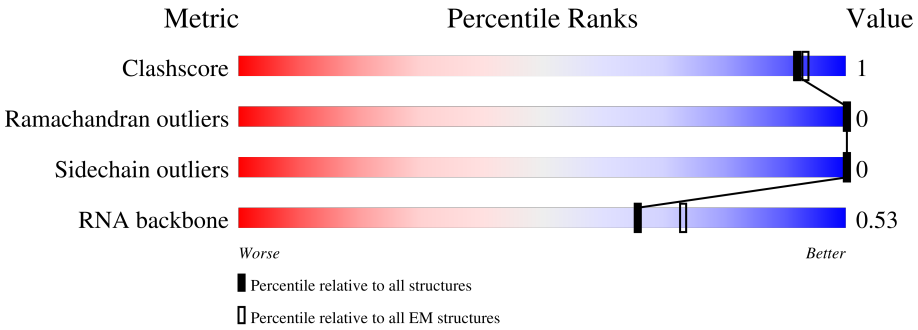
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev133
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics	:	202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ	:	1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.50

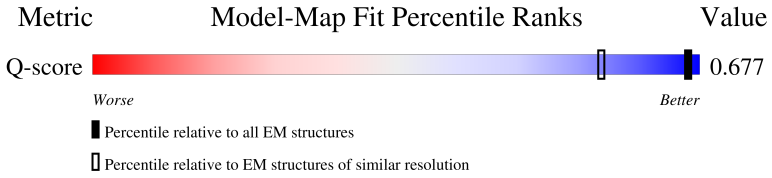
1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.18 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.





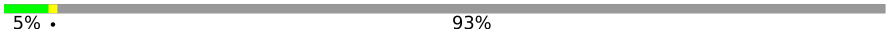
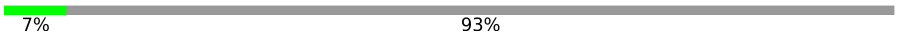
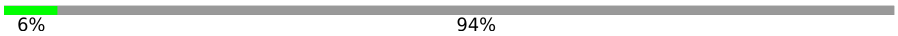
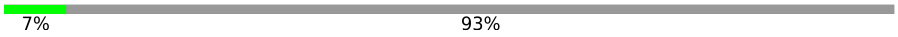
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
RNA backbone	8273	3508	-
Q-score	-	25397	2701 (1.70 - 2.68)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	a	2904	15% 5% • 80%
2	b	120	• • 97%
3	c	273	10% 90%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
4	d	209	
5	e	201	
6	k	144	
7	l	136	
8	q	103	
9	r	110	
10	v	85	
11	z	57	

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 14 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 14213 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a RNA chain called 23S rRNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P		
1	a	590	12625	5644	2302	4090	589	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a RNA chain called 5S rRNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P		
2	b	4	80	36	10	30	4	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Large ribosomal subunit protein uL2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	c	26	191	116	41	33	1	0	0

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Large ribosomal subunit protein uL3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
4	d	43	333	206	68	58	1	0	0

- Molecule 5 is a protein called Large ribosomal subunit protein uL4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
5	e	14	106	68	21	17	0	0

- Molecule 6 is a protein called Large ribosomal subunit protein uL15.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
6	k	26	182	106	42	33	1	0	0

- Molecule 7 is a protein called Large ribosomal subunit protein uL16.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
7	l	48	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			386	242	81	60	3		

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
l	82	MS6	MET	conflict	UNP A7ZSK2

- Molecule 8 is a protein called Large ribosomal subunit protein bL21.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
8	q	7	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			75	48	19	8		

- Molecule 9 is a protein called Large ribosomal subunit protein uL22.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
9	r	7	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			53	30	14	9		

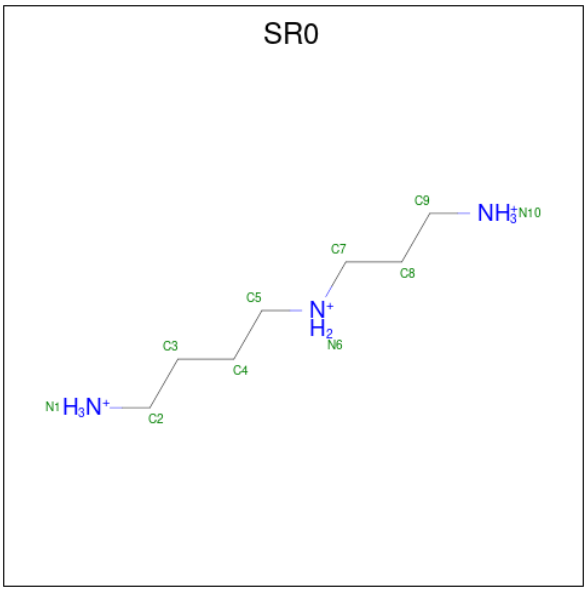
- Molecule 10 is a protein called Large ribosomal subunit protein bL27.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
10	v	6	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			46	24	10	12		

- Molecule 11 is a protein called Large ribosomal subunit protein bL32.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
11	z	8	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			61	37	12	12		

- Molecule 12 is N 1 -(3-azaniumylpropyl)butane-1,4-diaminium (CCD ID: SR0) (formula: $C_7H_{22}N_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
12	a	1	Total C N 10 7 3	0
12	a	1	Total C N 10 7 3	0

- Molecule 13 is MAGNESIUM ION (CCD ID: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
13	a	32	Total Mg 32 32	0
13	d	1	Total Mg 1 1	0
13	z	1	Total Mg 1 1	0

- Molecule 14 is POTASSIUM ION (CCD ID: K) (formula: K).

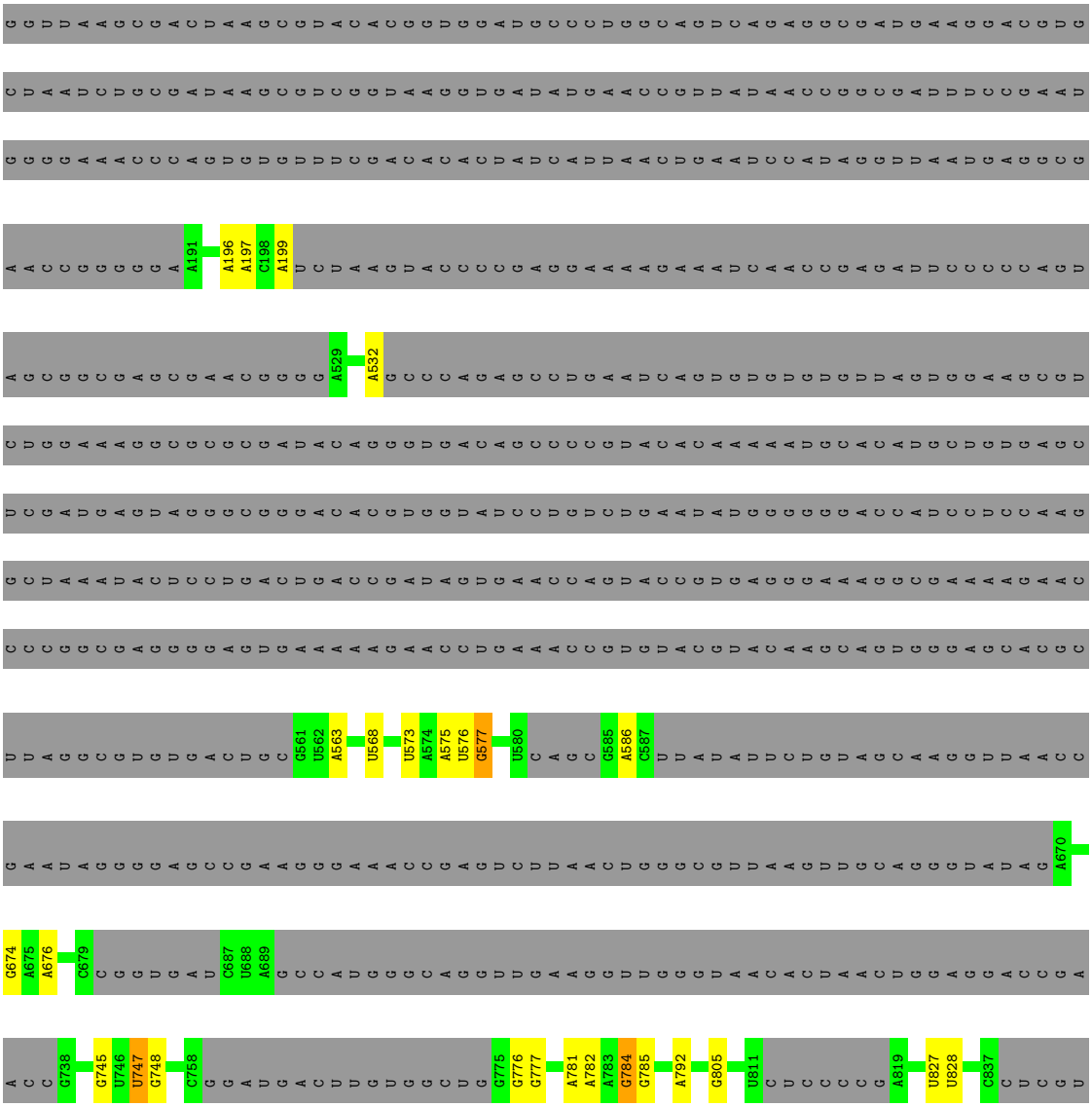
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
14	a	21	Total K 21 21	0

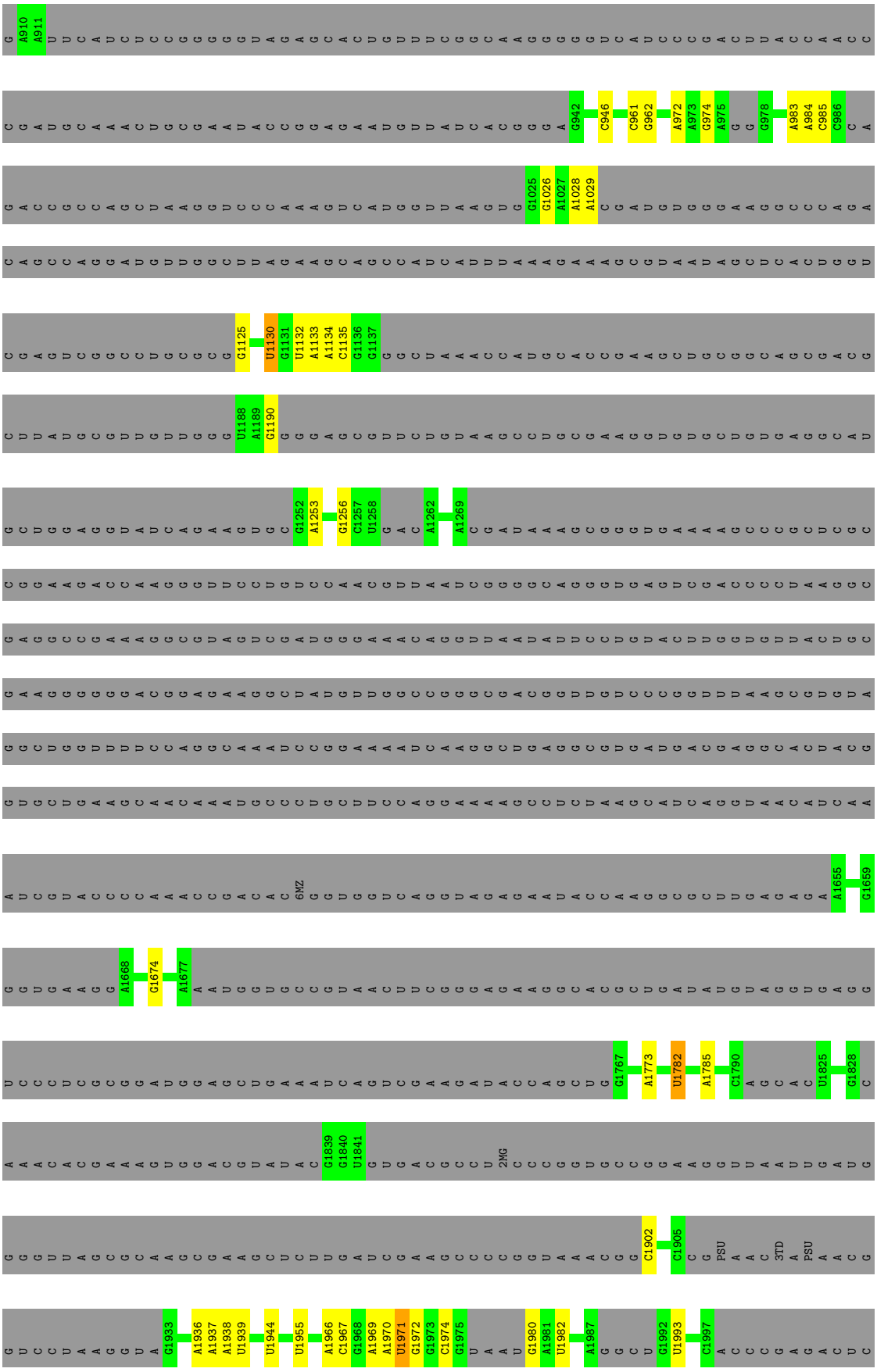
3 Residue-property plots (i)

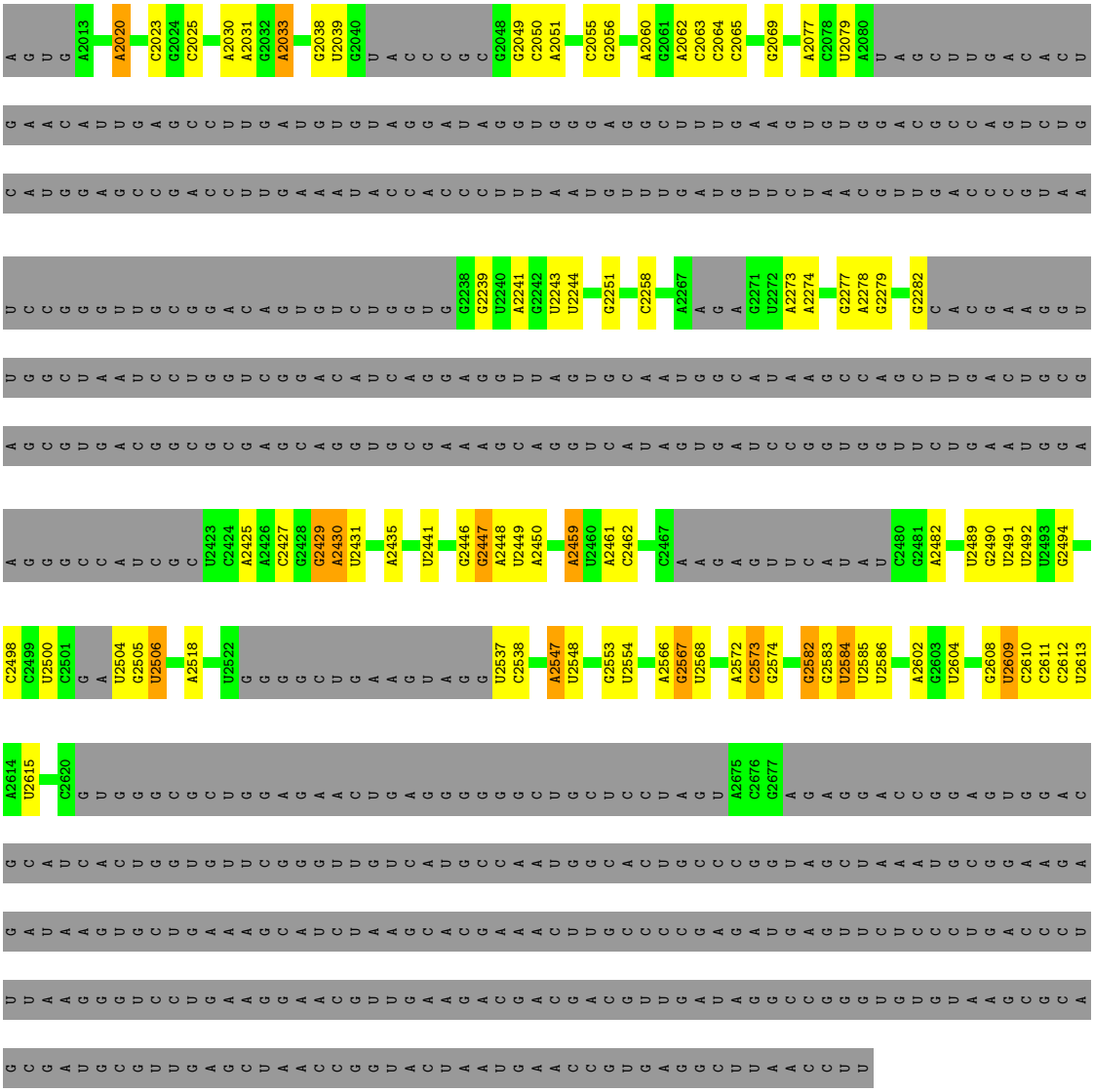
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: 23S rRNA

Chain a: 15% 5% 80%

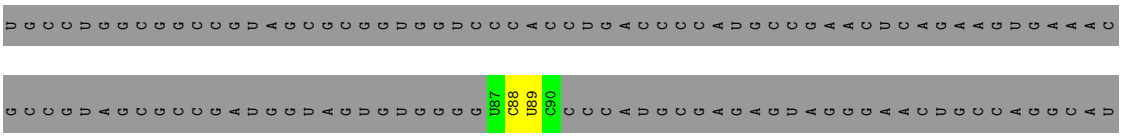



A910
A911
G942
C946
C961
G962
A972
A973
G974
A975
G978
A983
A984
C985
C986
G1025
G1026
A1027
A1028
A1029
G1125
U1130
G1131
U1132
A1133
A1134
C1135
G1136
G1137
U1188
A1189
G1190
G1252
A1253
G1256
C1257
U1258
A1262
A1269
6MZ
A1655
G1659
A1668
G1674
A1677
G1767
A1773
U1782
A1785
C1790
U1825
G1828
2MG
G1839
G1840
U1841
C1902
C1905
PSU
3TD
PSU
G1933
A1936
A1937
A1938
U1939
U1944
U1955
A1966
C1967
G1968
A1969
A1970
U1971
G1972
G1973
C1974
G1975
G1980
A1981
U1982
A1987
C1992
U1993
C1997



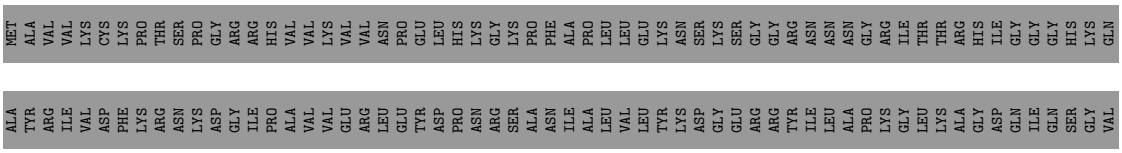
• Molecule 2: 5S rRNA

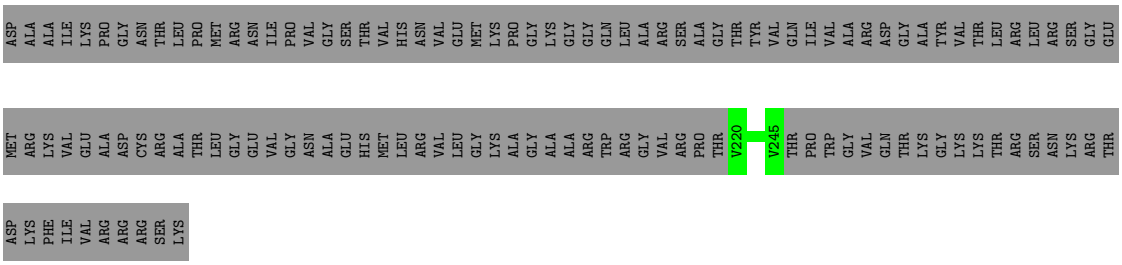
Chain b: 97%



• Molecule 3: Large ribosomal subunit protein uL2

Chain c: 10% 90%

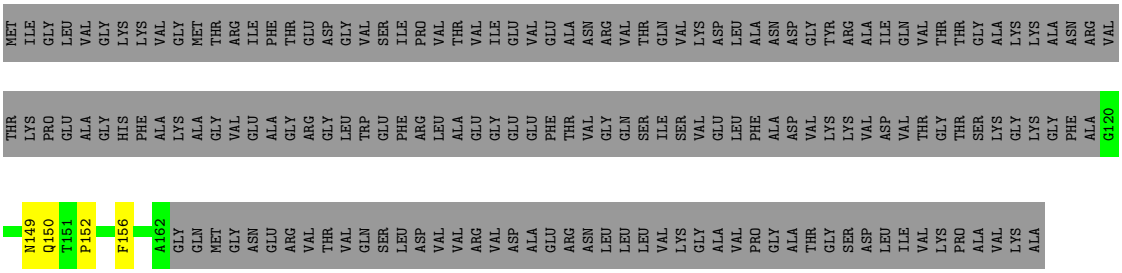




• Molecule 4: Large ribosomal subunit protein uL3

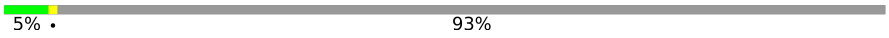
Chain d:

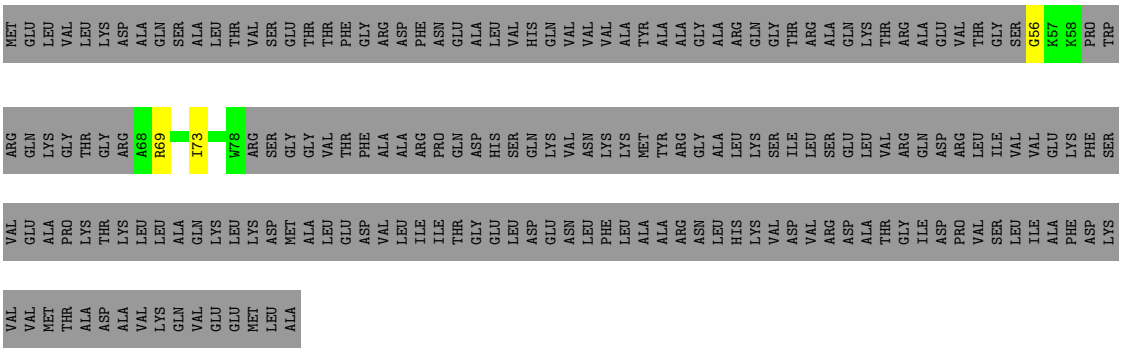




• Molecule 5: Large ribosomal subunit protein uL4

Chain e:

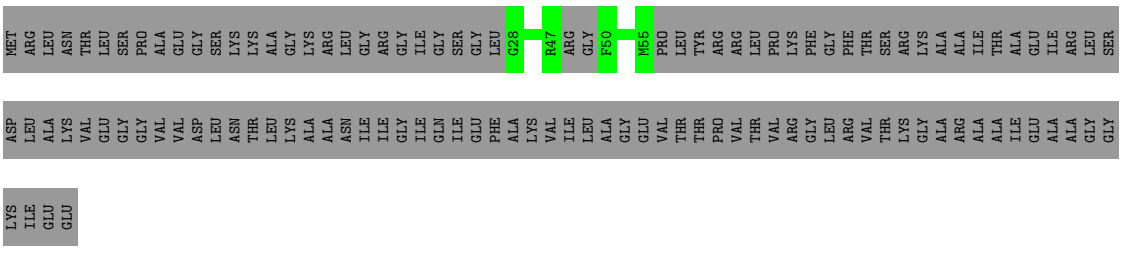




• Molecule 6: Large ribosomal subunit protein uL15

Chain k:

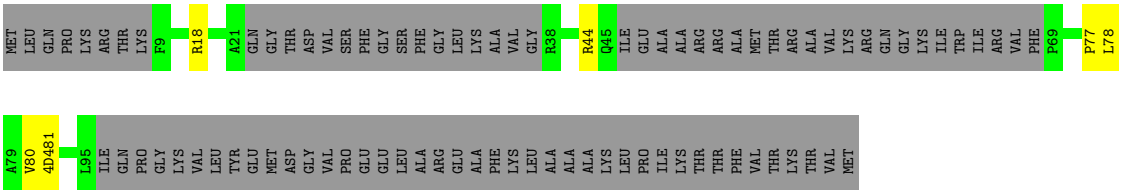




• Molecule 7: Large ribosomal subunit protein uL16

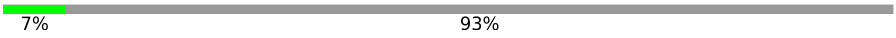
Chain l:

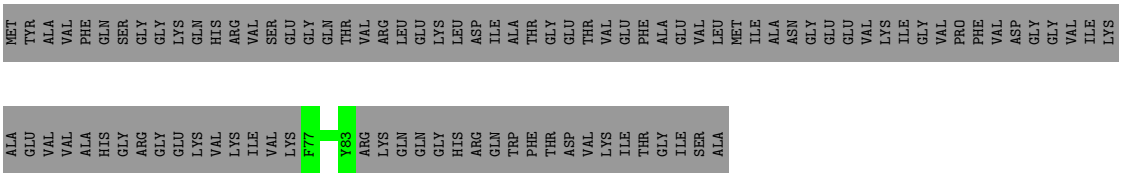




• Molecule 8: Large ribosomal subunit protein bL21

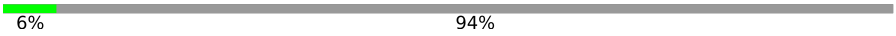
Chain q:

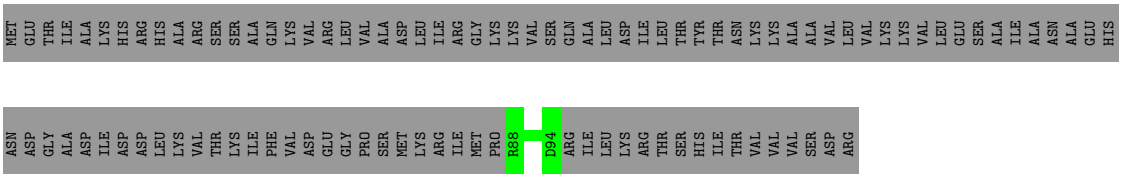




• Molecule 9: Large ribosomal subunit protein uL22

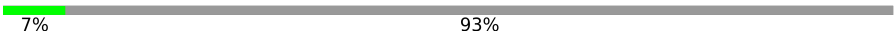
Chain r:

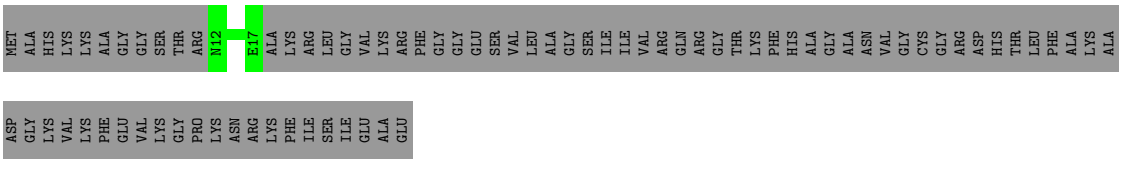




• Molecule 10: Large ribosomal subunit protein bL27

Chain v:





• Molecule 11: Large ribosomal subunit protein bL32

Chain z:





4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	61890	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/Å^2$)	30	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	600	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1400	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	3.498	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.897	Depositor
Average map value	0.004	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.100	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.4	Depositor
Map size (Å)	420.608, 420.608, 420.608	wwPDB
Map dimensions	512, 512, 512	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.8215, 0.8215, 0.8215	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 5MC, PSU, 5MU, MG, 6MZ, K, MEQ, SR0, 4D4, 1MG, H2U, MS6

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	#$\|Z\|>5$
1	a	0.53	0/13911	1.00	32/21605 (0.1%)
2	b	0.61	0/87	0.92	0/132
3	c	0.74	0/197	1.06	0/265
4	d	0.65	0/329	1.07	0/438
5	e	0.72	0/107	0.92	0/139
6	k	0.70	0/182	1.06	0/232
7	l	0.59	0/370	1.01	0/487
8	q	0.67	0/77	0.99	0/99
9	r	0.69	0/52	0.94	0/66
10	v	0.80	0/45	1.15	0/58
11	z	0.67	0/61	1.06	0/82
All	All	0.54	0/15418	1.01	32/23603 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand.A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
5	e	0	1
7	l	0	2
All	All	0	3

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 32 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	a	2611	C	O3'-P-O5'	-11.60	86.59	104.00
1	a	1974	C	O3'-P-O5'	-11.20	87.20	104.00
1	a	1971	U	O3'-P-O5'	-8.98	90.54	104.00

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	a	674	G	O3'-P-O5'	-7.56	92.66	104.00
1	a	676	A	O3'-P-O5'	-7.01	93.49	104.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
5	e	69	ARG	Sidechain
7	l	18	ARG	Sidechain
7	l	44	ARG	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	a	12625	0	6400	28	0
2	b	80	0	43	0	0
3	c	191	0	177	0	0
4	d	333	0	336	2	0
5	e	106	0	115	1	0
6	k	182	0	179	0	0
7	l	386	0	399	2	0
8	q	75	0	76	0	0
9	r	53	0	55	0	0
10	v	46	0	36	0	0
11	z	61	0	62	2	0
12	a	20	0	0	0	0
13	a	32	0	0	0	0
13	d	1	0	0	0	0
13	z	1	0	0	0	0
14	a	21	0	0	0	0
All	All	14213	0	7878	32	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

The worst 5 of 32 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:a:568:U:H1'	1:a:2030:6MZ:H9C1	1.84	0.59
1:a:2547:A:H2'	1:a:2548:U:C6	2.39	0.58
1:a:1028:A:H2'	1:a:1029:A:C8	2.42	0.54
1:a:2446:G:H2'	1:a:2447:G:O4'	2.11	0.50
1:a:2506:U:O2	1:a:2573:C:H5"	2.11	0.49

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
3	c	24/273 (9%)	23 (96%)	1 (4%)	0	100	100
4	d	40/209 (19%)	36 (90%)	4 (10%)	0	100	100
5	e	10/201 (5%)	10 (100%)	0	0	100	100
6	k	22/144 (15%)	20 (91%)	2 (9%)	0	100	100
7	l	40/136 (29%)	40 (100%)	0	0	100	100
8	q	5/103 (5%)	5 (100%)	0	0	100	100
9	r	5/110 (4%)	5 (100%)	0	0	100	100
10	v	4/85 (5%)	4 (100%)	0	0	100	100
11	z	6/57 (10%)	6 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	156/1318 (12%)	149 (96%)	7 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
3	c	19/218 (9%)	19 (100%)	0	100	100
4	d	34/163 (21%)	34 (100%)	0	100	100
5	e	11/165 (7%)	11 (100%)	0	100	100
6	k	16/103 (16%)	16 (100%)	0	100	100
7	l	36/107 (34%)	36 (100%)	0	100	100
8	q	7/84 (8%)	7 (100%)	0	100	100
9	r	4/93 (4%)	4 (100%)	0	100	100
10	v	5/63 (8%)	5 (100%)	0	100	100
11	z	7/48 (15%)	7 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	139/1044 (13%)	139 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
11	z	6	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
1	a	554/2904 (19%)	93 (16%)	0
2	b	3/120 (2%)	2 (66%)	0
All	All	557/3024 (18%)	95 (17%)	0

5 of 95 RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	a	196	A
1	a	199	A
1	a	532	A
1	a	563	A
1	a	573	U

There are no RNA pucker outliers to report.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

11 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
4	MEQ	d	150	4	8,9,10	0.65	0	5,10,12	0.98	0
7	4D4	l	81	7	9,11,12	0.97	1 (11%)	8,13,15	1.83	3 (37%)
1	H2U	a	2449	1	18,21,22	0.39	0	21,30,33	0.66	0
1	6MZ	a	2030	1	22,25,26	0.31	0	30,36,39	0.42	0
1	1MG	a	745	1	22,26,27	0.57	0	33,39,42	0.65	1 (3%)
1	5MC	a	1962	1	18,22,23	0.32	0	26,32,35	0.37	0
1	5MU	a	1939	1	19,22,23	0.37	0	28,32,35	0.42	0
1	5MU	a	747	1	19,22,23	0.42	0	28,32,35	0.73	1 (3%)
1	PSU	a	955	1	18,21,22	0.35	0	22,30,33	0.38	0
7	MS6	l	82	7	5,7,8	0.66	0	2,7,9	0.33	0
1	PSU	a	746	1	18,21,22	0.49	0	22,30,33	0.48	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	MEQ	d	150	4	-	4/8/9/11	-
7	4D4	l	81	7	-	3/11/12/14	-
1	H2U	a	2449	1	-	3/7/38/39	0/2/2/2
1	6MZ	a	2030	1	-	2/9/27/28	0/3/3/3
1	1MG	a	745	1	-	0/7/25/26	0/3/3/3
1	5MC	a	1962	1	-	2/7/25/26	0/2/2/2
1	5MU	a	1939	1	-	0/7/25/26	0/2/2/2
1	5MU	a	747	1	-	0/7/25/26	0/2/2/2
1	PSU	a	955	1	-	0/7/25/26	0/2/2/2
7	MS6	l	82	7	-	1/4/6/8	-
1	PSU	a	746	1	-	1/7/25/26	0/2/2/2

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
7	l	81	4D4	CZ-NE	2.35	1.38	1.33

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
7	l	81	4D4	NE-CZ-NH2	3.54	126.92	120.70
1	a	745	1MG	C6-C5-C4	-2.86	116.81	119.97
7	l	81	4D4	O-C-CA	-2.64	117.86	124.78
7	l	81	4D4	NH1-CZ-NE	-2.49	113.46	119.19
1	a	747	5MU	C1'-N1-C6	2.07	124.57	121.12

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 16 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	d	150	MEQ	C-CA-CB-CG
1	a	2449	H2U	C4'-C5'-O5'-P
1	a	2449	H2U	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
4	d	150	MEQ	NE2-CD-CG-CB
1	a	2449	H2U	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'

There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	d	150	MEQ	1	0
1	a	2030	6MZ	1	0
1	a	1939	5MU	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 57 ligands modelled in this entry, 55 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and

the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
12	SR0	a	3002	-	9,9,9	0.59	0	8,8,8	0.40	0
12	SR0	a	3001	-	9,9,9	0.60	0	8,8,8	0.28	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
12	SR0	a	3002	-	-	3/7/7/7	-
12	SR0	a	3001	-	-	3/7/7/7	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
12	a	3002	SR0	N6-C7-C8-C9
12	a	3002	SR0	C8-C7-N6-C5
12	a	3001	SR0	C3-C4-C5-N6
12	a	3002	SR0	C2-C3-C4-C5
12	a	3001	SR0	C7-C8-C9-N10

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

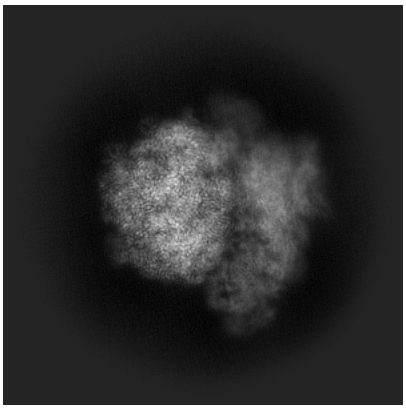
6 Map visualisation

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-55702. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

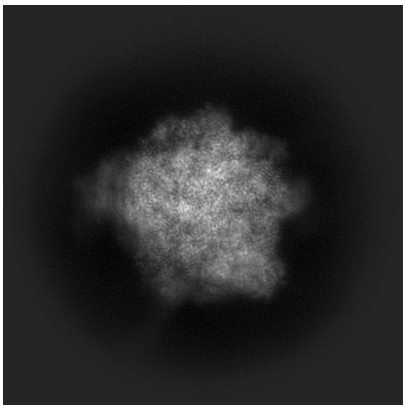
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections

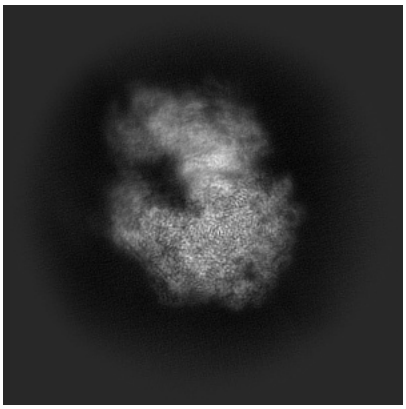
6.1.1 Primary map



X

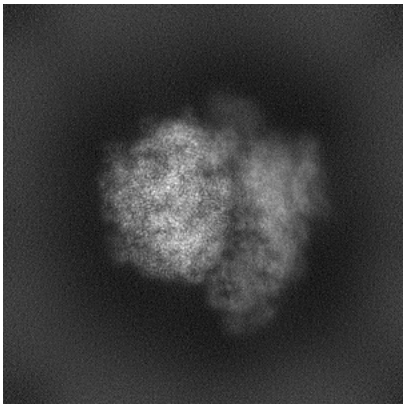


Y

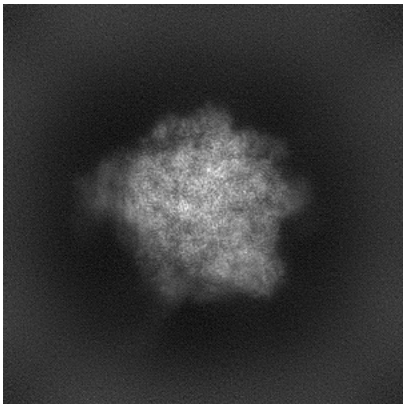


Z

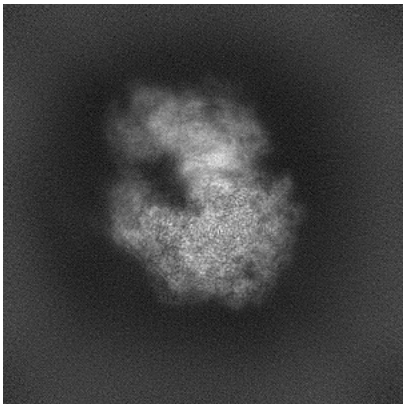
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

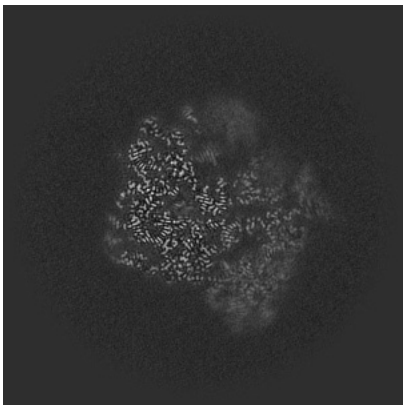


Z

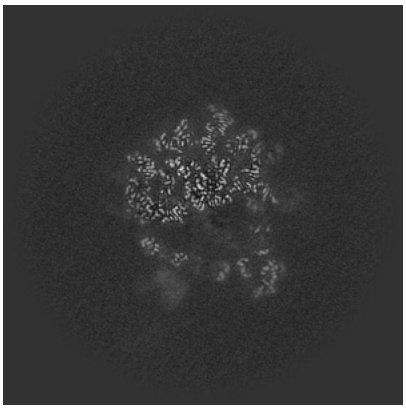
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

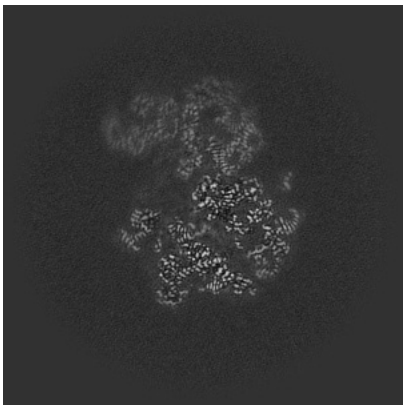
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 256

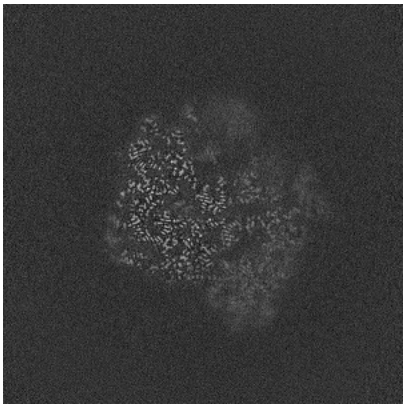


Y Index: 256

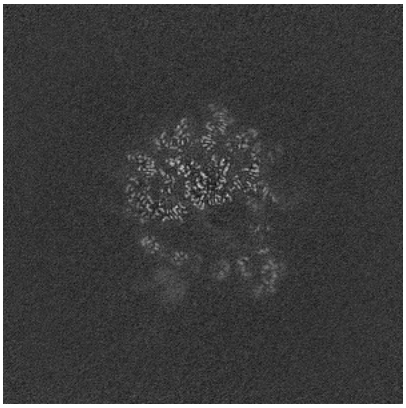


Z Index: 256

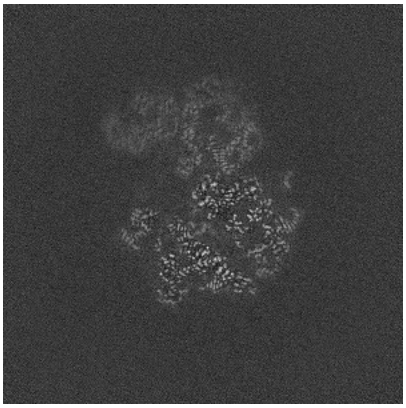
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 256



Y Index: 256

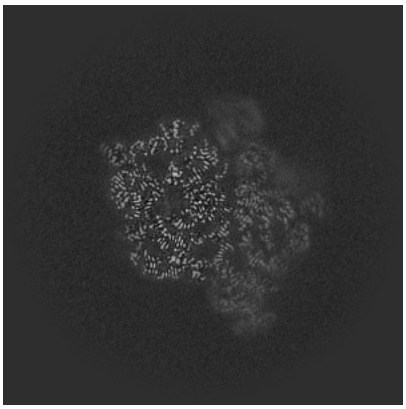


Z Index: 256

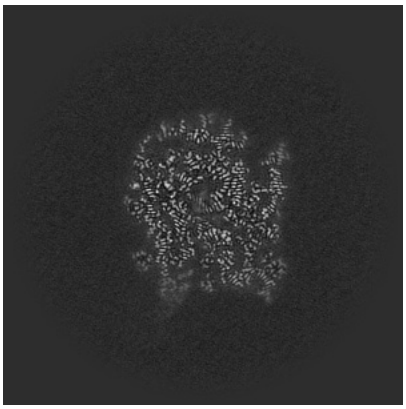
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

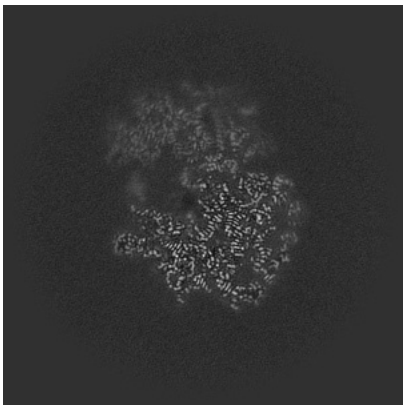
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 279

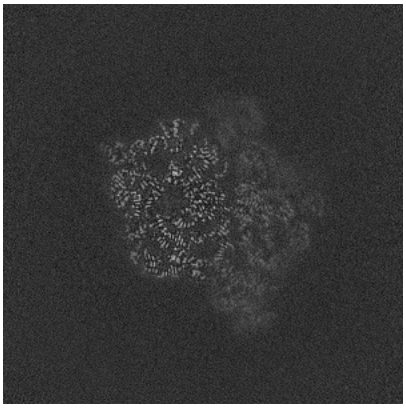


Y Index: 221

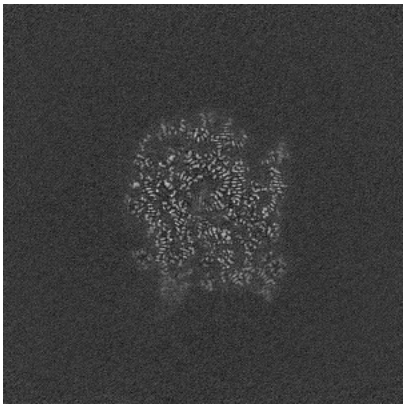


Z Index: 270

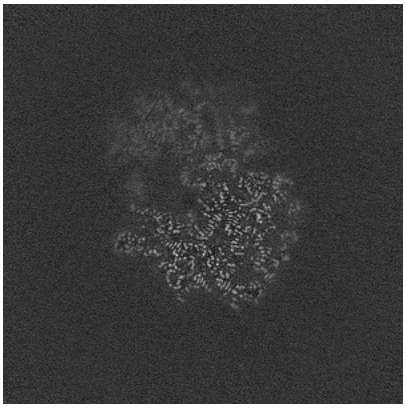
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 279



Y Index: 221

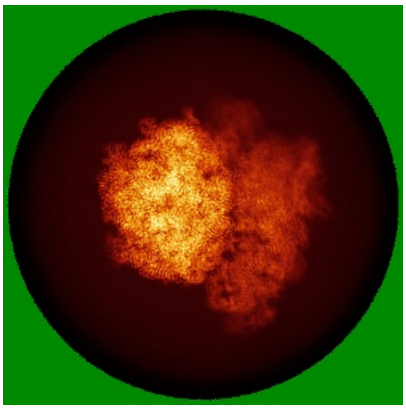


Z Index: 270

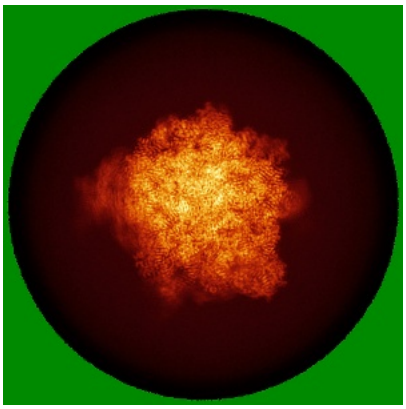
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

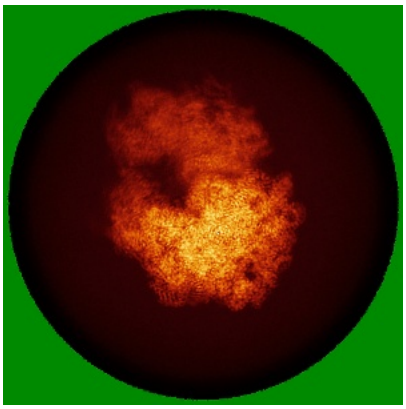
6.4.1 Primary map



X

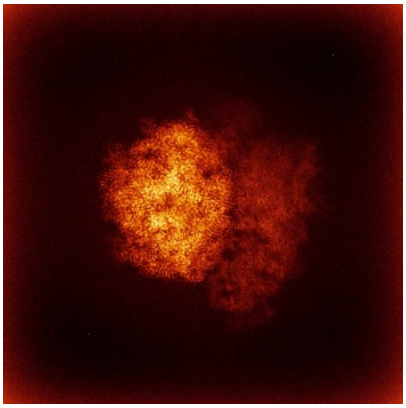


Y

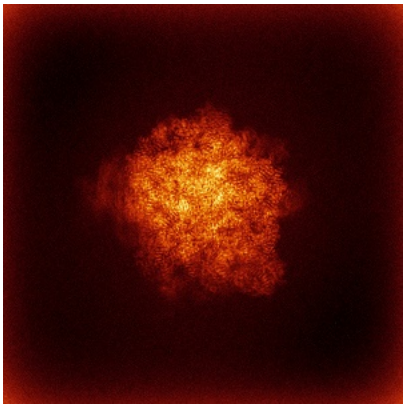


Z

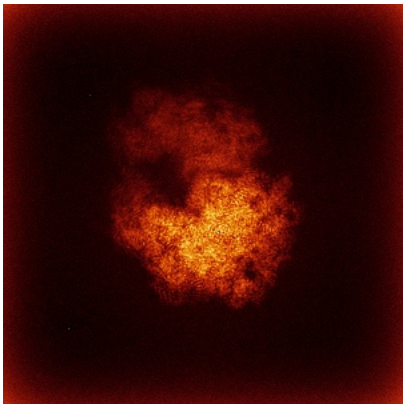
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

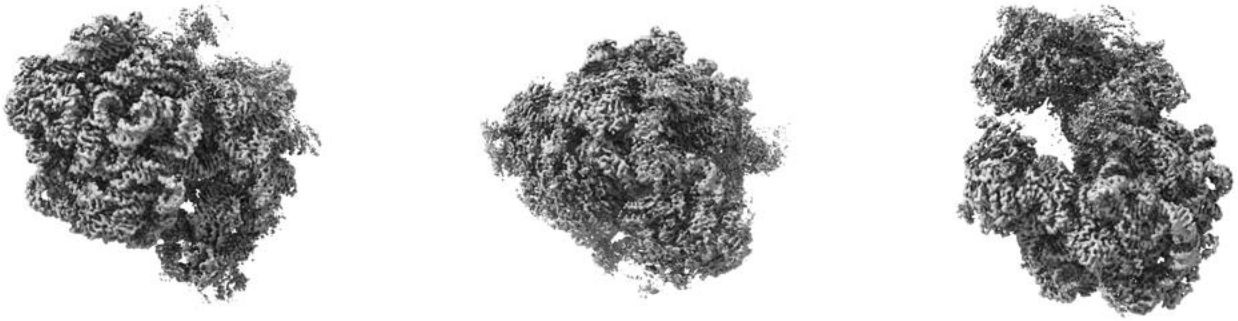


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

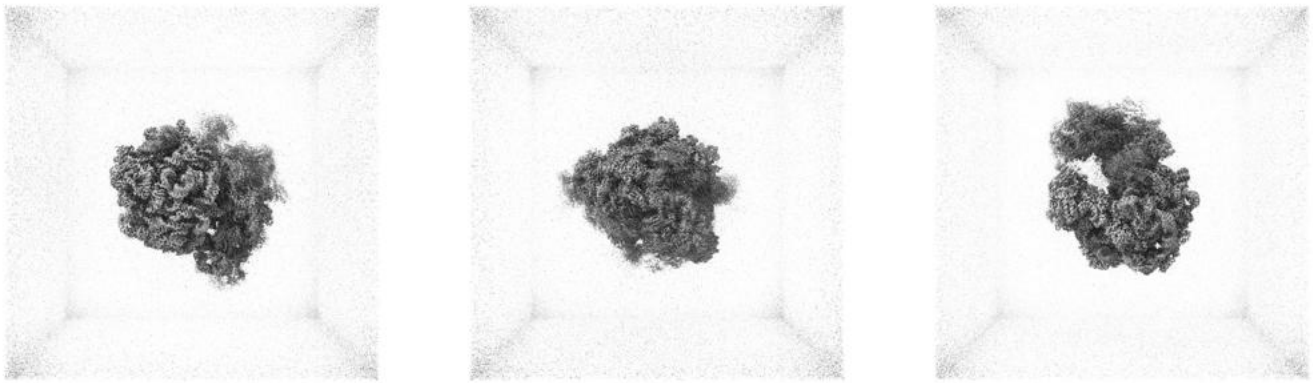
6.5.1 Primary map



X Y Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.4. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



X Y Z

These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

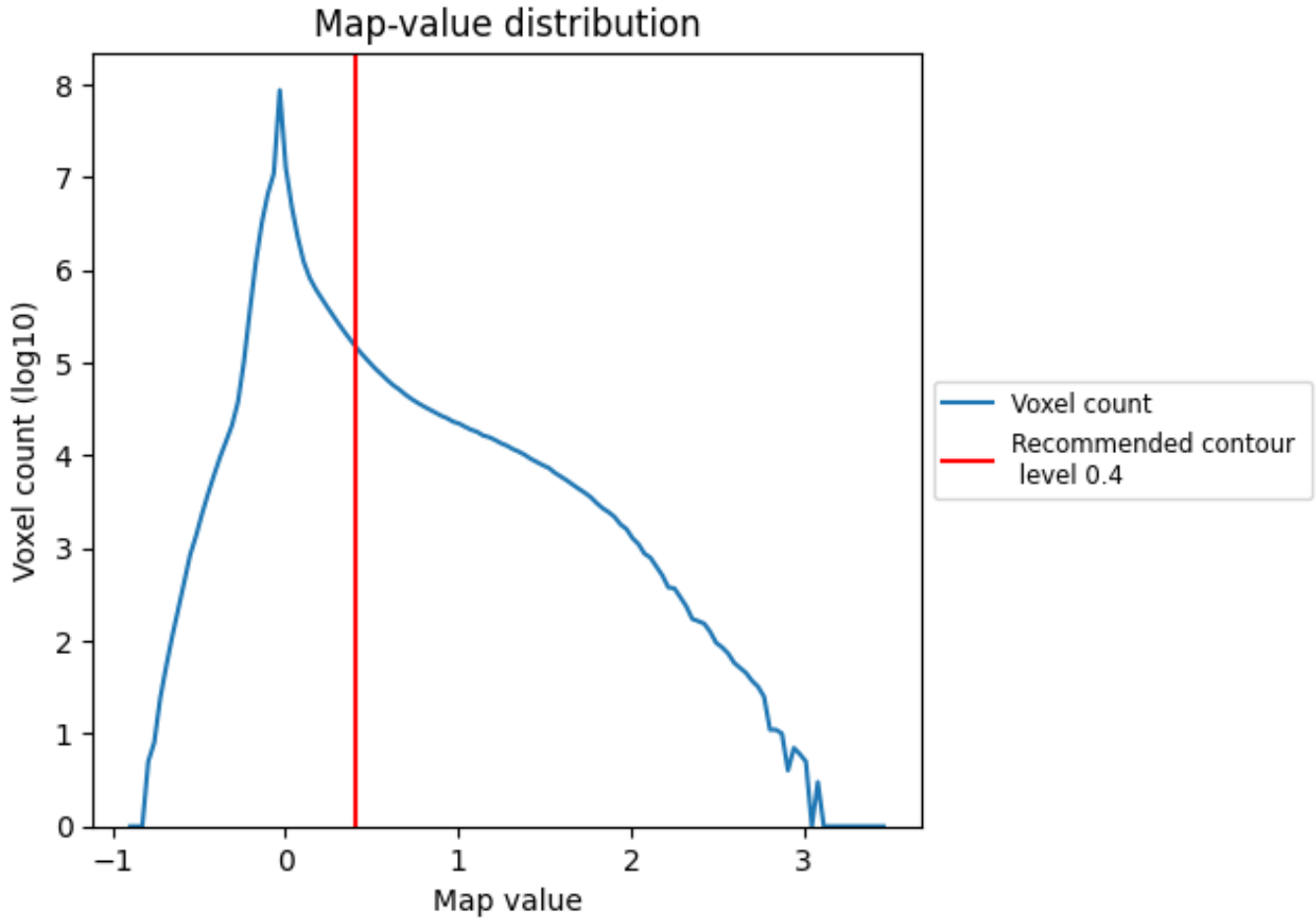
6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis

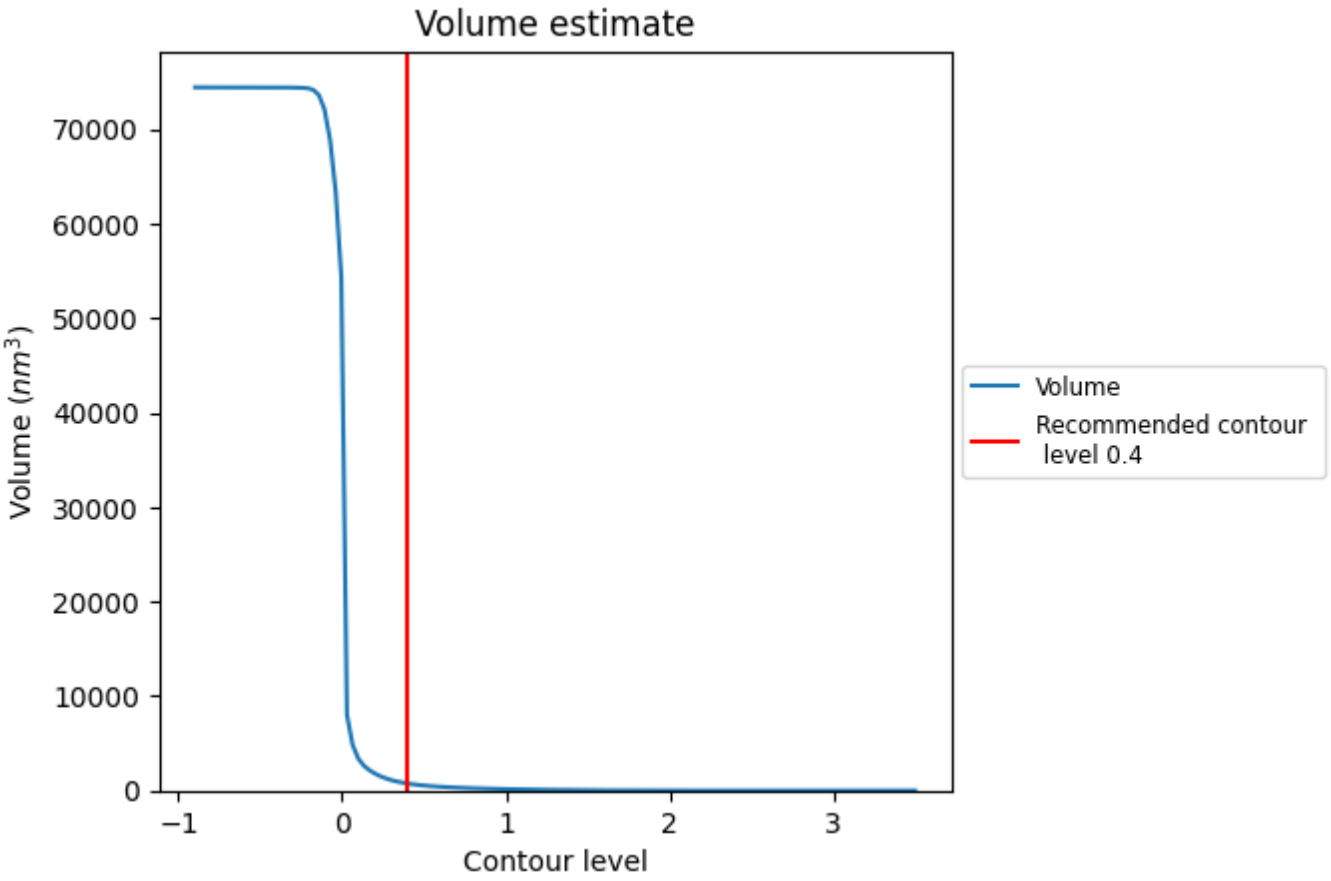
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

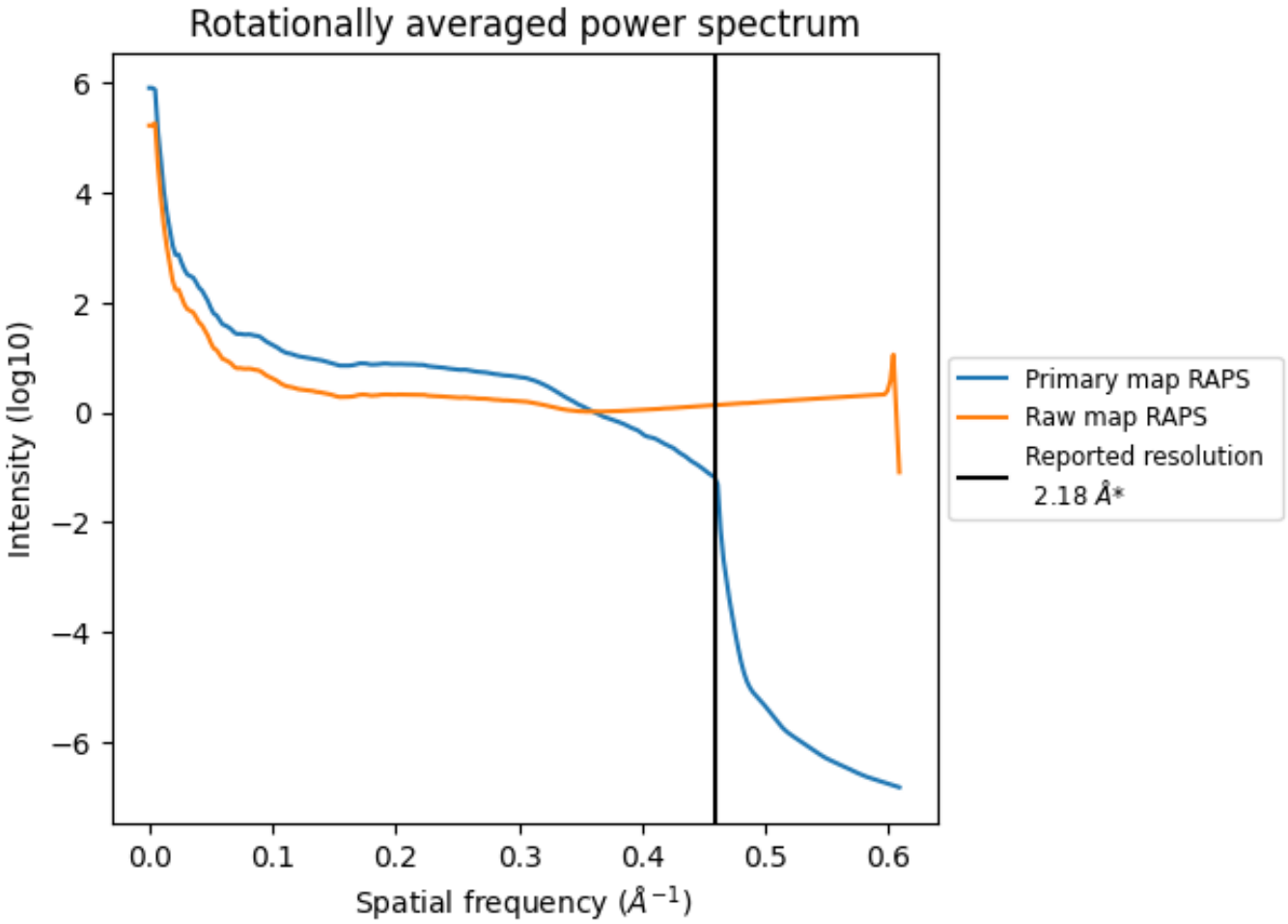
7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 743 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 671 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

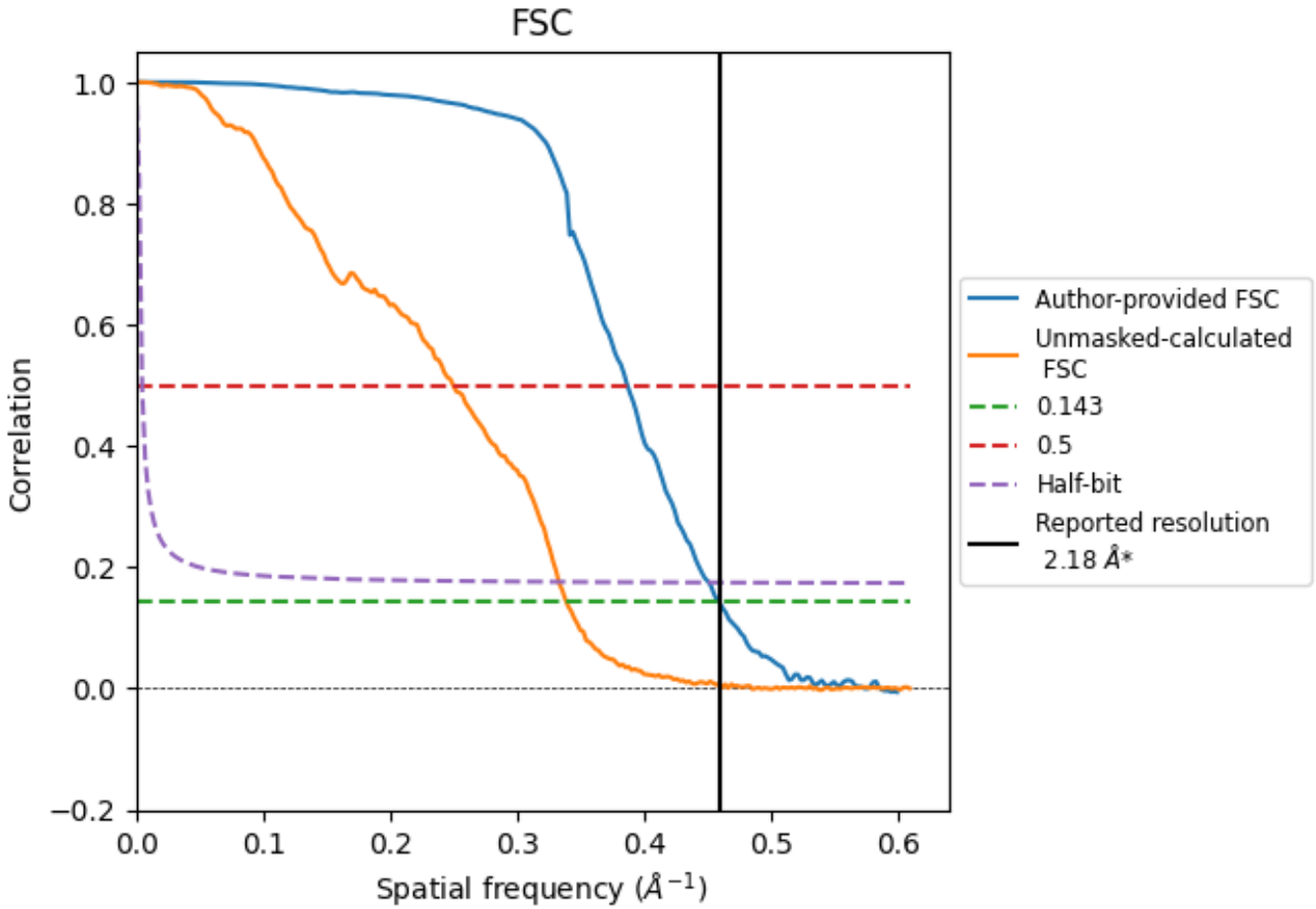


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.459 Å^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.459 Å^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

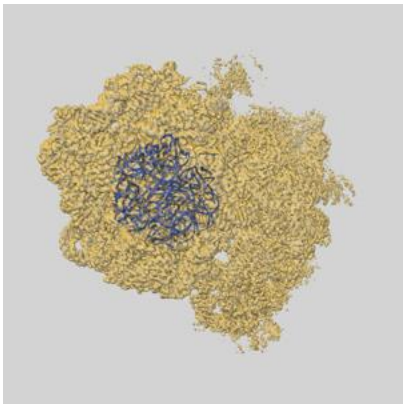
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.18	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	2.18	2.59	2.22
Unmasked-calculated*	2.95	4.01	3.01

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 2.95 differs from the reported value 2.18 by more than 10 %

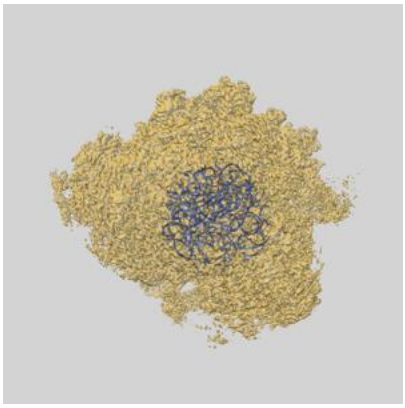
9 Map-model fit

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-55702 and PDB model 9T8K. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

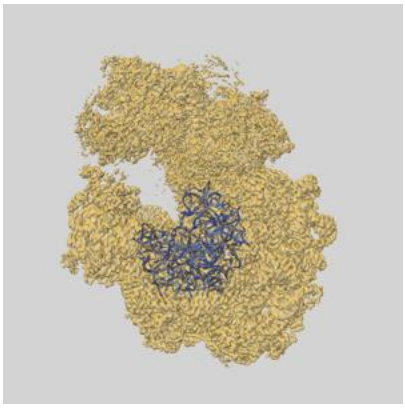
9.1 Map-model overlay



X



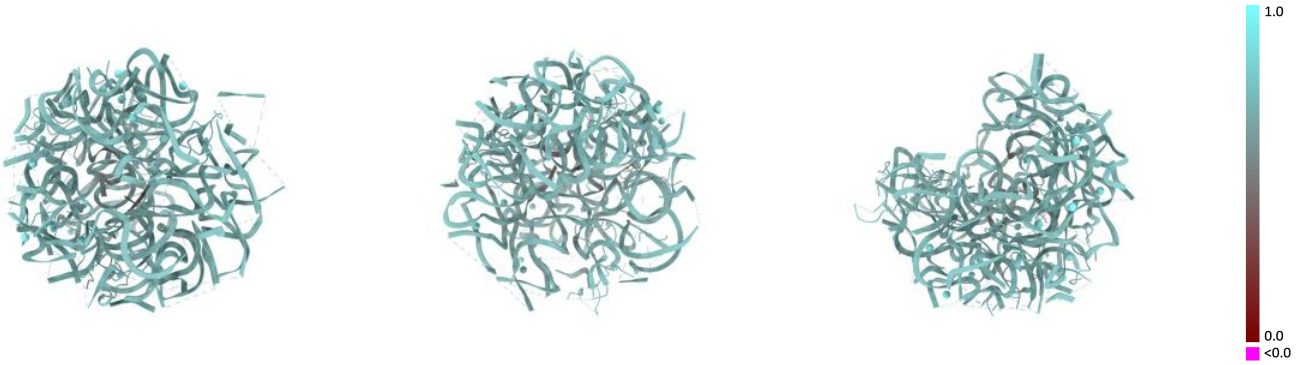
Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.4 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

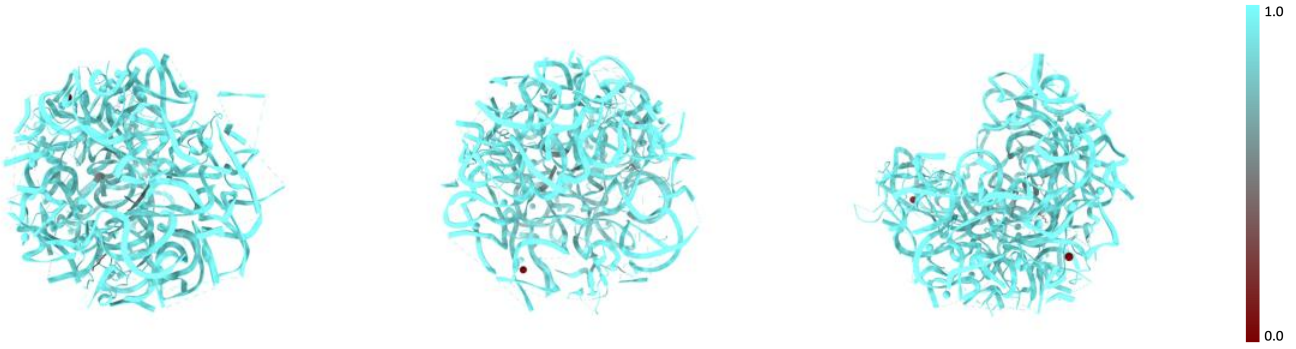
9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

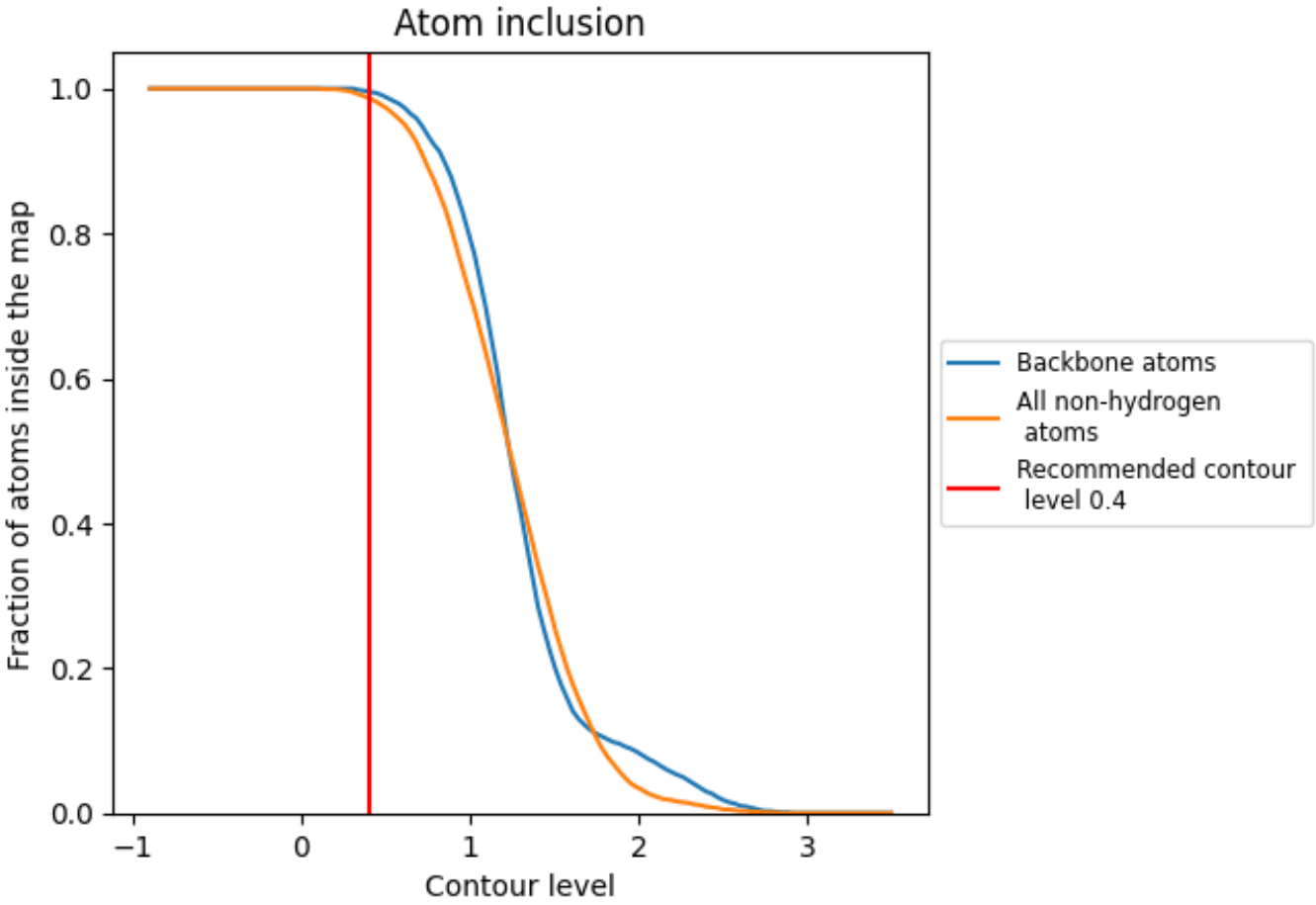
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.4).

9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 100% of all backbone atoms, 99% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.4) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.9870	0.6770
a	0.9890	0.6770
b	0.9250	0.6010
c	0.9890	0.7030
d	0.9730	0.6880
e	0.9220	0.6480
k	0.9890	0.7020
l	0.9620	0.6810
q	1.0000	0.7030
r	0.9390	0.6840
v	0.9320	0.6570
z	1.0000	0.7000

