Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Aug 27, 2026 – 12:44 am BST

PDB ID	:	7OP8 / pdb_00007op8
EMDB ID	:	EMD-13014
Title	:	Cryo-EM structure of P5B-ATPase E2Pinhibit
Authors	:	Li, P.; Gourdon, P.
Deposited on	:	2021-05-31
Resolution	:	3.50 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

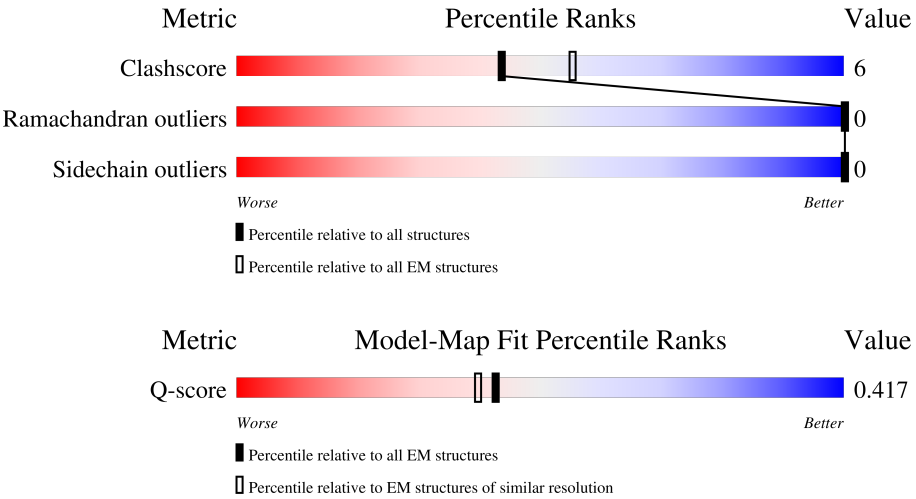
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev133
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics	:	202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ	:	1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.50

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	13950 (3.00 - 4.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	1394	16% 67% 14% 20%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8872 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

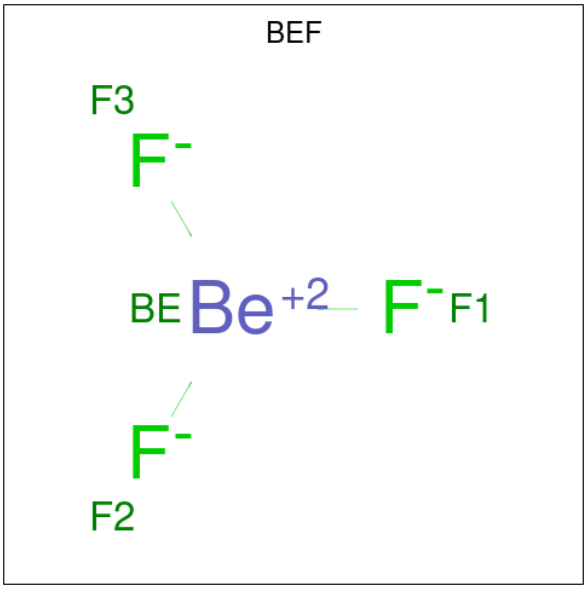
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Cation-transporting ATPase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	1118	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			8867	5761	1472	1581	53		

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1389	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP G0S7G9
A	1390	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP G0S7G9
A	1391	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP G0S7G9
A	1392	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP G0S7G9
A	1393	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP G0S7G9
A	1394	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP G0S7G9

- Molecule 2 is BERYLLIUM TRIFLUORIDE ION (CCD ID: BEF) (formula: BeF_3) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
2	A	1	Total	Be	F	0
			4	1	3	

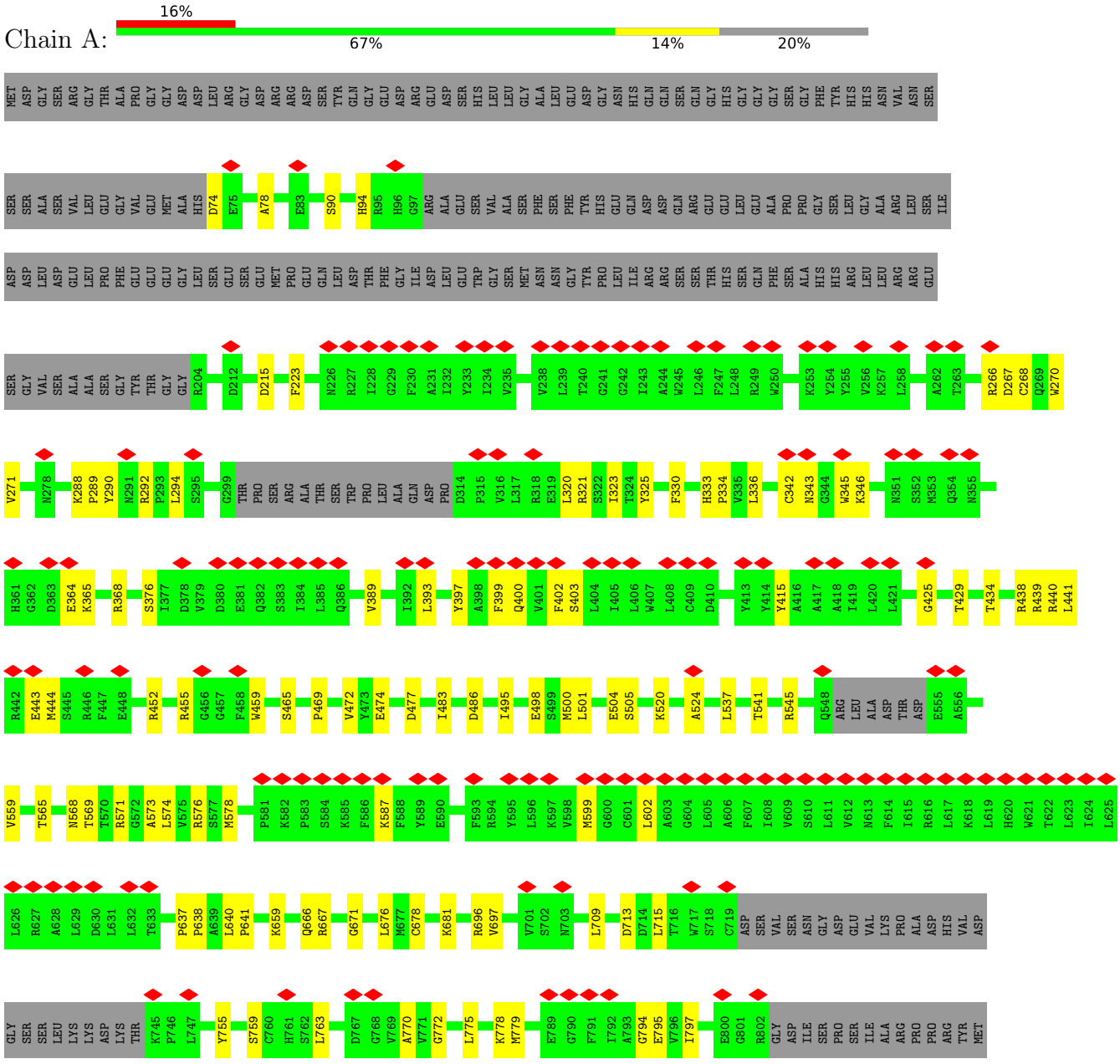
- Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (CCD ID: MG) (formula: Mg).

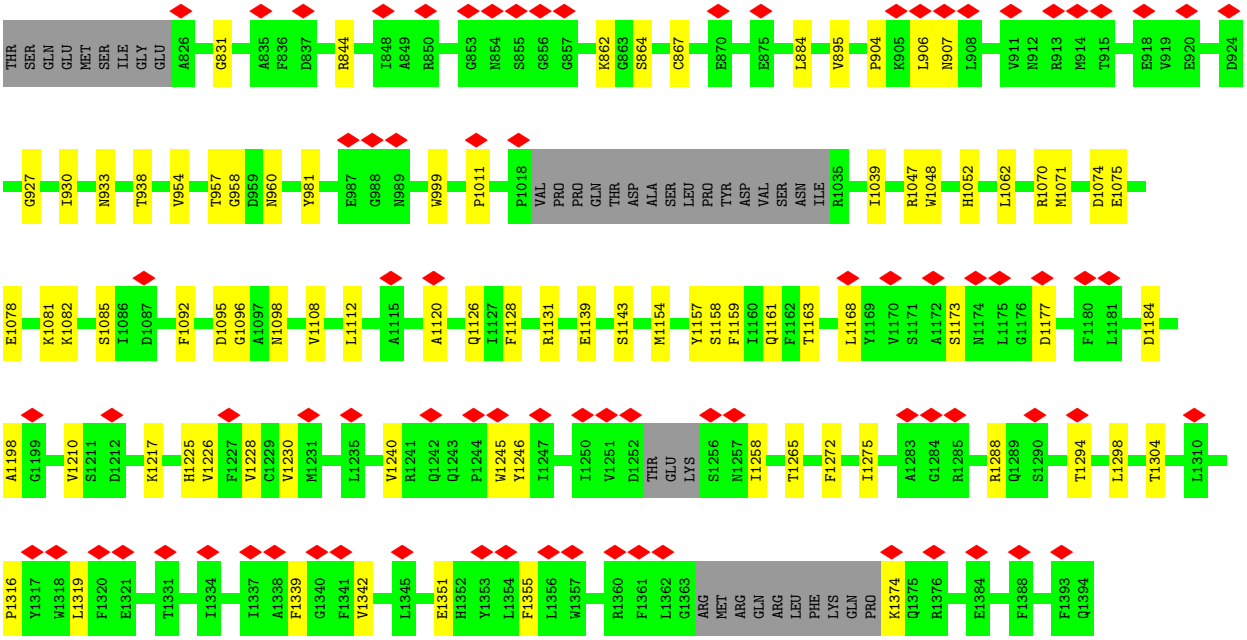
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
3	A	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Cation-transporting ATPase




THR SER GLN GLU MET SER ILE GLY GLU A826
G831
A835 F836 D837
R844
I848 A849 R850
G853 N854 S855 G856 G857
K862 G863 S864
C867
E870 E875
L884
V895
P904 K905 L906 N907 L908
V911 N912 R913 M914 T915
E918 V919 E920
D924
G927
I930
N933
T938
V954
T957 G958 D959 N960
Y981
E987 G988 N989
W999
P1011
P1018 VAL PRO PRO GLN THR ASP ALA SER LEU PRO TYR ASP VAL SER ASN ILE R1035
I1039
R1047 W1048
H1052
L1062
R1070 M1071
D1074 E1075
E1078
K1081 K1082
S1085 I1086 D1087
F1092
D1095 G1096 A1097 N1098
V1108
L1112
A1115
A1120
Q1126 I1127 F1128
R1131
E1139
S1143
M1154
Y1157 S1158 F1159 I1160 Q1161 F1162 T1163
L1168 Y1169 V1170 S1171 A1172 S1173 N1174 L1175 G1176 D1177
F1180 L1181
D1184
A1198 G1199
V1210 S1211 D1212
K1217
H1225 V1226 F1227 V1228 C1229 V1230 M1231
L1235
V1240 R1241 Q1242 Q1243 P1244 W1245 Y1246 I1247
I1250 V1251 D1252 THR GLU LYS S1256 N1257 I1258
T1265
F1272
I1275
A1283 G1284 R1285
R1288 Q1289 S1290
T1294
L1298
T1304
L1310
P1316 Y1317 W1318 L1319 F1320 E1321
T1331
I1334
I1337 A1338 F1339 G1340 F1341 V1342
L1345
E1351 H1352 Y1353 L1354 F1355 L1356 W1357
R1360 F1361 L1362 G1363 ARG MET ARG GLN ARG LEU PHE LYS GLN PRO K1374 Q1375 R1376
E1384
F1388
F1393 Q1394

4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	51552	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/Å^2$)	40	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON III (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	4.289	Depositor
Minimum map value	-3.186	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.071	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.6	Depositor
Map size (Å)	299.52002, 299.52002, 299.52002	wwPDB
Map dimensions	360, 360, 360	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.8320001, 0.8320001, 0.8320001	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, BEF

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$
1	A	0.18	0/9087	0.45	0/12346

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	8867	0	8920	115	0
2	A	4	0	0	1	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	8872	0	8920	115	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (115) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:755:TYR:O	1:A:759:SER:HB2	1.88	0.74

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:696:ARG:HE	1:A:884:LEU:HD21	1.57	0.70
1:A:779:MET:HE1	1:A:862:LYS:HE2	1.82	0.61
1:A:223:PHE:O	1:A:270:TRP:HB3	2.01	0.61
1:A:938:THR:HG21	1:A:1131:ARG:HH11	1.67	0.59
1:A:844:ARG:NH1	1:A:867:CYS:SG	2.74	0.58
1:A:292:ARG:NH1	1:A:364:GLU:OE1	2.37	0.58
1:A:794:GLY:HA3	1:A:831:GLY:HA2	1.87	0.57
1:A:452:ARG:NH1	1:A:477:ASP:OD2	2.37	0.57
1:A:1198:ALA:HB3	1:A:1288:ARG:HH11	1.69	0.56
1:A:659:LYS:HB3	1:A:1126:GLN:HB2	1.87	0.56
1:A:268:CYS:O	1:A:321:ARG:NH2	2.39	0.56
1:A:501:LEU:O	1:A:1098:ASN:ND2	2.38	0.56
1:A:759:SER:OG	1:A:795:GLU:OE2	2.25	0.55
1:A:1163:THR:HG21	1:A:1230:VAL:HG22	1.89	0.54
1:A:1154:MET:O	1:A:1157:TYR:HB3	2.07	0.54
1:A:578:MET:HE2	1:A:1120:ALA:HB3	1.89	0.54
1:A:223:PHE:HB2	1:A:270:TRP:HE3	1.72	0.54
1:A:368:ARG:NH1	1:A:469:PRO:O	2.40	0.54
1:A:1071:MET:HE2	1:A:1075:GLU:HB3	1.90	0.54
1:A:1168:LEU:HD12	1:A:1173:SER:HB2	1.90	0.54
1:A:676:LEU:HD11	1:A:954:VAL:HG13	1.90	0.53
1:A:697:VAL:HA	1:A:927:GLY:HA3	1.91	0.53
1:A:1210:VAL:HG11	1:A:1217:LYS:HB2	1.91	0.53
1:A:1177:ASP:H	1:A:1258:ILE:HD11	1.74	0.52
1:A:1240:VAL:HG21	1:A:1265:THR:HG21	1.91	0.52
1:A:999:TRP:HE1	1:A:1011:PRO:HG3	1.74	0.52
1:A:1294:THR:HA	1:A:1298:LEU:HB2	1.90	0.52
1:A:271:VAL:HG21	1:A:323:ILE:HD13	1.92	0.52
1:A:904:PRO:HD2	1:A:907:ASN:HB2	1.91	0.51
1:A:960:ASN:OD1	1:A:1070:ARG:NH2	2.42	0.51
1:A:94:HIS:NE2	1:A:1078:GLU:OE1	2.43	0.51
1:A:440:ARG:HG2	1:A:444:MET:HE1	1.93	0.51
1:A:545:ARG:HG3	1:A:772:GLY:HA2	1.93	0.50
1:A:472:VAL:HG22	1:A:559:VAL:HG22	1.92	0.50
1:A:569:THR:O	1:A:573:ALA:N	2.38	0.50
1:A:1047:ARG:NH2	1:A:1074:ASP:OD2	2.44	0.50
1:A:399:PHE:O	1:A:402:PHE:HB2	2.11	0.50
1:A:599:MET:HA	1:A:602:LEU:HG	1.94	0.49
1:A:709:LEU:HD11	1:A:713:ASP:HB2	1.95	0.49
1:A:365:LYS:HG3	1:A:455:ARG:HH12	1.77	0.49
1:A:346:LYS:HE3	1:A:565:THR:H	1.78	0.48

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:1081:LYS:O	1:A:1085:SER:N	2.46	0.48
1:A:1275:ILE:HD11	1:A:1304:THR:HG23	1.95	0.48
1:A:587:LYS:HZ2	1:A:666:GLN:HG3	1.79	0.48
1:A:486:ASP:N	1:A:486:ASP:OD1	2.45	0.48
1:A:1095:ASP:HB3	1:A:1112:LEU:HB2	1.96	0.48
1:A:439:ARG:NH2	1:A:443:GLU:OE1	2.46	0.47
1:A:474:GLU:OE2	1:A:477:ASP:N	2.42	0.47
1:A:957:THR:OG1	1:A:958:GLY:N	2.46	0.47
1:A:640:LEU:HB2	1:A:1154:MET:HG2	1.96	0.47
1:A:1316:PRO:HD2	1:A:1319:LEU:HD12	1.95	0.47
1:A:1159:PHE:HD1	1:A:1226:VAL:HG11	1.80	0.47
1:A:1272:PHE:HA	1:A:1275:ILE:HG22	1.95	0.47
1:A:376:SER:HB3	1:A:465:SER:HB2	1.96	0.47
1:A:1351:GLU:HA	1:A:1355:PHE:HB2	1.96	0.47
1:A:495:ILE:HD13	1:A:545:ARG:HE	1.80	0.47
1:A:415:TYR:OH	1:A:1184:ASP:OD1	2.28	0.47
1:A:434:THR:HG22	1:A:438:ARG:HD2	1.97	0.47
1:A:775:LEU:O	1:A:779:MET:HG3	2.15	0.47
1:A:1062:LEU:HD11	1:A:1082:LYS:HB3	1.97	0.47
1:A:1245:TRP:CE3	1:A:1246:TYR:HB2	2.50	0.46
1:A:1139:GLU:O	1:A:1143:SER:N	2.49	0.46
1:A:1112:LEU:HD12	1:A:1128:PHE:HA	1.97	0.46
1:A:500:MET:HE1	1:A:571:ARG:HD3	1.97	0.46
1:A:1158:SER:O	1:A:1161:GLN:HB2	2.17	0.45
1:A:678:CYS:HB2	1:A:1092:PHE:HD1	1.81	0.45
1:A:215:ASP:N	1:A:215:ASP:OD1	2.45	0.45
1:A:267:ASP:OD1	1:A:267:ASP:N	2.47	0.45
1:A:346:LYS:HD3	1:A:469:PRO:HG2	1.97	0.45
1:A:325:TYR:HB3	1:A:330:PHE:HE1	1.81	0.45
1:A:904:PRO:HB2	1:A:906:LEU:HD23	1.99	0.45
1:A:290:TYR:CE2	1:A:292:ARG:HB2	2.52	0.45
1:A:1095:ASP:OD1	2:A:1401:BEF:F3	2.25	0.45
1:A:671:GLY:HA2	1:A:1108:VAL:HG21	1.98	0.44
1:A:895:VAL:HG12	1:A:930:ILE:HG13	2.00	0.44
1:A:78:ALA:HB2	1:A:864:SER:HB2	1.99	0.44
1:A:288:LYS:HD2	1:A:289:PRO:HD2	2.00	0.44
1:A:333:HIS:HD2	1:A:336:LEU:HB2	1.82	0.44
1:A:681:LYS:HB2	1:A:957:THR:HB	1.99	0.44
1:A:74:ASP:OD1	1:A:74:ASP:N	2.48	0.44
1:A:397:TYR:CE1	1:A:641:PRO:HB2	2.52	0.44
1:A:640:LEU:HD12	1:A:1154:MET:HB3	2.00	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:342:CYS:SG	1:A:343:ASN:N	2.91	0.44
1:A:498:GLU:HG2	1:A:541:THR:HG21	2.00	0.44
1:A:520:LYS:HB2	1:A:520:LYS:HE2	1.76	0.44
1:A:389:VAL:HG12	1:A:393:LEU:HG	1.99	0.43
1:A:504:GLU:OE2	1:A:1070:ARG:NH1	2.47	0.43
1:A:425:GLY:O	1:A:429:THR:HG23	2.19	0.43
1:A:981:TYR:HB2	1:A:1039:ILE:HD13	2.00	0.43
1:A:1048:TRP:CD1	1:A:1052:HIS:HD1	2.37	0.43
1:A:1095:ASP:OD1	1:A:1096:GLY:N	2.52	0.43
1:A:345:TRP:HB3	1:A:524:ALA:HB2	2.01	0.42
1:A:763:LEU:HD13	1:A:770:ALA:HB1	2.02	0.42
1:A:778:LYS:HD3	1:A:778:LYS:HA	1.81	0.42
1:A:294:LEU:HD21	1:A:333:HIS:HE1	1.85	0.42
1:A:441:LEU:HD23	1:A:441:LEU:HA	1.85	0.42
1:A:505:SER:HB2	1:A:933:ASN:HD21	1.84	0.42
1:A:345:TRP:CD1	1:A:345:TRP:H	2.37	0.42
1:A:587:LYS:HZ3	1:A:667:ARG:HD3	1.84	0.42
1:A:1225:HIS:HA	1:A:1228:VAL:HG22	2.02	0.42
1:A:1226:VAL:O	1:A:1230:VAL:HG23	2.21	0.41
1:A:452:ARG:HE	1:A:459:TRP:HB3	1.85	0.41
1:A:568:ASN:HD22	1:A:576:ARG:HH22	1.68	0.41
1:A:1339:PHE:HA	1:A:1342:VAL:HG12	2.03	0.41
1:A:266:ARG:NH2	1:A:334:PRO:O	2.48	0.41
1:A:400:GLN:HE22	1:A:638:PRO:HB3	1.85	0.41
1:A:637:PRO:HA	1:A:638:PRO:HD3	1.95	0.41
1:A:715:LEU:HD11	1:A:797:ILE:HD11	2.02	0.41
1:A:1374:LYS:HB3	1:A:1374:LYS:HE3	1.90	0.41
1:A:400:GLN:O	1:A:403:SER:OG	2.35	0.41
1:A:90:SER:HB2	1:A:574:LEU:HD23	2.03	0.40
1:A:483:ILE:HD12	1:A:537:LEU:HD13	2.04	0.40
1:A:333:HIS:CD2	1:A:336:LEU:HB2	2.56	0.40
1:A:288:LYS:HB3	1:A:320:LEU:HD23	2.04	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM

entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	1100/1394 (79%)	1038 (94%)	62 (6%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	974/1205 (81%)	974 (100%)	0	100 100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (11) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	333	HIS
1	A	515	ASN
1	A	548	GLN
1	A	613	ASN
1	A	653	GLN
1	A	666	GLN
1	A	979	HIS
1	A	1126	GLN
1	A	1174	ASN
1	A	1233	GLN
1	A	1375	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
2	BEF	A	1401	-	0,3,3	-	-	-		

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

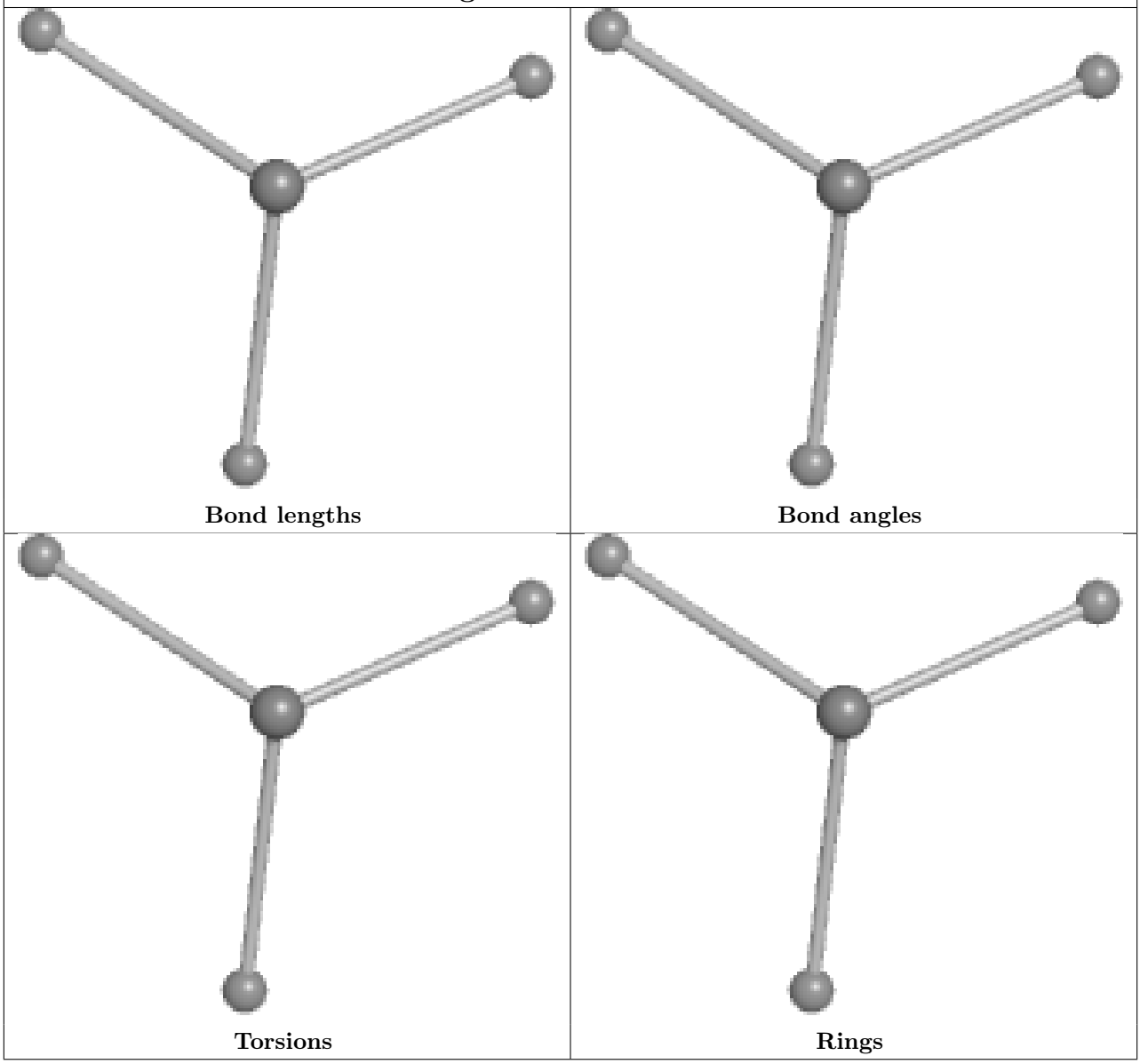
1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	1401	BEF	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the

average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

Ligand BEF A 1401



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

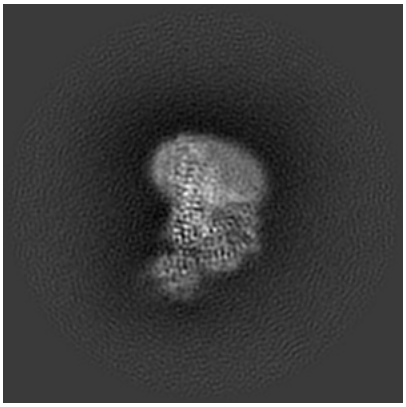
6 Map visualisation

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-13014. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

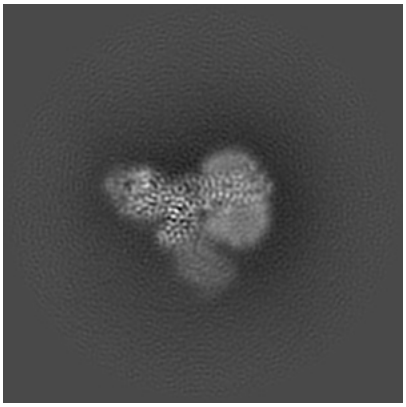
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections

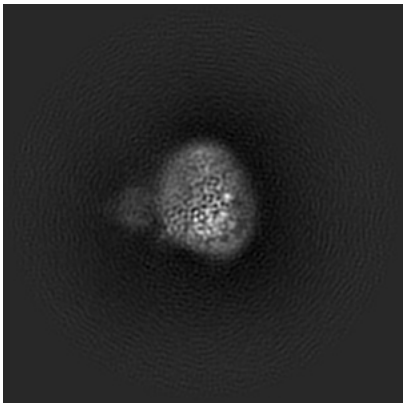
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

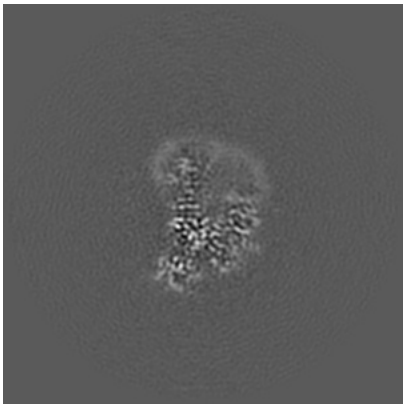


Z

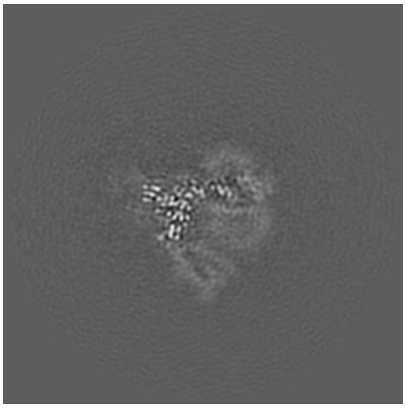
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices

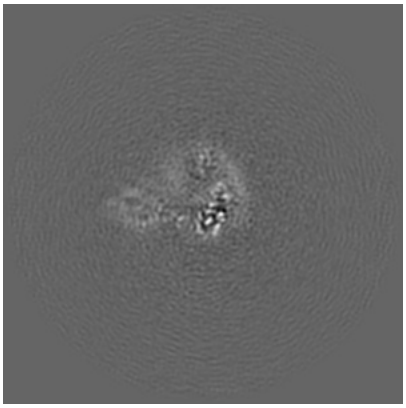
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 180



Y Index: 180

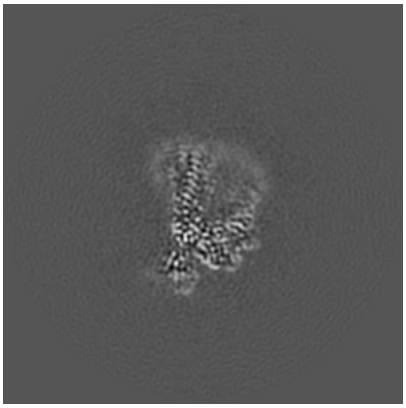


Z Index: 180

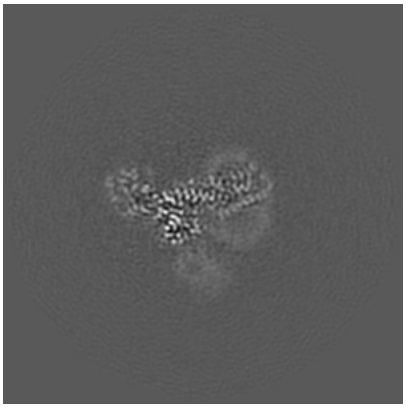
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

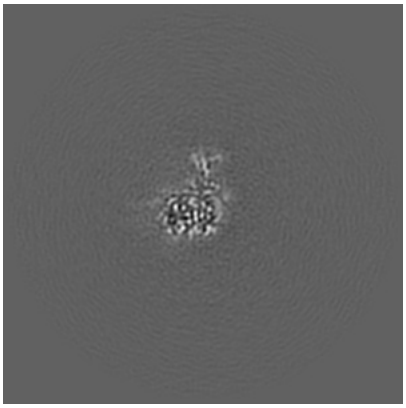
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 184



Y Index: 164

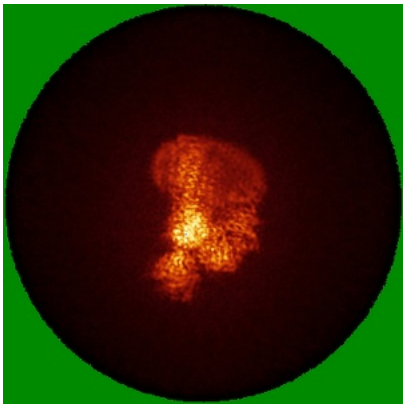


Z Index: 155

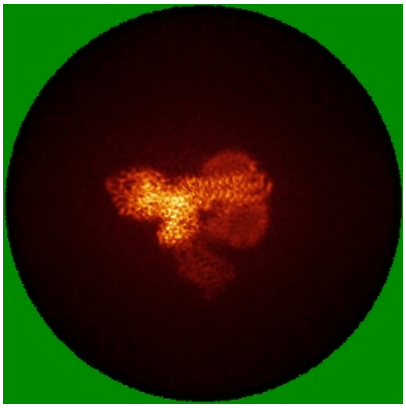
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

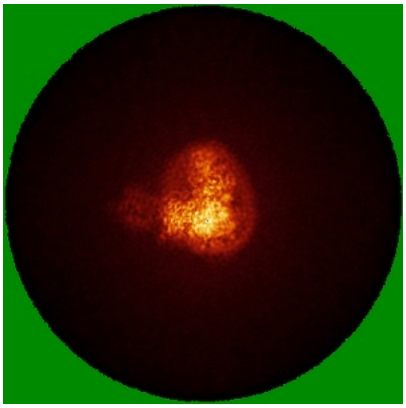
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map



X Y Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.6. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

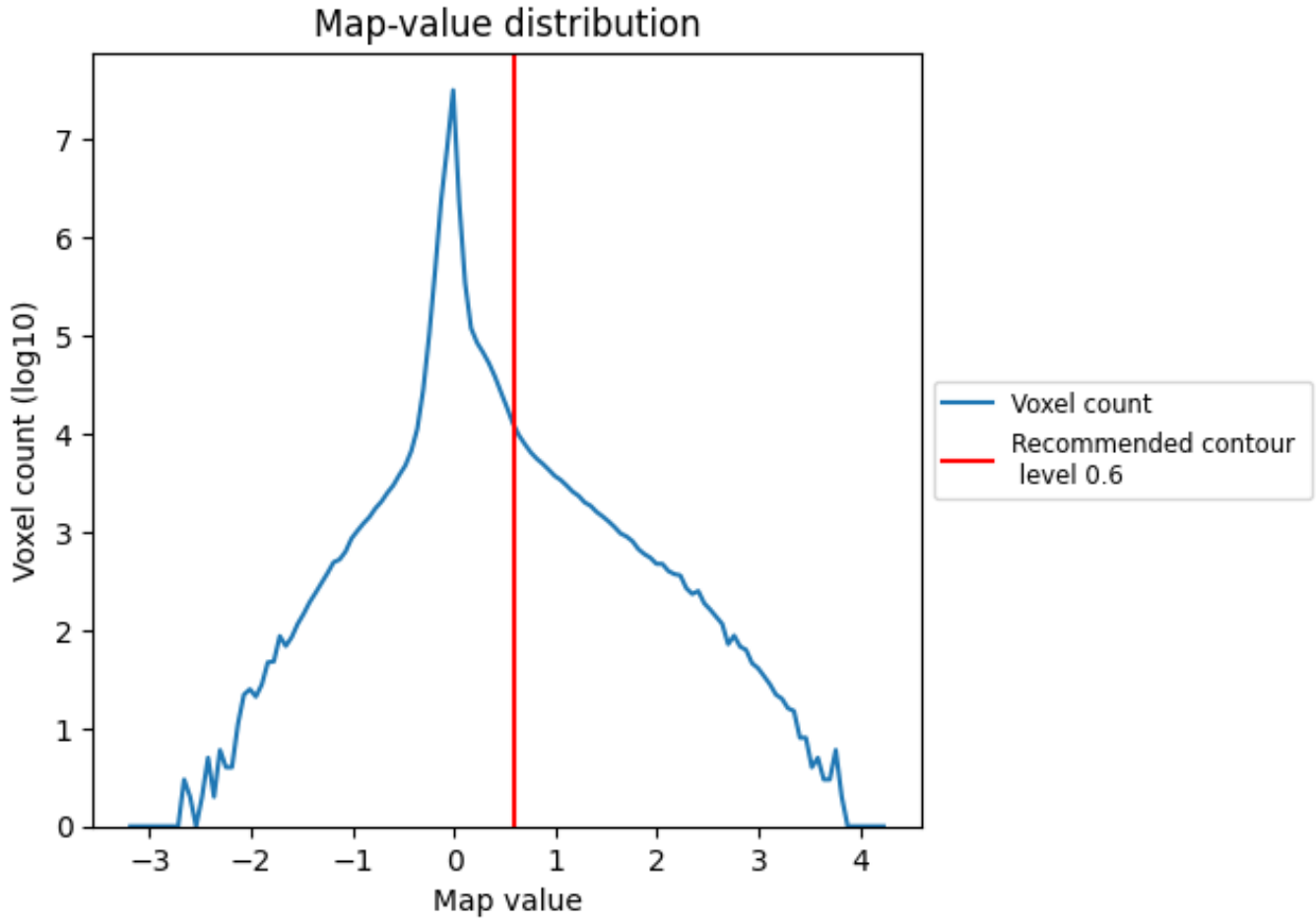
6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis

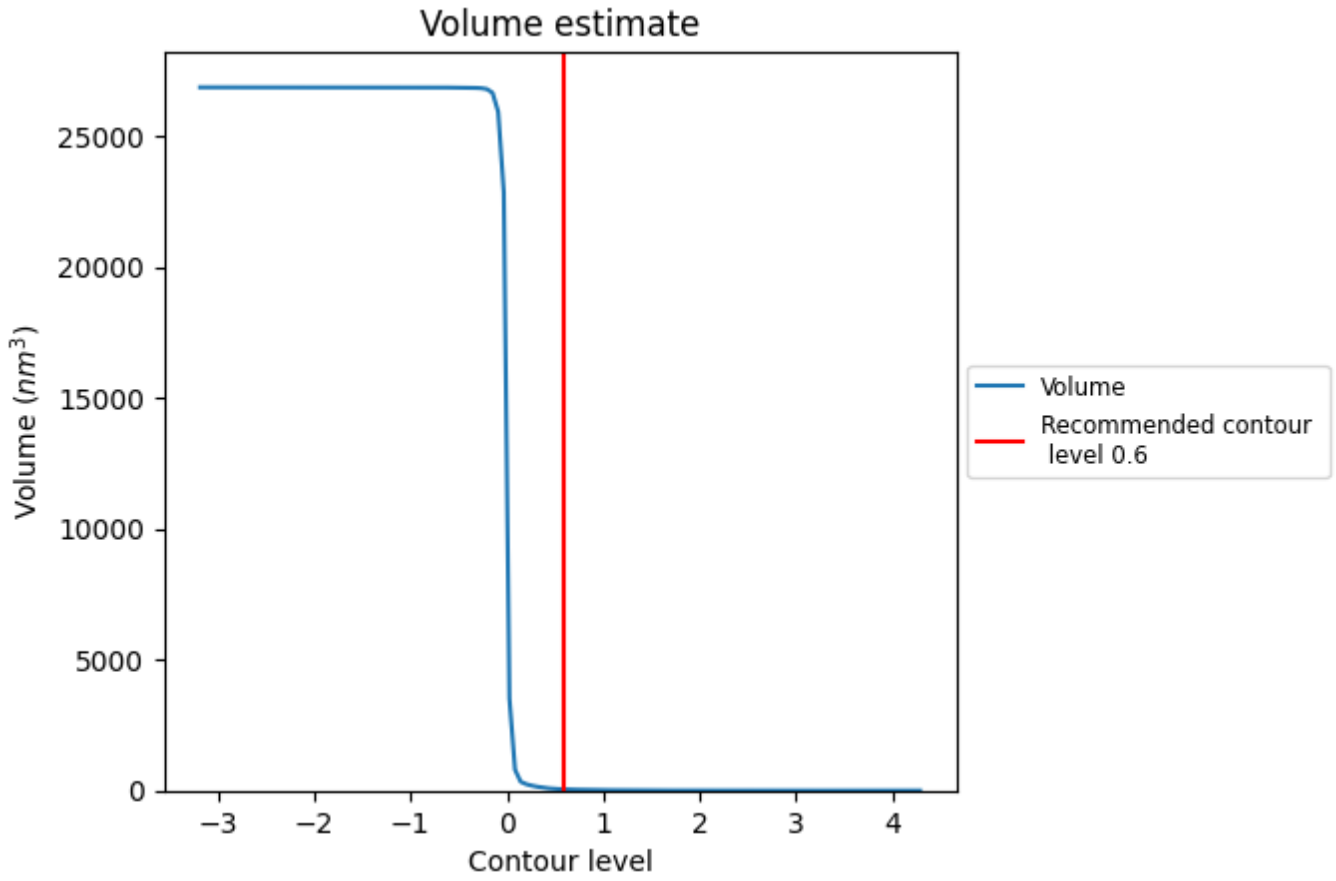
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

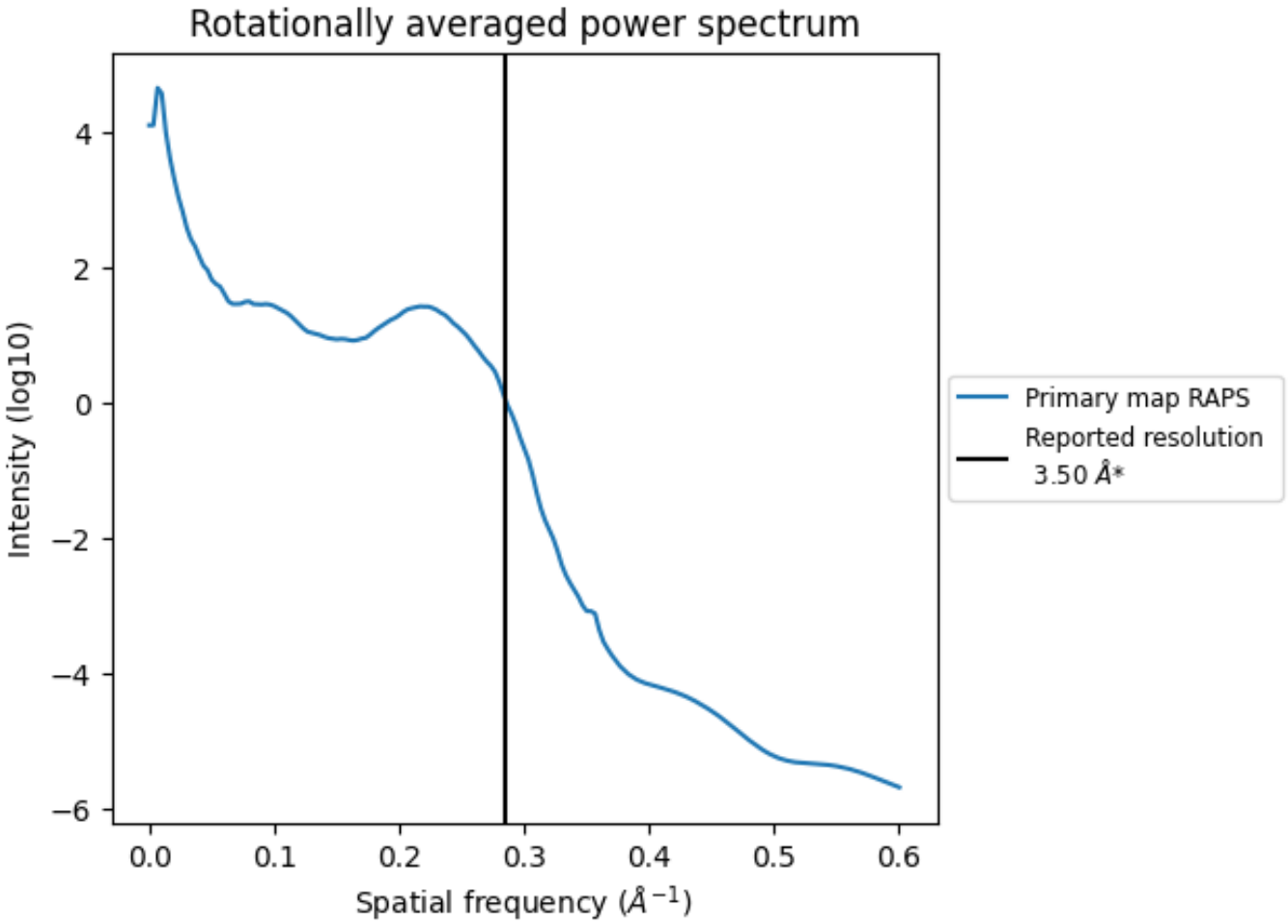
7.2 Volume estimate



The volume at the recommended contour level is 46 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 42 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.286 Å^{-1}

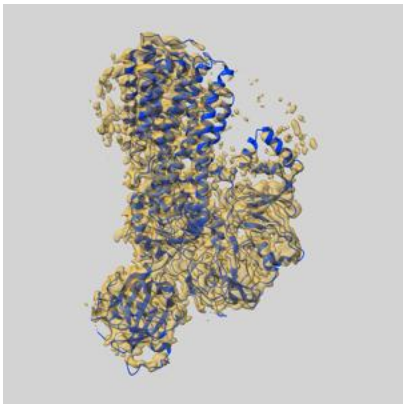
8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

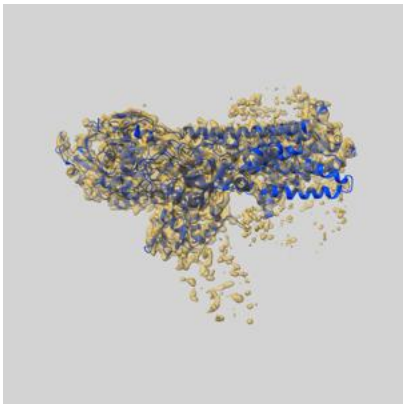
9 Map-model fit

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-13014 and PDB model 7OP8. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

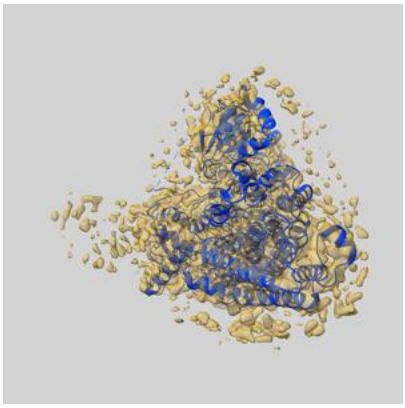
9.1 Map-model overlay



X



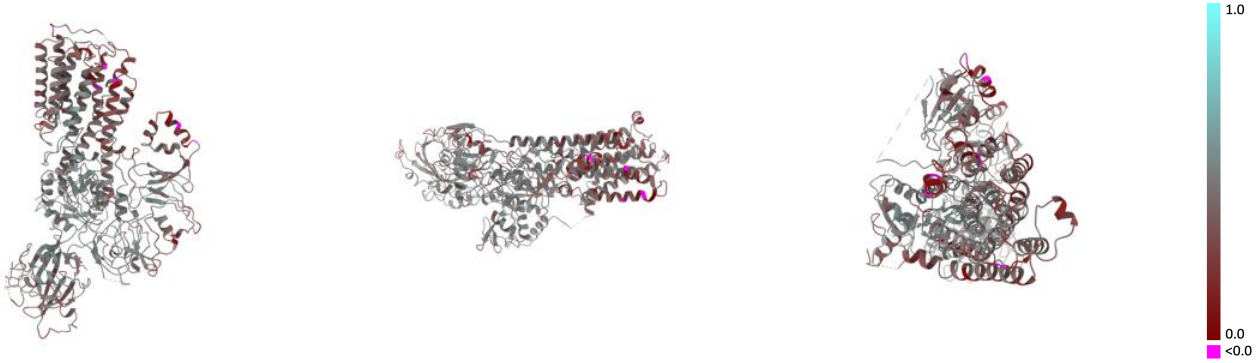
Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.6 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

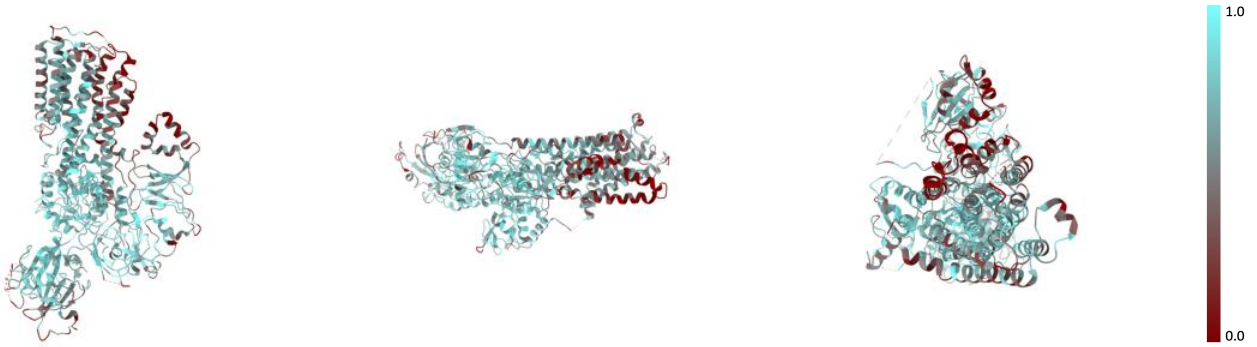
9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

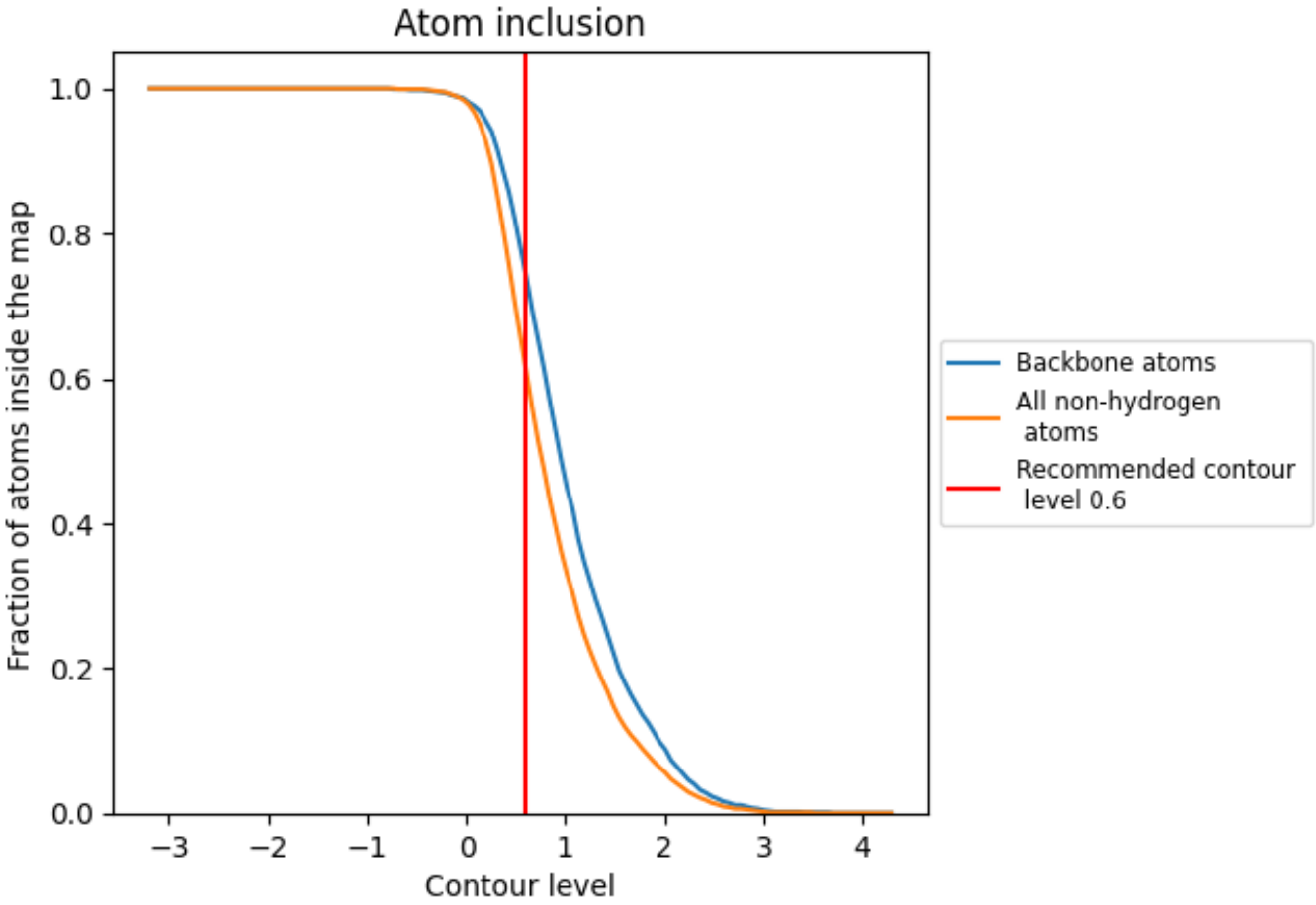
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.6).

9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 74% of all backbone atoms, 62% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.6) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.



Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.6150	0.4170
A	0.6150	0.4170