wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Sep 14, 2026 – 04:08 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	7LNG / pdb_00007lng
Title	:	TNA modification at 3' end of RNA primer complex with guanosine dinucleotide ligand G(5')ppp(5')G
Authors	:	Fang, Z.; Giurgiu, C.; Szostak, J.W.
Deposited on	:	2021-02-07
Resolution	:	2.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

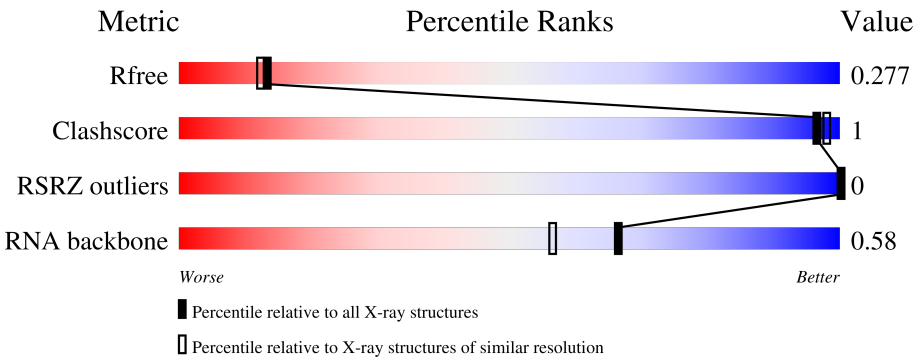
MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.015 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.50

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	6164 (2.20-2.20)
Clashscore	190562	6851 (2.20-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	180081	6166 (2.20-2.20)
RNA backbone	3983	1052 (2.50-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	14	57% 7% 36%
1	B	14	50% 14% 36%

2 Entry composition (i)

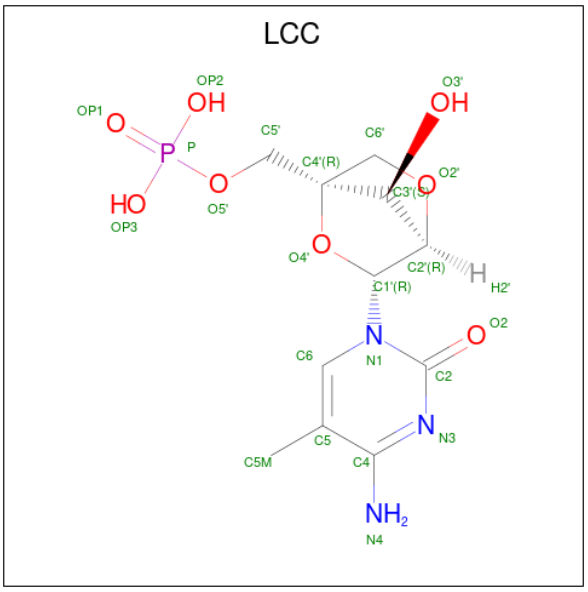
There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 696 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a RNA chain called RNA (5'-R(*(LCC)P*(LCC)P*(LCC)P*(LCG)P*AP*CP *UP*UP*AP*AP*GP*UP*CP*(TG))-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P			
1	A	9	189	85	32	63	9	0	0	0
1	B	9	189	85	32	63	9	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is [(1R,3R,4R,7S)-7-HYDROXY-3-(5-METHYLCYTOSIN-1-YL)-2,5-DIOX ABICYCLO[2.2.1]HEPT-1-YL]METHYL DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE (CCD ID: LCC) (formula: $C_{11}H_{16}N_3O_8P$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P		
2	A	1	22	11	3	7	1	0	0
2	A	1	22	11	3	7	1	0	0
2	A	1	22	11	3	7	1	0	0

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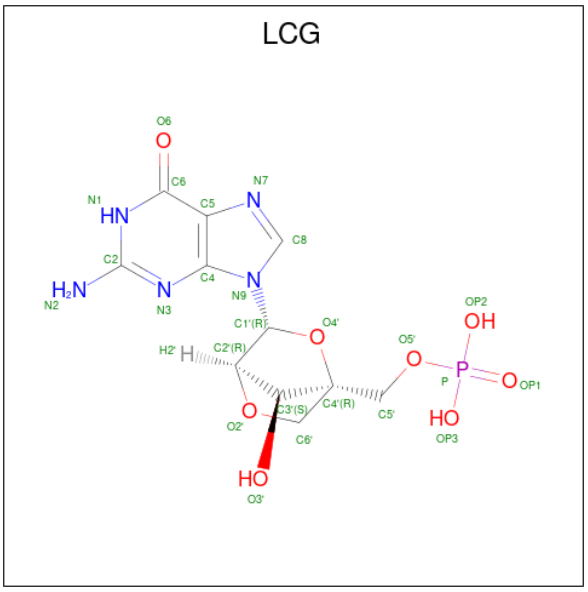
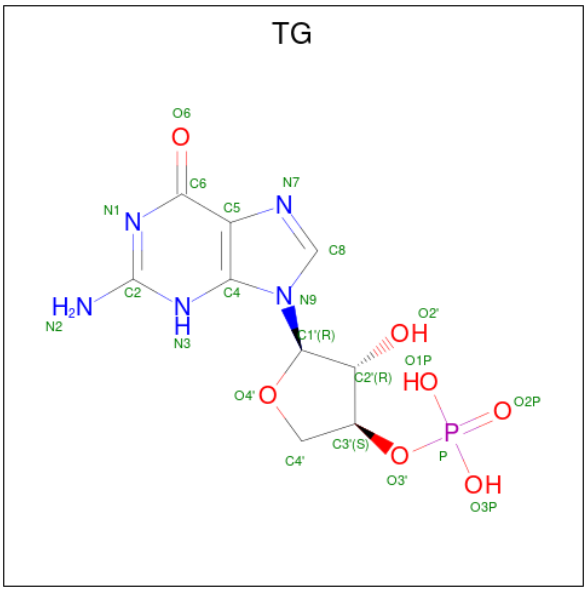
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P		
2	B	1	22	11	3	7	1	0	0

- Molecule 3 is [(1R,3R,4R,7S)-7-HYDROXY-3-(GUANIN-9-YL)-2,5-DIOXABICYCLO[2.2.1]HEPT-1-YL]METHYL DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE (CCD ID: LCG) (formula: $C_{11}H_{14}N_5O_8P$).



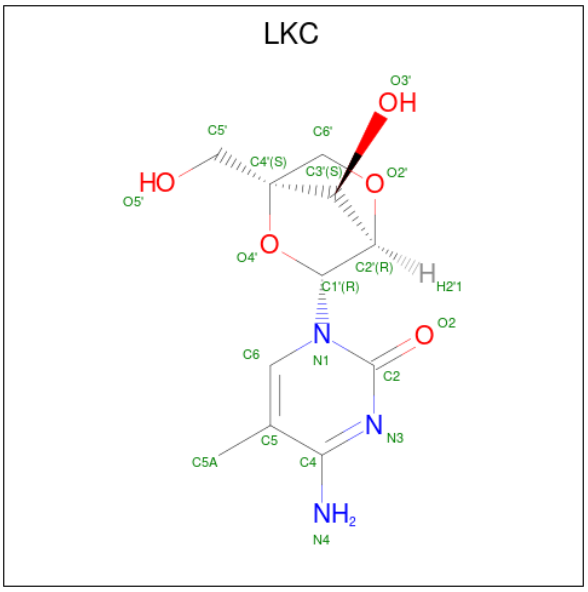
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P		
3	A	1	24	11	5	7	1	0	0
			Total	C	N	O	P		
3	B	1	24	11	5	7	1	0	0

- Molecule 4 is (3S,4R,5R)-5-(2-amino-6-oxo-3,6-dihydro-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-hydroxyoxolan-3-yl dihydrogen phosphate (CCD ID: TG) (formula: $C_9H_{12}N_5O_7P$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P		
4	A	1	21	9	5	6	1	0	0
			Total	C	N	O	P		
4	B	1	21	9	5	6	1	0	0

- Molecule 5 is 4-AMINO-1-[(1S,3R,4R,7S)-7-HYDROXY-1-(HYDROXYMETHYL)-2,5-DIOXABICYCLO[2.2.1]HEPT-3-YL]-5-METHYLPYRIMIDIN-2(1H)-ONE (CCD ID: LKC) (formula: $C_{11}H_{15}N_3O_5$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O		
5	A	1	19	11	3	5	0	0

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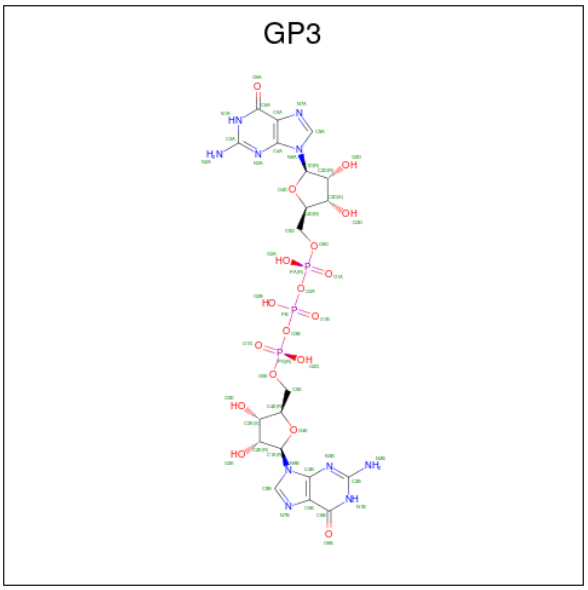
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O		
5	B	1	19	11	3	5	0	0

- Molecule 6 is DIGUANOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: GP3) (formula: $C_{20}H_{27}N_{10}O_{18}P_3$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



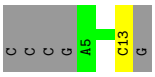
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P		
6	A	1	51	20	10	18	3	0	0
			Total	C	N	O	P		
6	B	1	51	20	10	18	3	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: RNA (5'-R(*(LCC)P*(LCC)P*(LCC)P*(LCG)P*AP*CP*UP*UP*AP*AP*GP*UP*CP*(TG))-3')

Chain A:



• Molecule 1: RNA (5'-R(*(LCC)P*(LCC)P*(LCC)P*(LCG)P*AP*CP*UP*UP*AP*AP*GP*UP*CP*(TG))-3')

Chain B:

4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 3 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	45.16Å 45.16Å 82.83Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	82.83 – 2.20 82.83 – 2.20	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.7 (82.83-2.20) 99.7 (82.83-2.20)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	1.49 (at 2.20Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0267	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.225 , 0.275 0.225 , 0.277	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	290 reflections (5.43%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	57.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.113	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.36 , 70.7	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.43$, $< L^2 > = 0.25$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.437 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
Reported twinning fraction	0.565 for H, K, L 0.435 for -K, -H, -L	Depositor
Outliers	1 of 5325 reflections (0.019%)	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	696	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	58.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 10.05% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1]Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2]Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GP3, LCC, LKC, TG, LCG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$
1	A	0.51	0/210	1.00	0/324
1	B	0.68	0/210	1.06	3/324 (0.9%)
All	All	0.60	0/420	1.03	3/648 (0.5%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	B	9	A	C3'-C2'-O2'	5.90	119.55	110.70
1	B	5	A	OP1-P-OP2	-5.80	102.19	119.60
1	B	9	A	C4'-C3'-O3'	-5.31	105.03	113.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	189	0	96	0	0
1	B	189	0	96	0	0
2	A	66	0	39	0	0
2	B	22	0	13	0	0
3	A	24	0	11	0	0
3	B	24	0	11	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	21	0	0	0	0
4	B	21	0	0	0	0
5	A	19	0	14	0	0
5	B	19	0	14	0	0
6	A	51	0	24	1	0
6	B	51	0	24	0	0
All	All	696	0	342	1	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All (1) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
6:A:107:GP3:H3D	6:A:107:GP3:O4E	2.17	0.45

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
1	A	8/14 (57%)	1 (12%)	0
1	B	8/14 (57%)	0	0
All	All	16/28 (57%)	1 (6%)	0

All (1) RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	13	C

There are no RNA pucker outliers to report.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

12 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
5	LKC	A	104	2	21,21,21	2.31	9 (42%)	31,33,33	1.95	10 (32%)
4	TG	B	105	1	20,23,24	1.73	4 (20%)	22,34,37	1.84	6 (27%)
2	LCC	A	101	3,2	21,24,25	2.37	6 (28%)	29,37,40	2.23	9 (31%)
4	TG	A	103	1	20,23,24	2.00	6 (30%)	22,34,37	2.10	8 (36%)
5	LKC	B	101	2	21,21,21	2.66	11 (52%)	31,33,33	2.31	12 (38%)
3	LCG	B	104	1,2	24,27,28	2.27	8 (33%)	35,42,45	2.08	12 (34%)
6	GP3	B	103	-	56,56,56	2.10	14 (25%)	83,88,88	1.66	19 (22%)
2	LCC	A	105	5,2	21,24,25	2.18	8 (38%)	29,37,40	2.75	9 (31%)
2	LCC	A	106	3,2	21,24,25	2.98	8 (38%)	29,37,40	1.97	9 (31%)
3	LCG	A	102	1,2	24,27,28	2.09	6 (25%)	35,42,45	2.08	13 (37%)
6	GP3	A	107	-	56,56,56	2.17	11 (19%)	83,88,88	1.68	19 (22%)
2	LCC	B	102	5,2	21,24,25	2.50	7 (33%)	29,37,40	1.79	8 (27%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	LKC	A	104	2	-	4/7/32/32	0/4/3/3
4	TG	B	105	1	-	1/5/21/22	0/3/3/3
2	LCC	A	101	3,2	-	3/8/35/36	0/4/3/3
4	TG	A	103	1	-	0/5/21/22	0/3/3/3
5	LKC	B	101	2	-	0/7/32/32	0/4/3/3
3	LCG	B	104	1,2	-	0/8/35/36	0/5/4/4
6	GP3	B	103	-	-	9/32/64/64	0/6/6/6
2	LCC	A	105	5,2	-	0/8/35/36	0/4/3/3
2	LCC	A	106	3,2	-	3/8/35/36	0/4/3/3
3	LCG	A	102	1,2	-	0/8/35/36	0/5/4/4
6	GP3	A	107	-	-	9/32/64/64	0/6/6/6
2	LCC	B	102	5,2	-	3/8/35/36	0/4/3/3

The worst 5 of 98 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
6	B	103	GP3	PA-O3A	8.52	1.68	1.59
6	A	107	GP3	PB-O3A	8.22	1.68	1.59
6	A	107	GP3	PA-O3A	7.79	1.67	1.59
2	A	106	LCC	O3'-C3'	-6.93	1.29	1.42
2	A	106	LCC	C5-C4	-6.87	1.38	1.44

The worst 5 of 134 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	A	105	LCC	O4'-C1'-N1	10.98	123.26	108.82
4	A	103	TG	O4'-C1'-N9	6.00	116.52	108.90
2	A	101	LCC	C5M-C5-C6	-5.53	115.36	122.85
2	A	101	LCC	C5-C6-N1	-5.35	117.51	123.31
5	B	101	LKC	O4'-C4'-C3'	-5.11	95.20	102.32

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 32 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	101	LCC	C6'-C4'-C5'-O5'
5	A	104	LKC	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	104	LKC	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
5	A	104	LKC	C6'-C4'-C5'-O5'
6	A	107	GP3	PB-O3B-PG-O5E

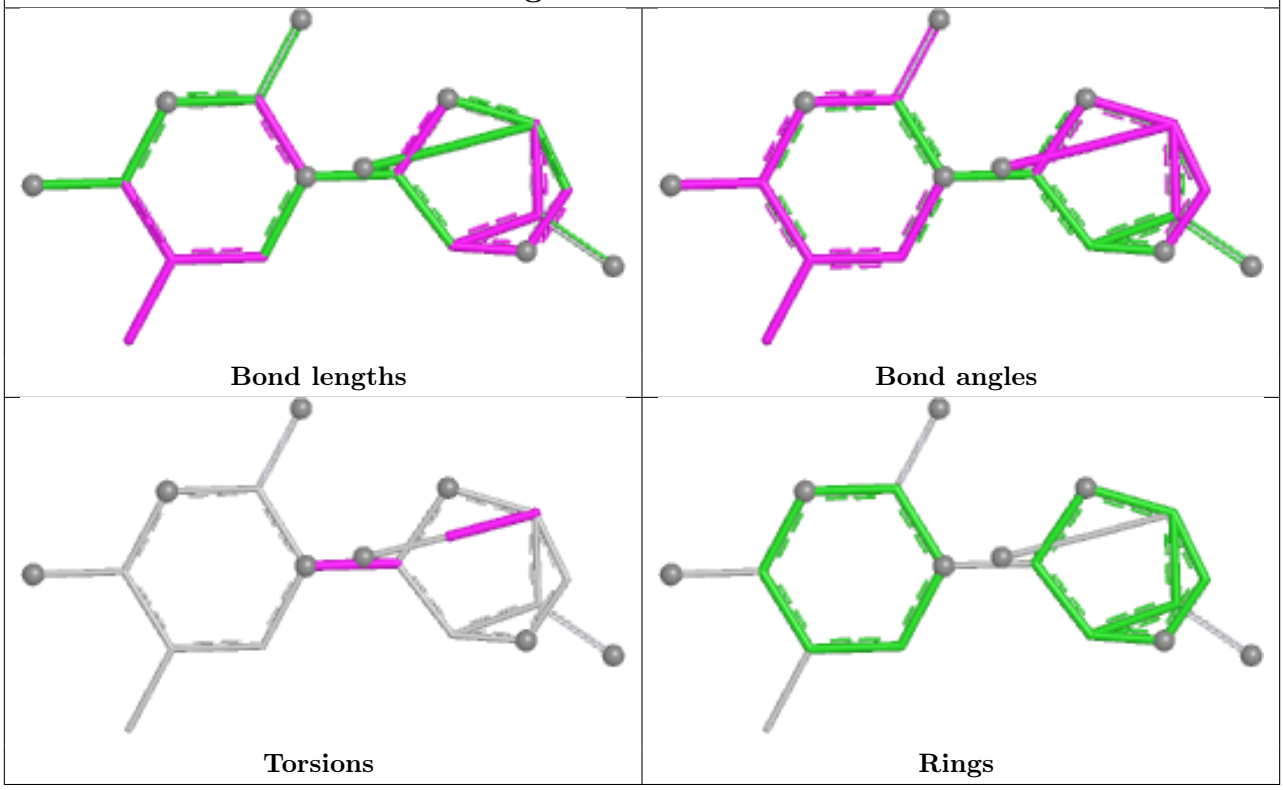
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

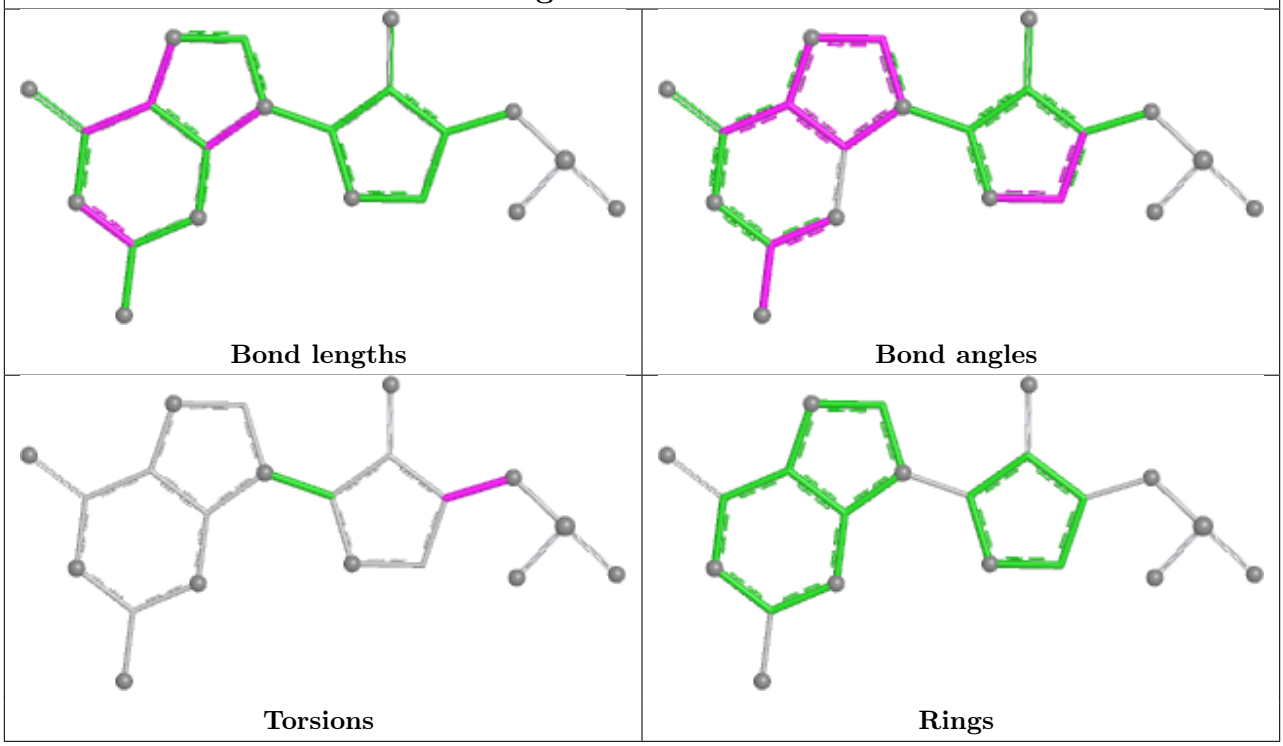
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	A	107	GP3	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

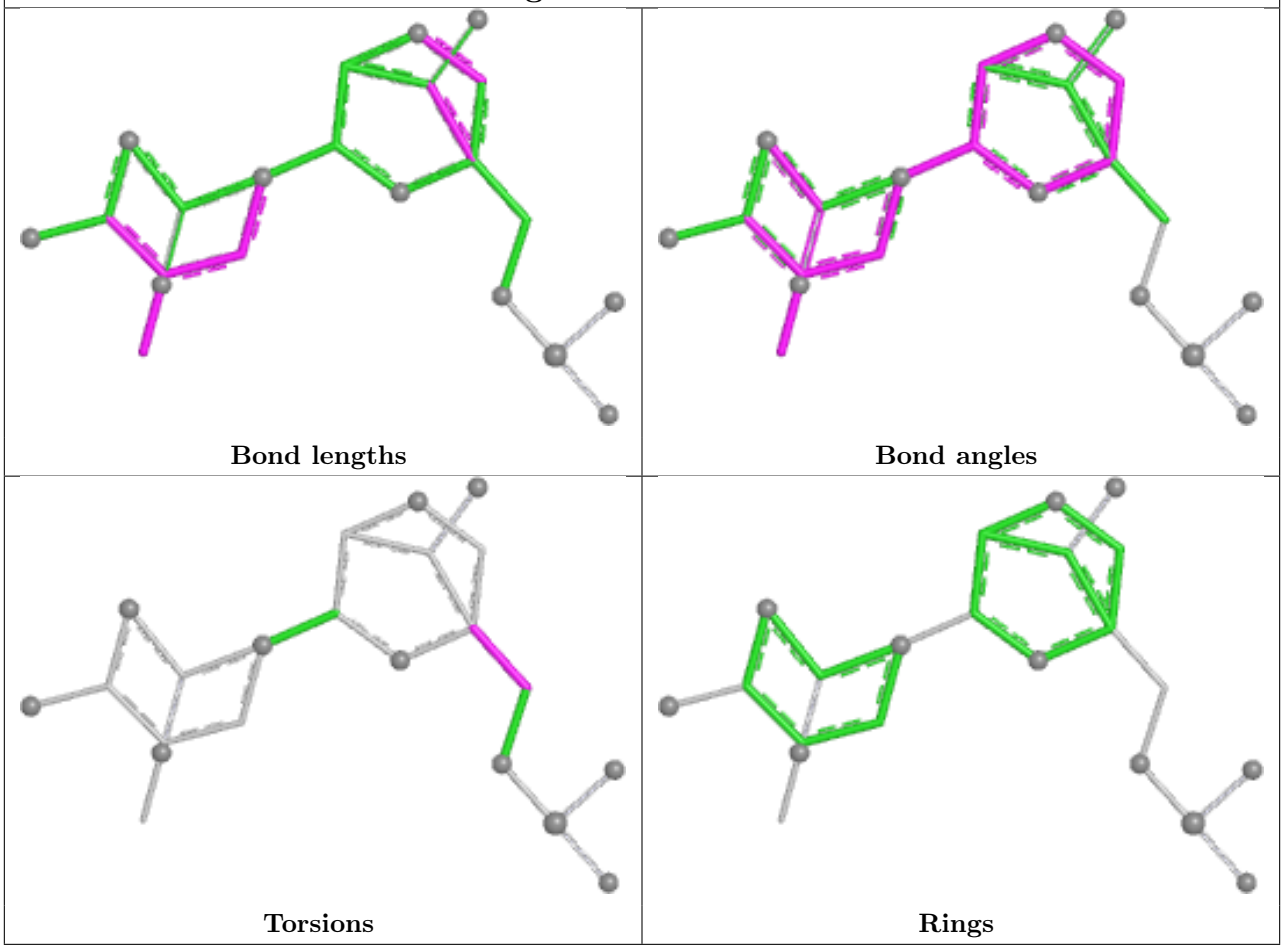
Ligand LKC A 104



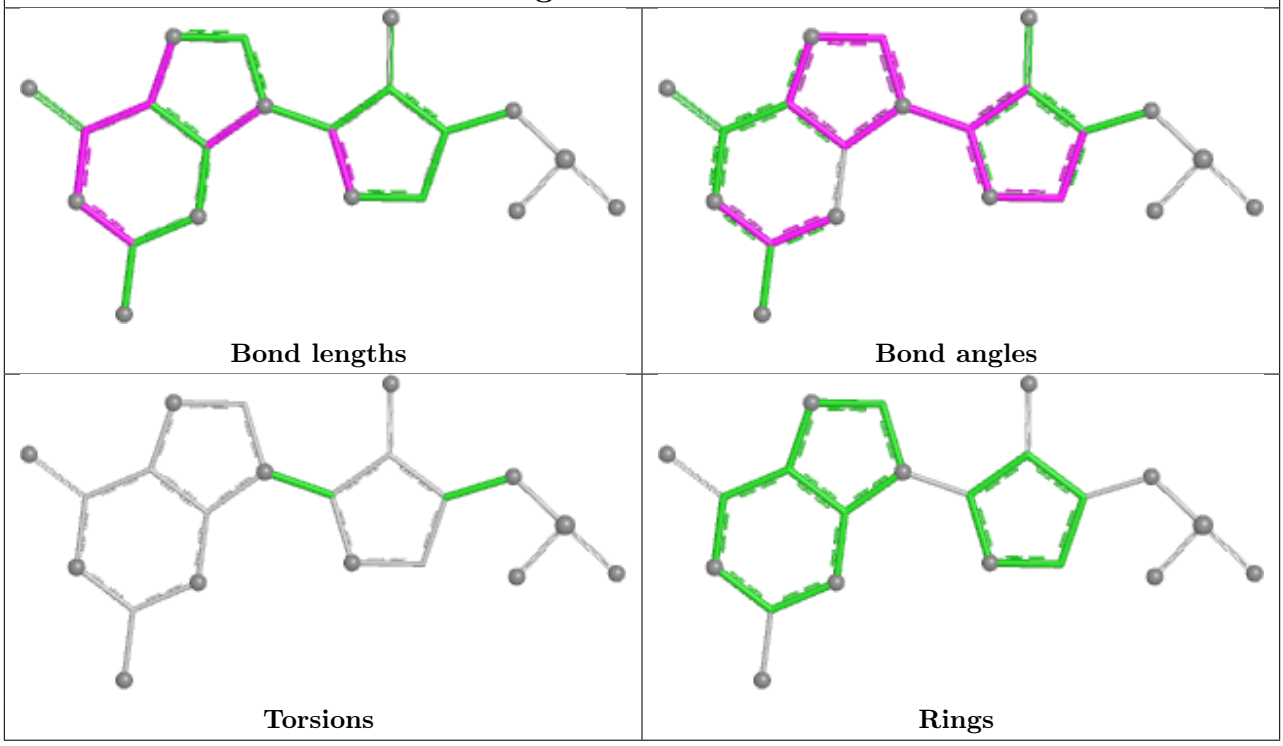
Ligand TG B 105



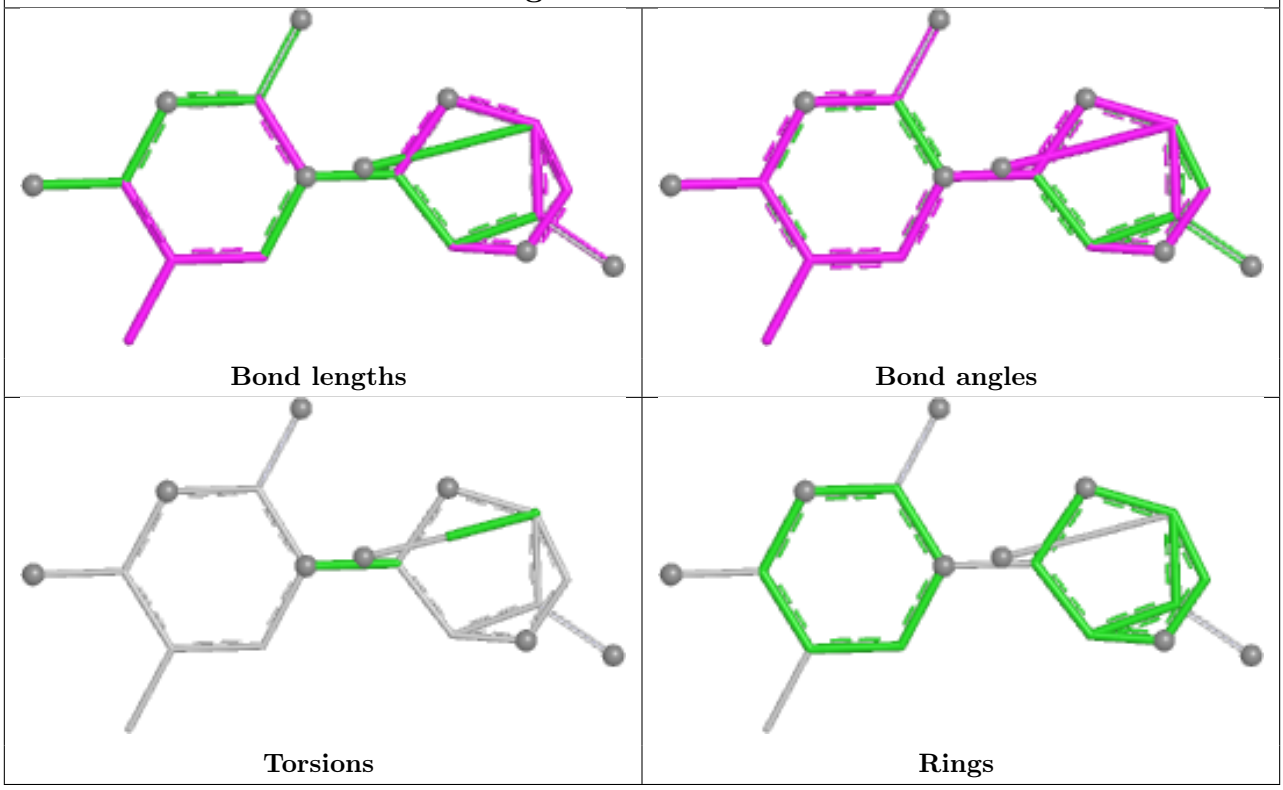
Ligand LCC A 101



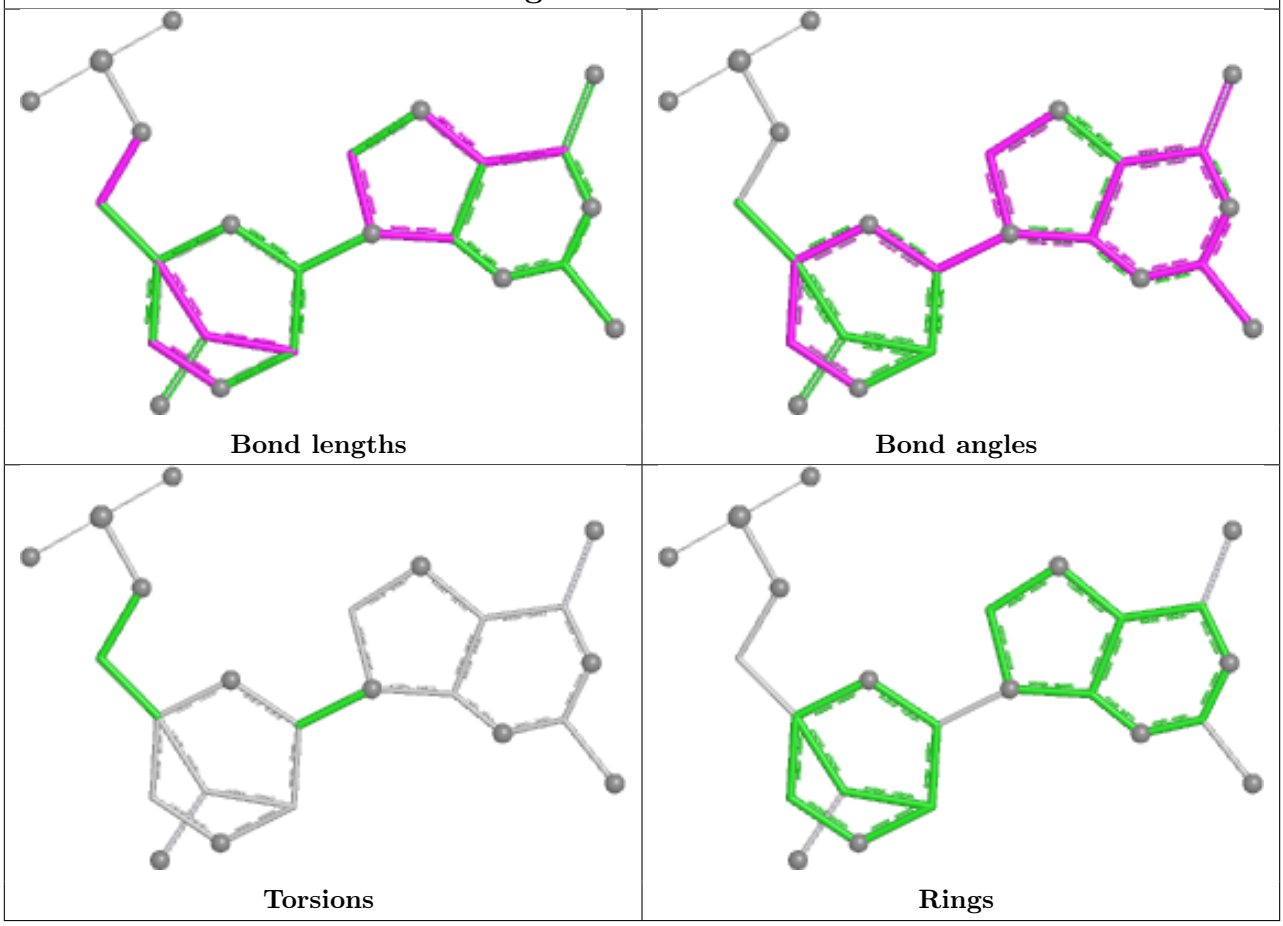
Ligand TG A 103



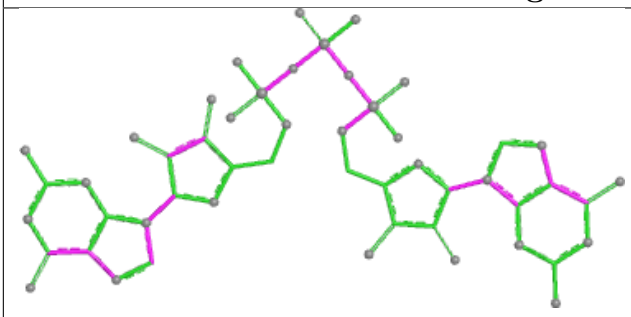
Ligand LKC B 101



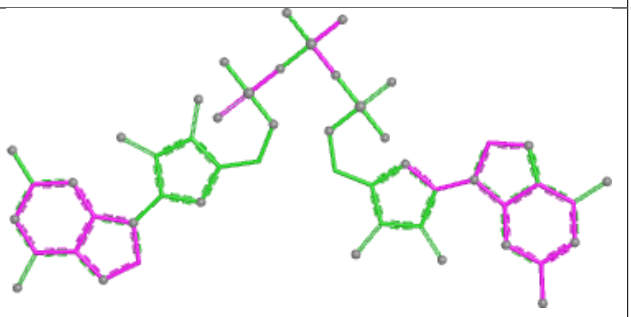
Ligand LCG B 104



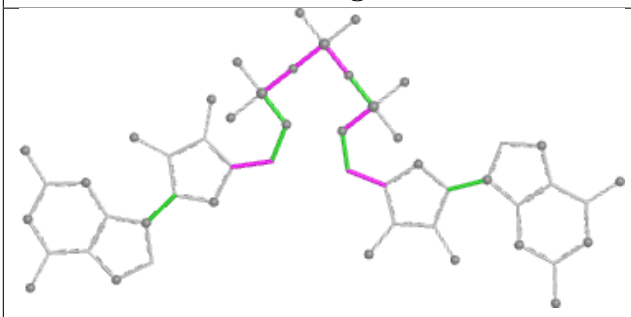
Ligand GP3 B 103



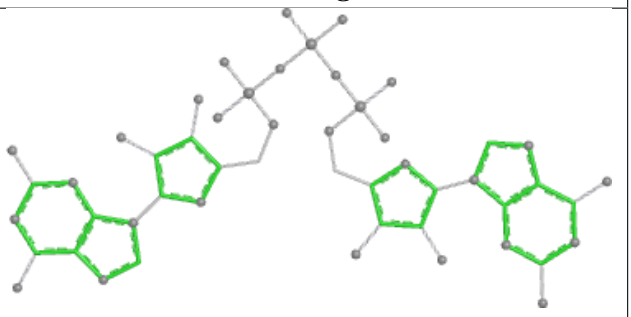
Bond lengths



Bond angles



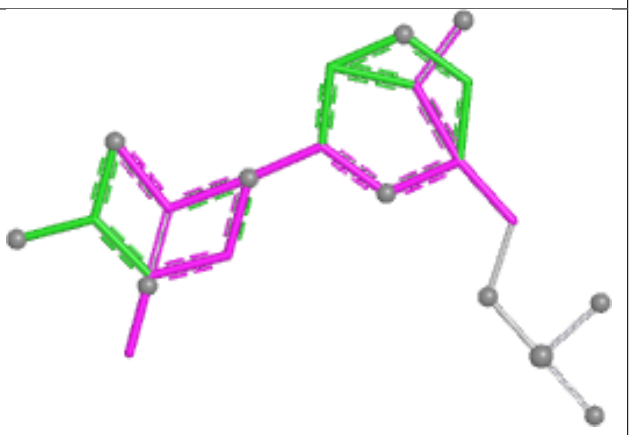
Torsions



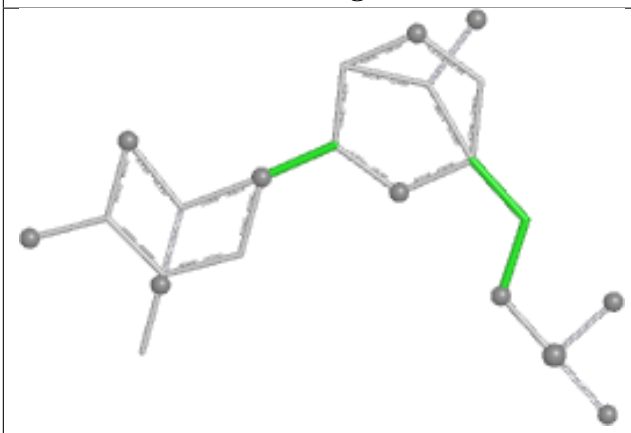
Rings

Ligand LCC A 105

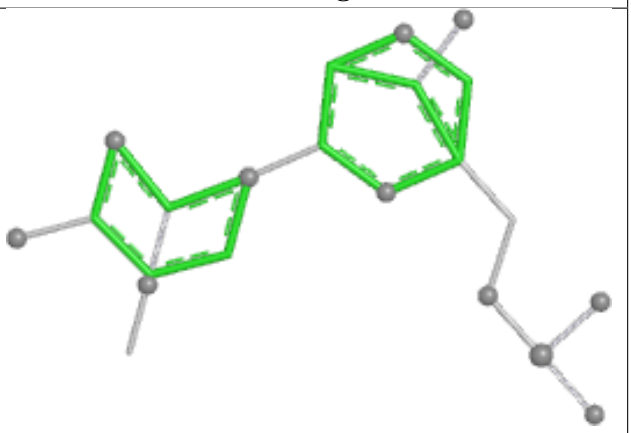
Bond lengths



Bond angles

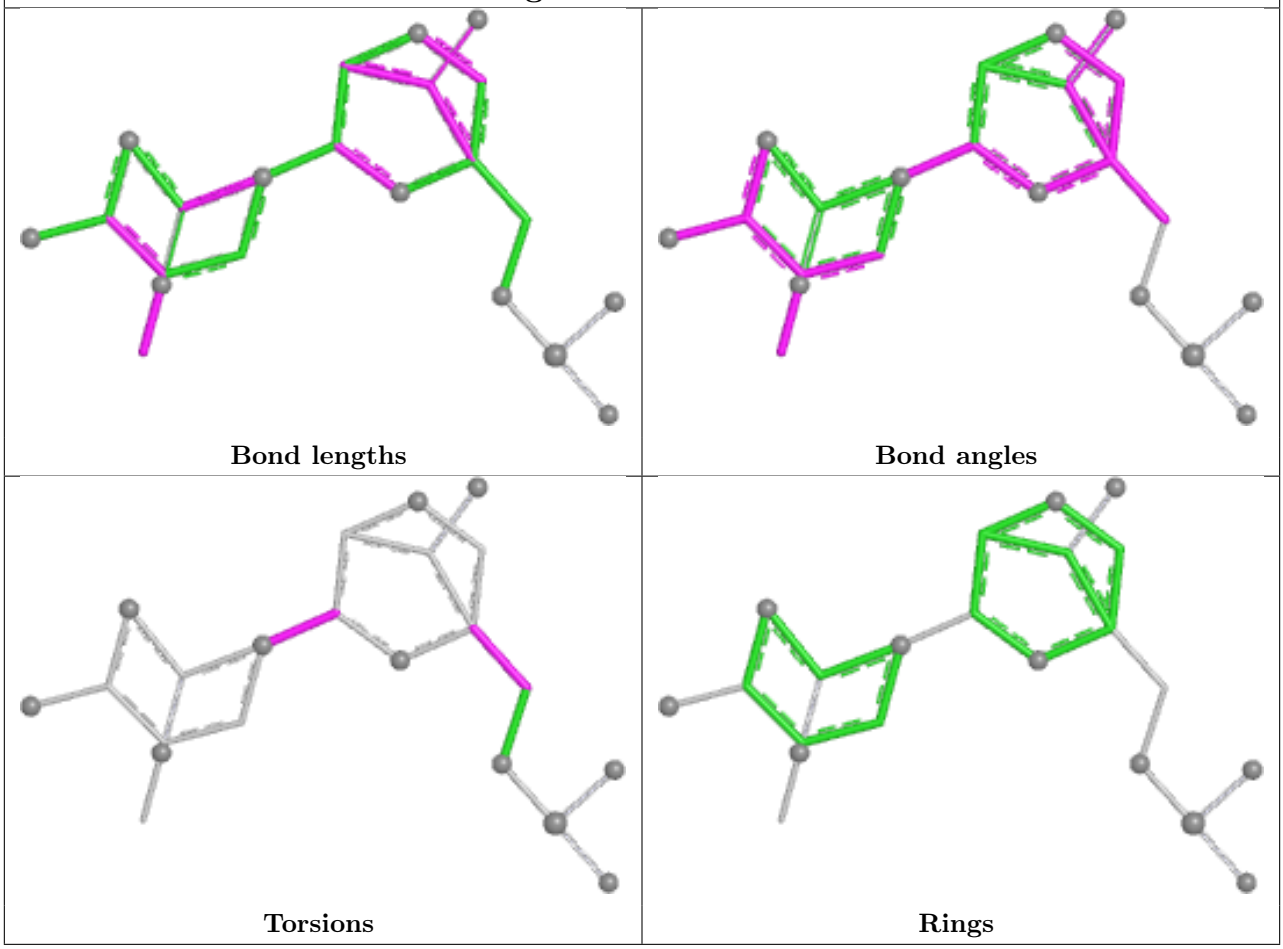


Torsions

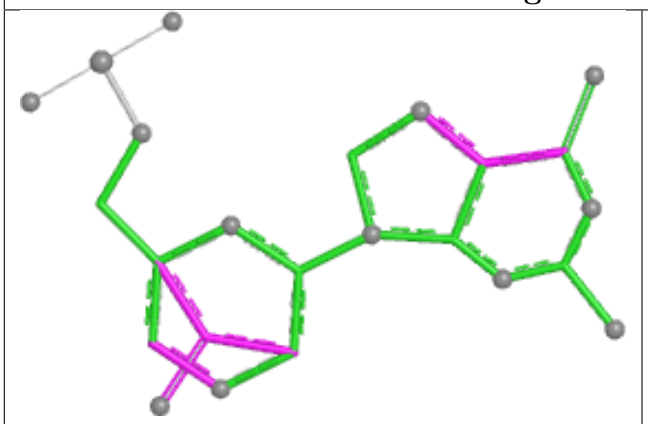


Rings

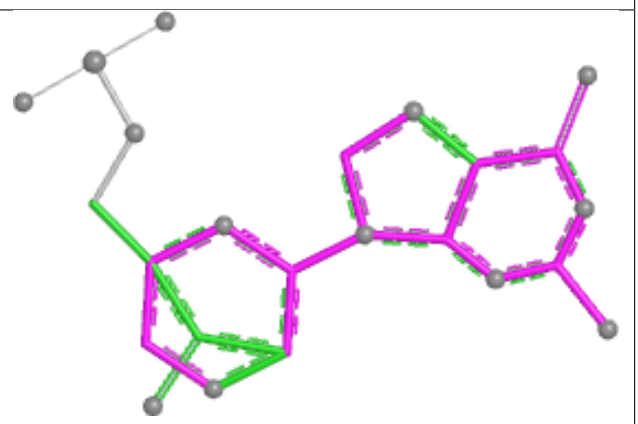
Ligand LCC A 106



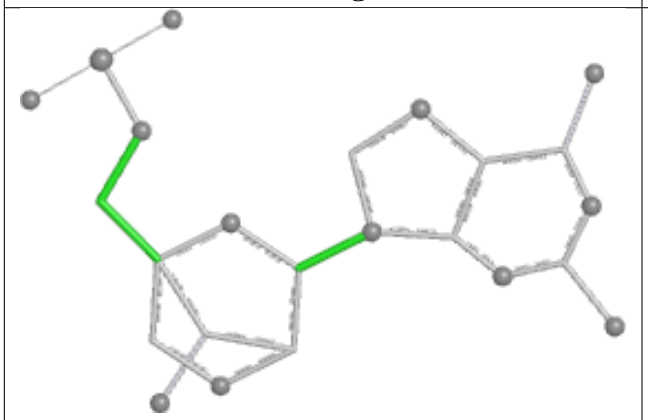
Ligand LCG A 102



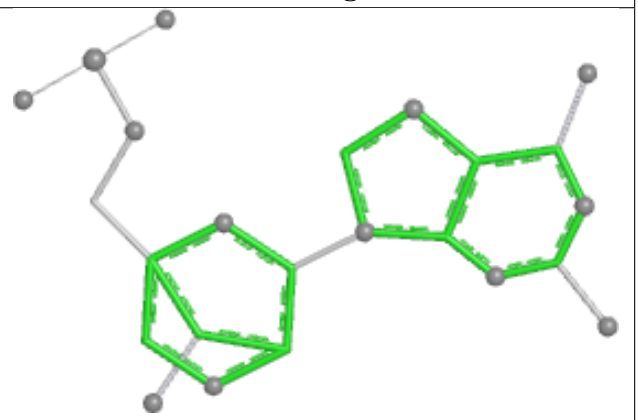
Bond lengths



Bond angles

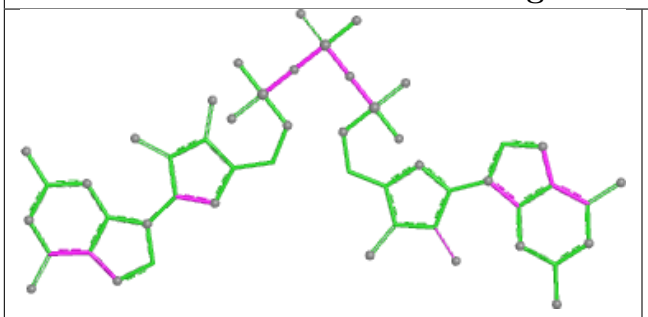


Torsions

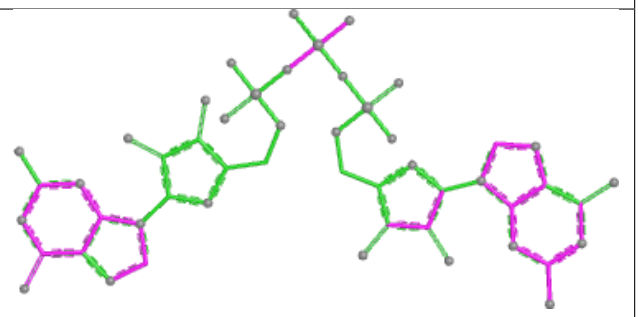


Rings

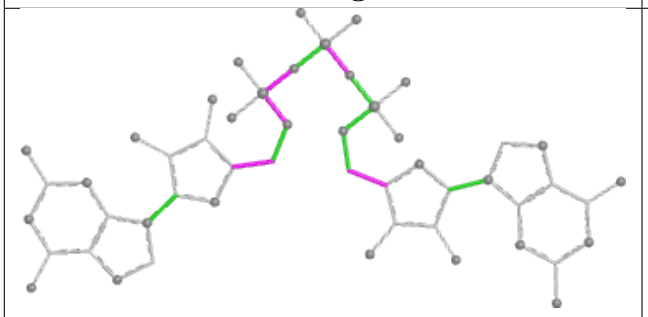
Ligand GP3 A 107



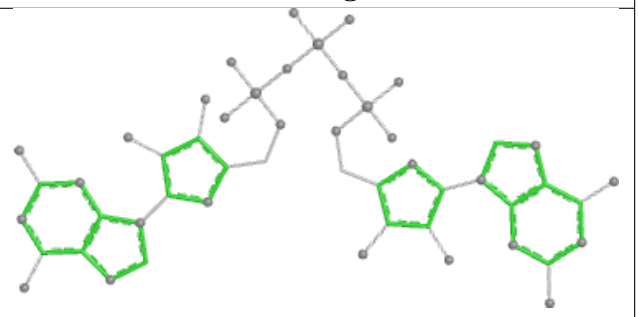
Bond lengths



Bond angles

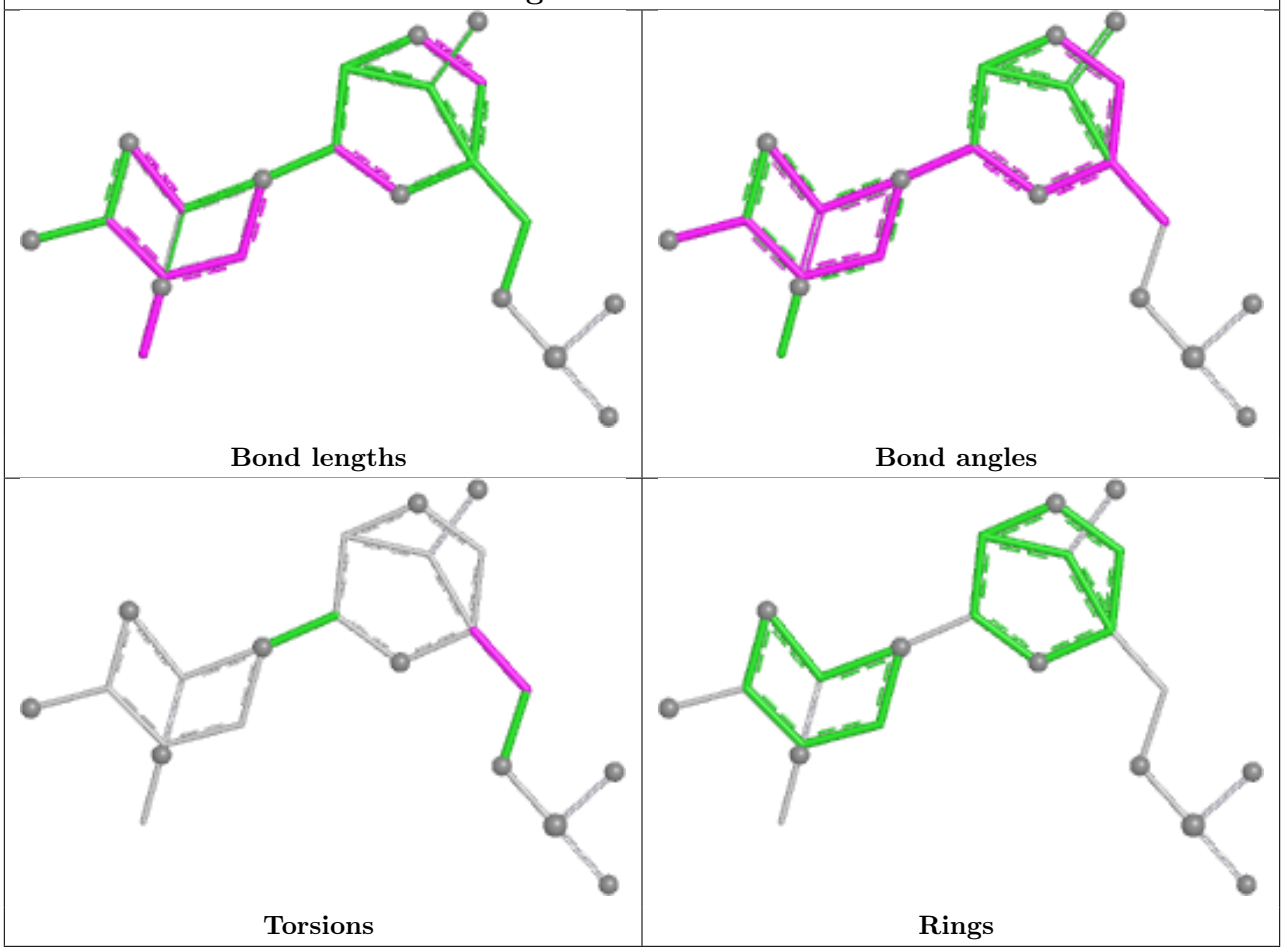


Torsions



Rings

Ligand LCC B 102



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	9/14 (64%)	0.17	0	100	100	37, 58, 68, 71	0
1	B	9/14 (64%)	-0.15	0	100	100	49, 51, 57, 57	0
All	All	18/28 (64%)	0.01	0	100	100	37, 55, 68, 71	0

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
5	LKC	B	101	19/19	0.94	0.11	38,43,62,67	0
5	LKC	A	104	19/19	0.95	0.12	88,105,113,119	0
4	TG	A	103	21/22	0.95	0.14	57,67,73,80	0
4	TG	B	105	21/22	0.96	0.10	35,42,47,52	0
3	LCG	A	102	24/25	0.96	0.10	31,39,44,46	0
2	LCC	A	101	22/23	0.96	0.09	33,41,47,55	0
6	GP3	A	107	51/51	0.96	0.12	55,80,112,121	0

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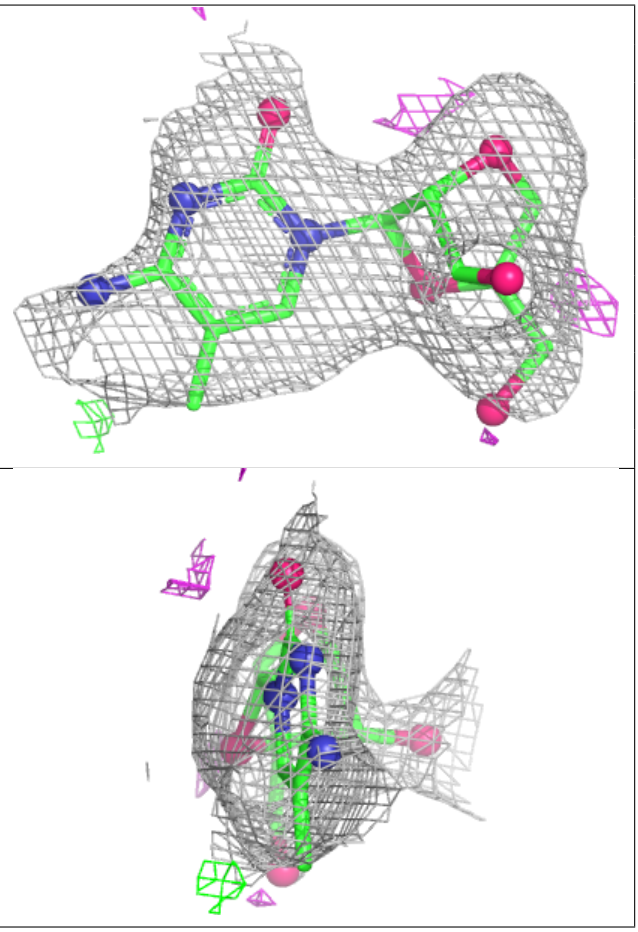
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
6	GP3	B	103	51/51	0.96	0.10	32,45,58,63	0
2	LCC	A	106	22/23	0.97	0.13	48,64,87,99	0
2	LCC	A	105	22/23	0.97	0.12	65,85,109,112	0
3	LCG	B	104	24/25	0.97	0.11	53,65,69,71	0
2	LCC	B	102	22/23	0.98	0.07	36,44,50,56	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

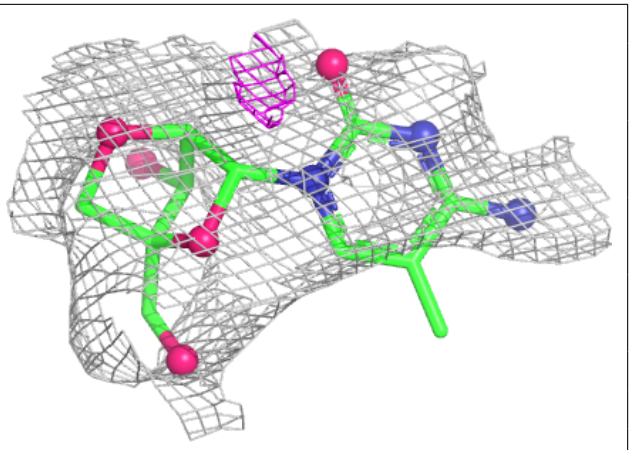
Electron density around LKC B 101:

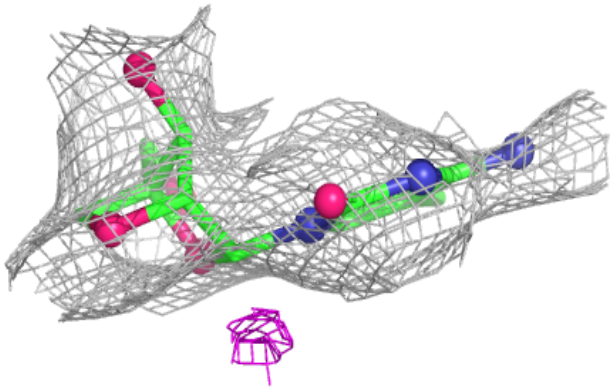
2mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



Electron density around LKC A 104:

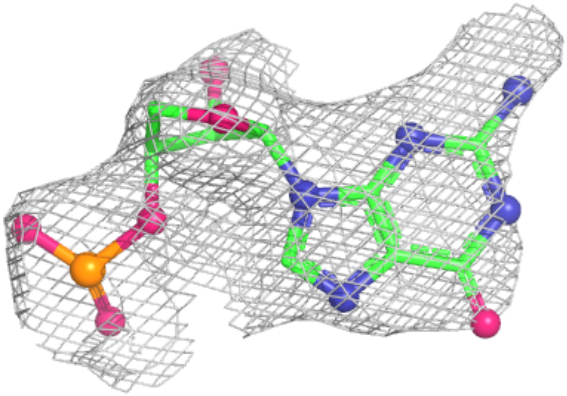
$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

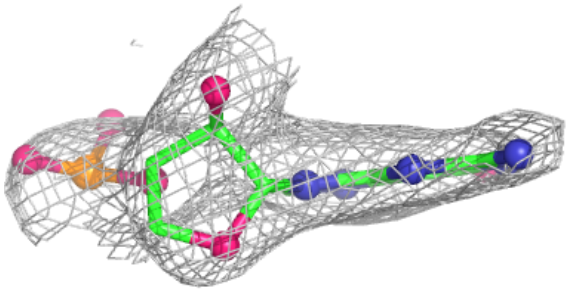


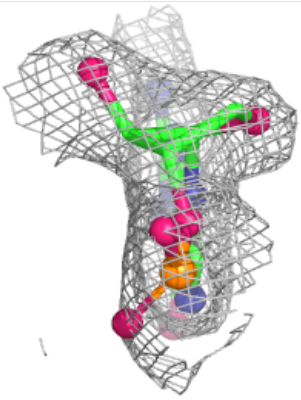


Electron density around TG A 103:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

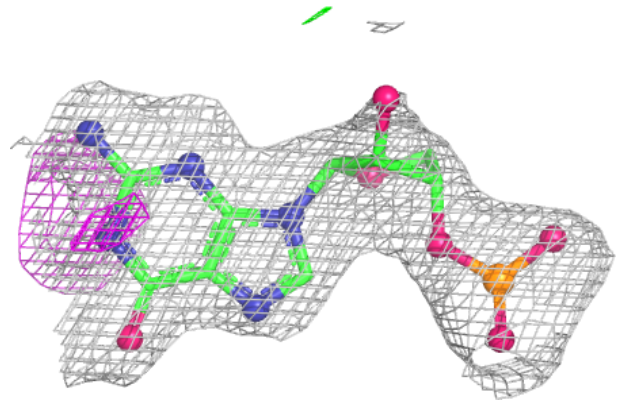


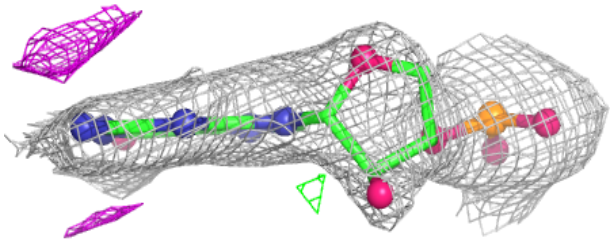


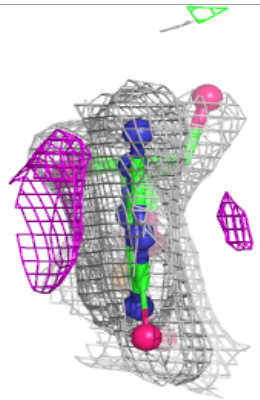


Electron density around TG B 105:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

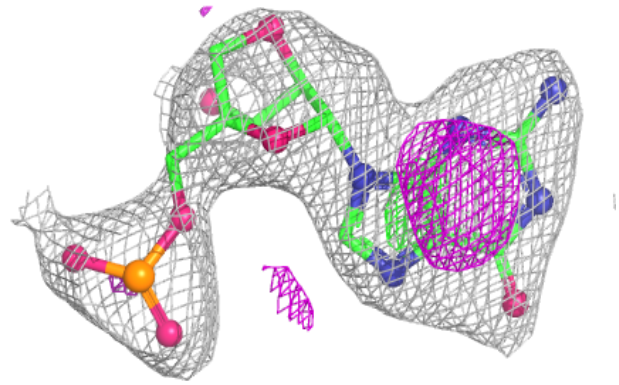


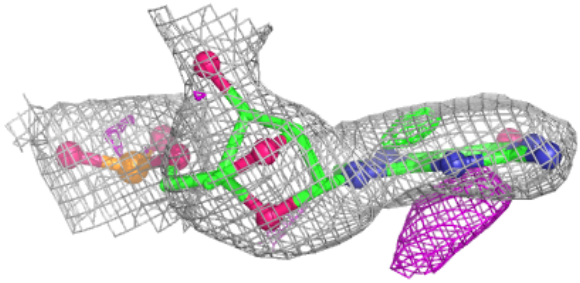


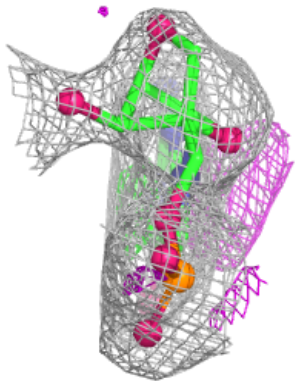


Electron density around LCG A 102:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

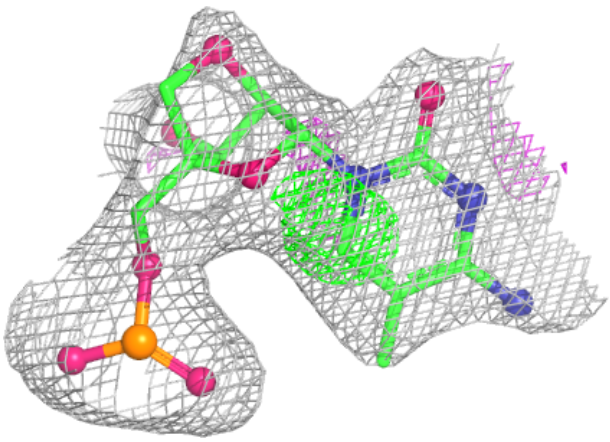


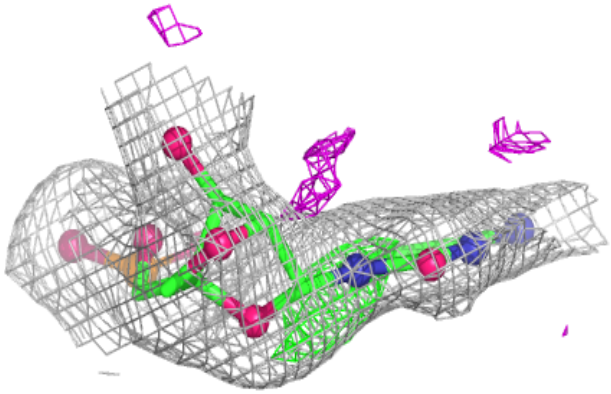


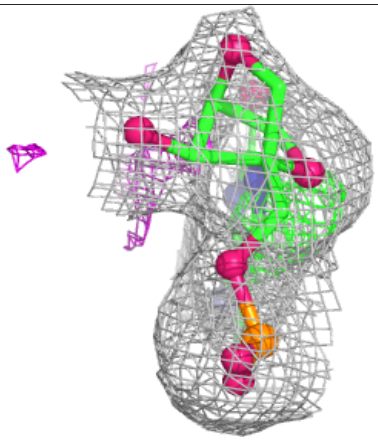


Electron density around LCC A 101:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

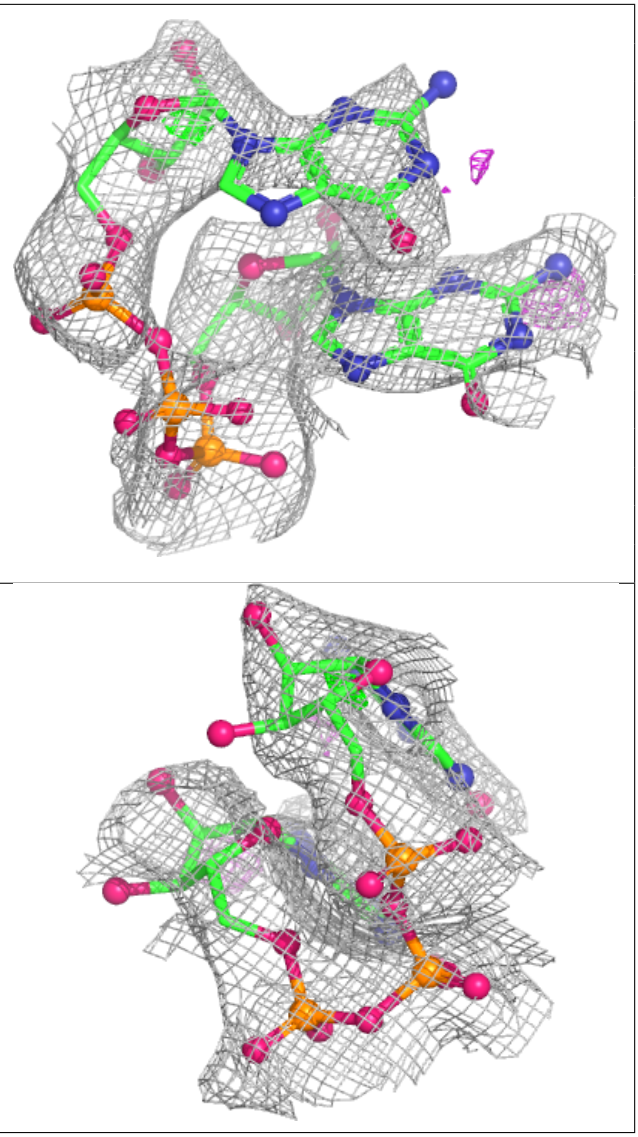






Electron density around GP3 A 107:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



Electron density around GP3 B 103:

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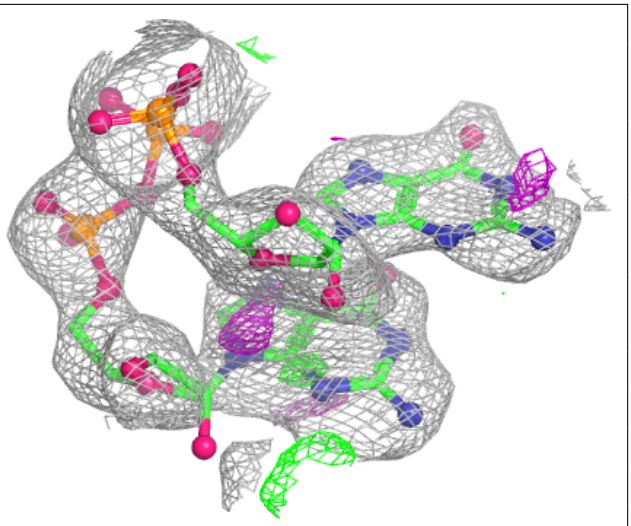
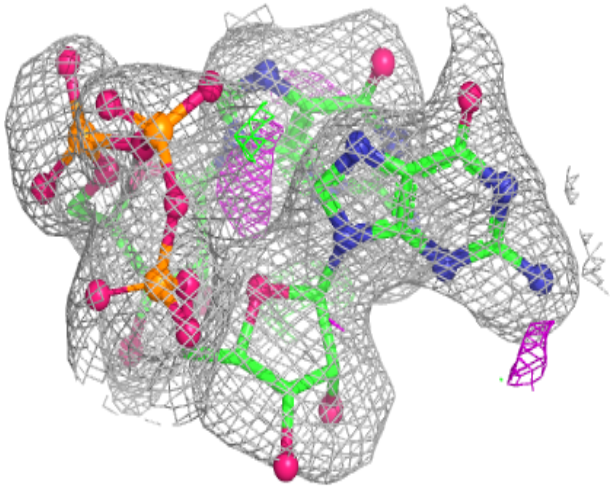
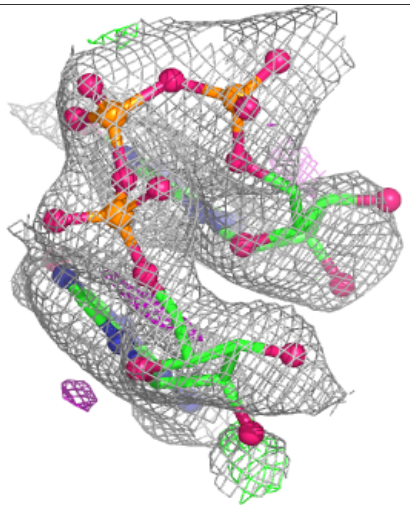
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)







Electron density around LCC A 106:

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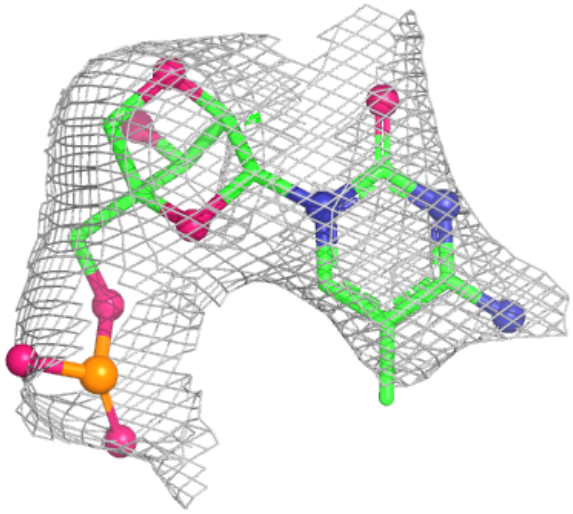
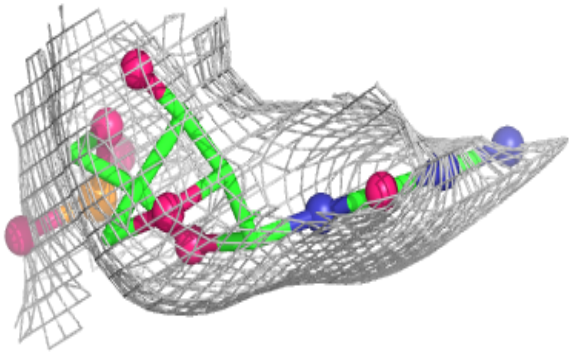
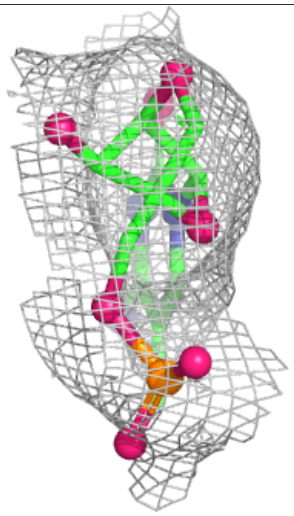
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)







Electron density around LCC A 105:

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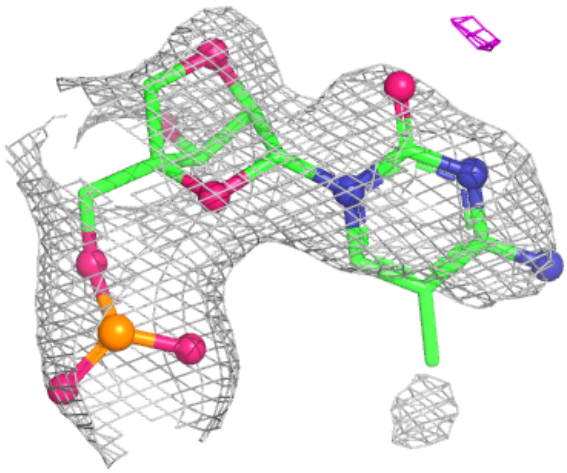
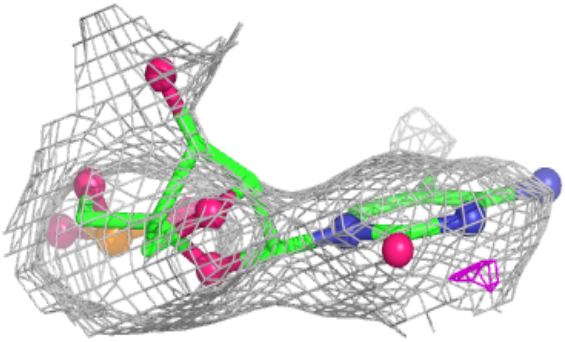
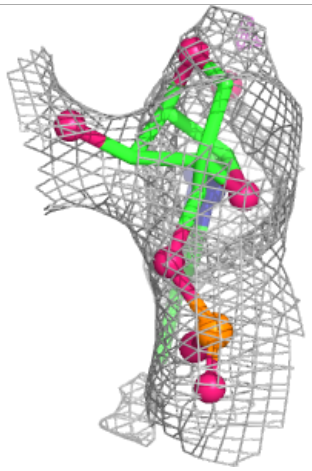
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

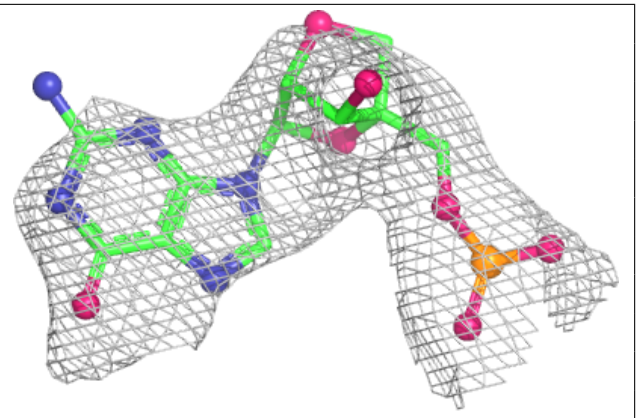


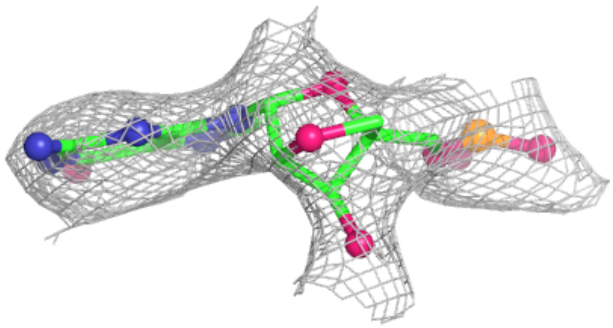


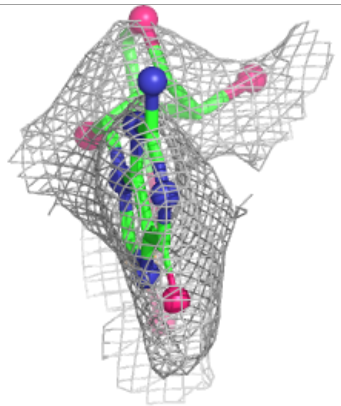


Electron density around LCG B 104:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

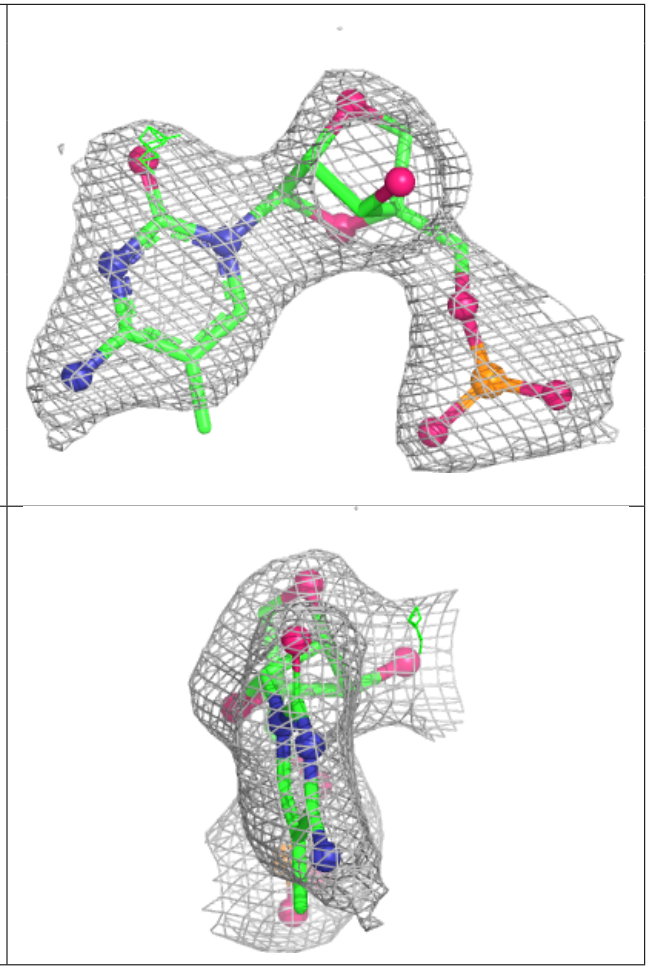






Electron density around LCC B 102:

2mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.