



## wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 10, 2026 – 01:40 AM UTC

PDB ID : 3JAY / pdb\_00003jay  
EMDB ID : EMD-6378  
Title : Atomic model of transcribing cytoplasmic polyhedrosis virus  
Authors : Yu, X.K.; Jiang, J.S.; Sun, J.C.; Zhou, Z.H.  
Deposited on : 2015-07-06  
Resolution : 3.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132  
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)  
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0  
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)  
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)  
MapQ : 1.9.13  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49



## 2 Entry composition

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 32368 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Structural protein VP3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	1057	8434	5345	1457	1587	45	0	0

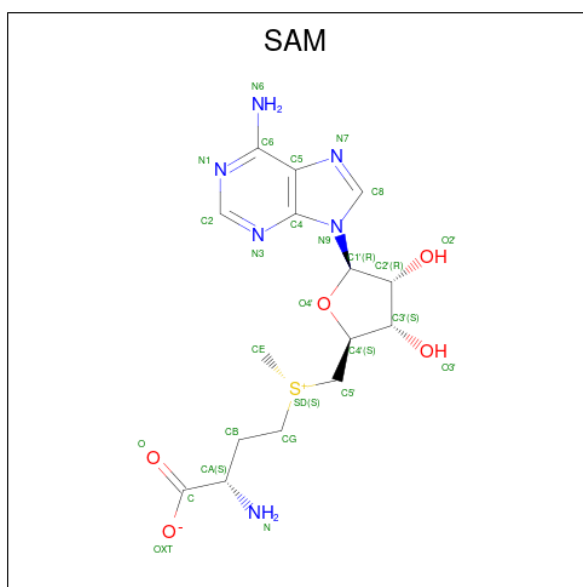
- Molecule 2 is a protein called Capsid protein VP1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	B	1191	9397	5937	1634	1789	37	0	0
2	C	1251	9857	6222	1713	1884	38	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Viral structural protein 5.

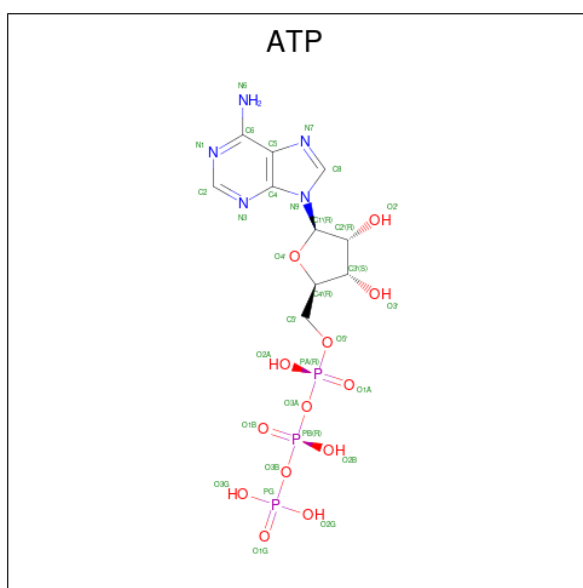
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	D	292	2281	1449	399	425	8	0	0
3	E	292	2281	1449	399	425	8	0	0

- Molecule 4 is S-ADENOSYLMETHIONINE (CCD ID: SAM) (formula:  $C_{15}H_{22}N_6O_5S$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	S	0
			27	15	6	5	1	
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	S	0
			27	15	6	5	1	

- Molecule 5 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: ATP) (formula:  $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{13}P_3$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			31	10	5	13	3	

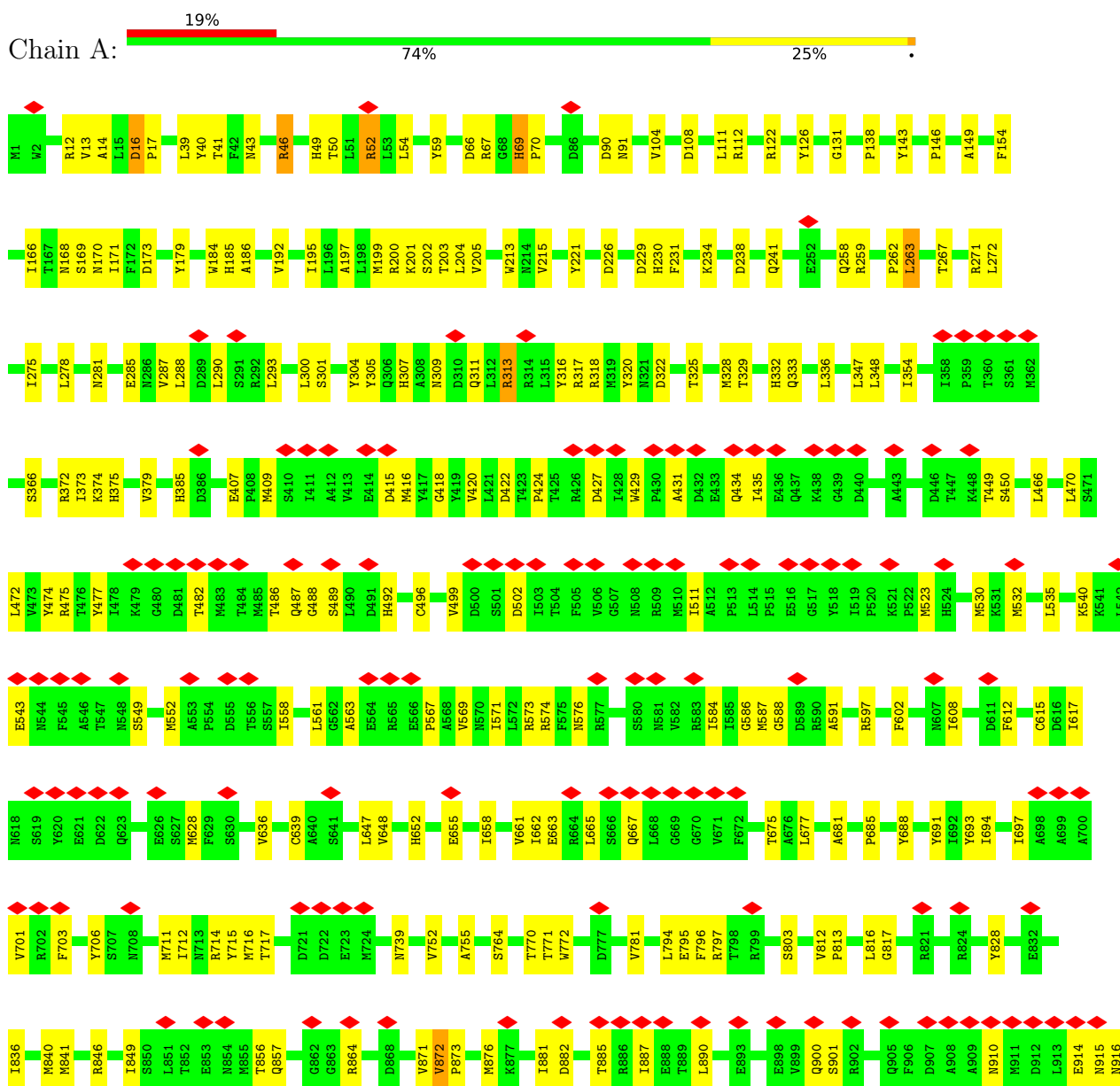
- Molecule 6 is GUANOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: GTP) (formula:  $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{14}P_3$ ).



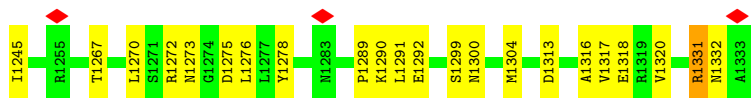
### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

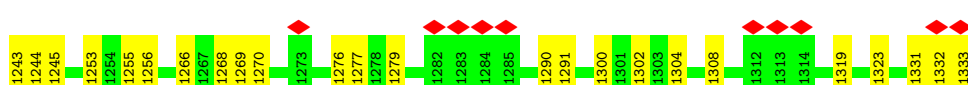
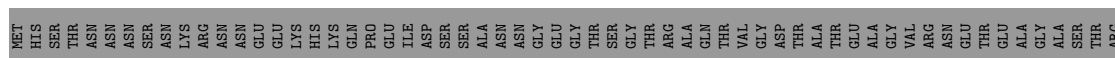
#### • Molecule 1: Structural protein VP3







• Molecule 2: Capsid protein VP1



• Molecule 3: Viral structural protein 5





## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, I	Depositor
Number of particles used	41624	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	Each particle	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	25	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	60535	Depositor
Image detector	KODAK SO-163 FILM	Depositor
Maximum map value	29.318	Depositor
Minimum map value	-21.517	Depositor
Average map value	0.030	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	1.606	Depositor
Recommended contour level	4	Depositor
Map size ( $\text{\AA}$ )	772.8, 772.8, 772.8	wwPDB
Map dimensions	700, 700, 700	wwPDB
Map angles ( $^\circ$ )	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ( $\text{\AA}$ )	1.104, 1.104, 1.104	Depositor

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ATP, GTP, SAM, MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.37	0/8619	0.81	6/11737 (0.1%)
2	B	0.45	0/9590	0.89	23/13056 (0.2%)
2	C	0.45	0/10058	0.87	18/13695 (0.1%)
3	D	0.40	0/2327	0.80	1/3163 (0.0%)
3	E	0.41	0/2327	0.83	2/3163 (0.1%)
All	All	0.43	0/32921	0.85	50/44814 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	3

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 50 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	229	GLN	N-CA-C	8.62	120.45	111.14
2	C	900	GLY	N-CA-C	7.88	121.00	112.33
2	C	434	VAL	N-CA-C	-7.64	103.08	110.42
1	A	263	LEU	N-CA-C	-7.58	103.89	113.43
2	B	1043	SER	N-CA-C	-7.38	99.54	110.23

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	313	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	46	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	52	ARG	Sidechain

## 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	8434	0	8399	181	0
2	B	9397	0	9315	202	0
2	C	9857	0	9767	186	0
3	D	2281	0	2282	46	0
3	E	2281	0	2282	33	0
4	A	54	0	44	2	0
5	A	31	0	12	0	0
6	A	32	0	12	1	0
7	A	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	32368	0	32113	622	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

The worst 5 of 622 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:52:ARG:NH2	1:A:52:ARG:HB2	1.72	1.02
1:A:43:ASN:OD1	1:A:46:ARG:HG2	1.72	0.89
1:A:41:THR:HG23	1:A:50:THR:HG23	1.56	0.88
2:C:383:SER:HB3	2:C:796:PRO:HG3	1.57	0.87
2:C:1134:ARG:NH2	2:C:1154:ASN:OD1	2.12	0.82

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

There are no protein backbone outliers to report in this entry.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report in this entry.

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 5 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	ATP	A	1103	-	32,33,33	1.48	6 (18%)	48,52,52	1.76	12 (25%)
6	GTP	A	1104	7	33,34,34	1.10	3 (9%)	50,54,54	1.58	9 (18%)
4	SAM	A	1102	-	27,29,29	1.10	5 (18%)	34,42,42	1.99	9 (26%)
4	SAM	A	1101	-	27,29,29	1.07	4 (14%)	34,42,42	2.08	9 (26%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	ATP	A	1103	-	-	1/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
6	GTP	A	1104	7	-	5/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	SAM	A	1102	-	-	2/17/33/33	0/3/3/3
4	SAM	A	1101	-	-	7/17/33/33	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 18 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	A	1103	ATP	C5-C4	4.57	1.47	1.39
5	A	1103	ATP	PA-O3A	2.88	1.62	1.59
5	A	1103	ATP	PB-O3A	2.86	1.62	1.59
6	A	1104	GTP	PB-O3A	2.75	1.62	1.59
6	A	1104	GTP	PB-O3B	2.71	1.62	1.59

The worst 5 of 39 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	A	1101	SAM	N3-C2-N1	-5.69	119.96	128.58
4	A	1102	SAM	N3-C2-N1	-5.63	120.07	128.58
5	A	1103	ATP	C5-C4-N3	-5.50	119.15	126.72
4	A	1101	SAM	C5-C4-N3	-4.72	120.22	126.72
6	A	1104	GTP	C5-C4-N3	-4.56	121.13	128.39

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 15 torsion outliers are listed below:

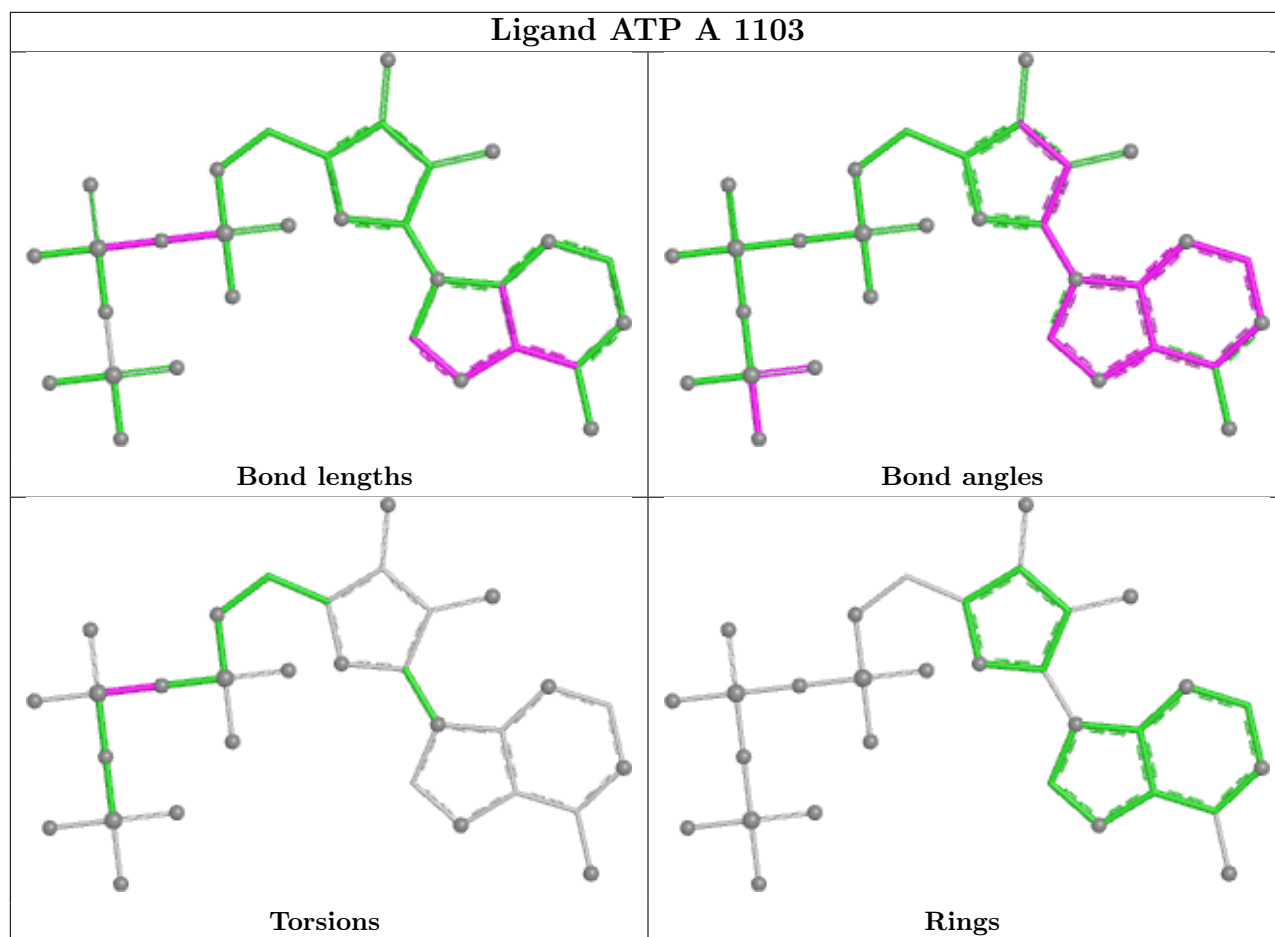
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	1101	SAM	C4'-C5'-SD-CE
4	A	1102	SAM	CB-CG-SD-CE
6	A	1104	GTP	PB-O3B-PG-O3G
6	A	1104	GTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
4	A	1101	SAM	OXT-C-CA-N

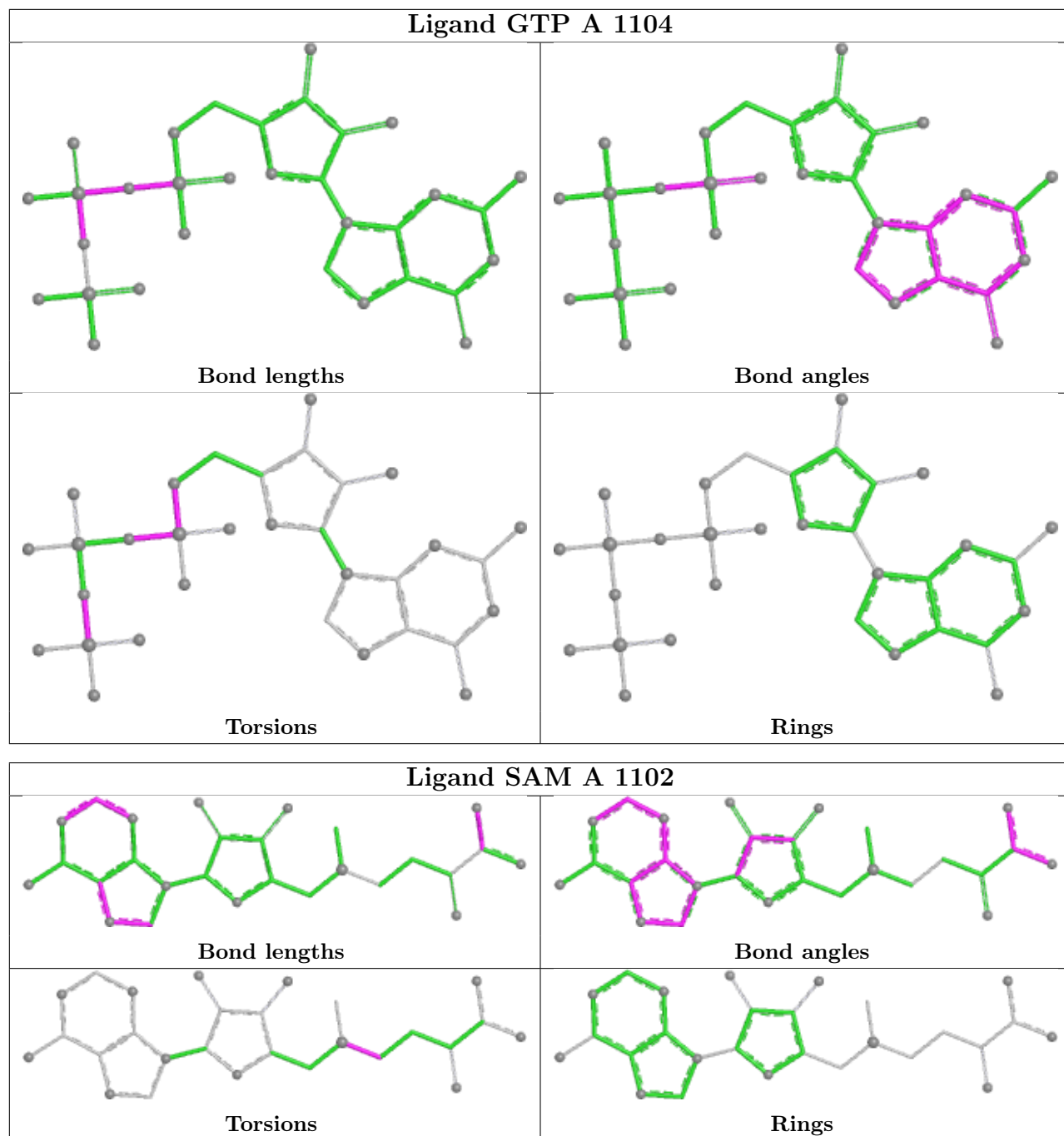
There are no ring outliers.

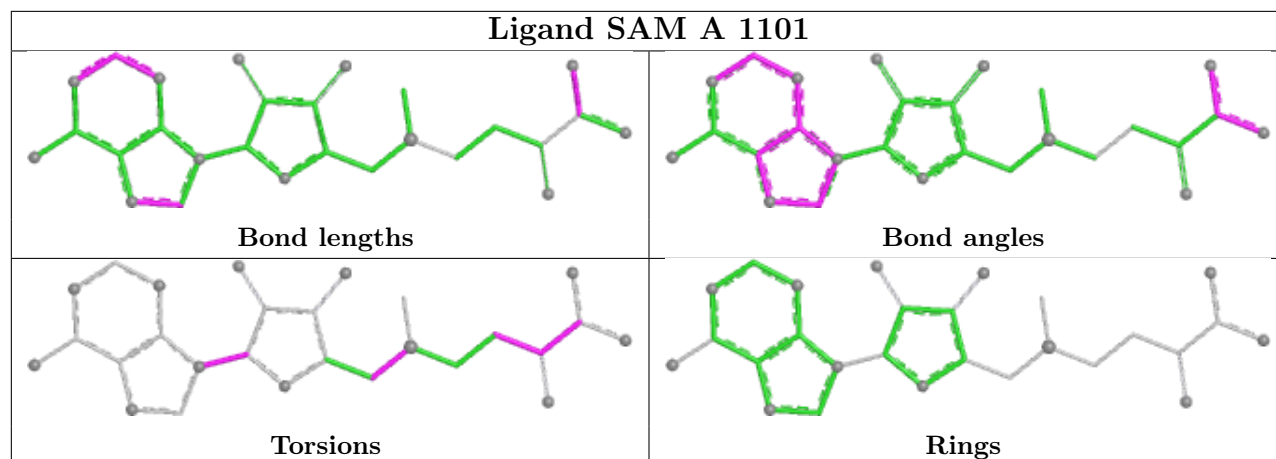
3 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	A	1104	GTP	1	0
4	A	1102	SAM	1	0
4	A	1101	SAM	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

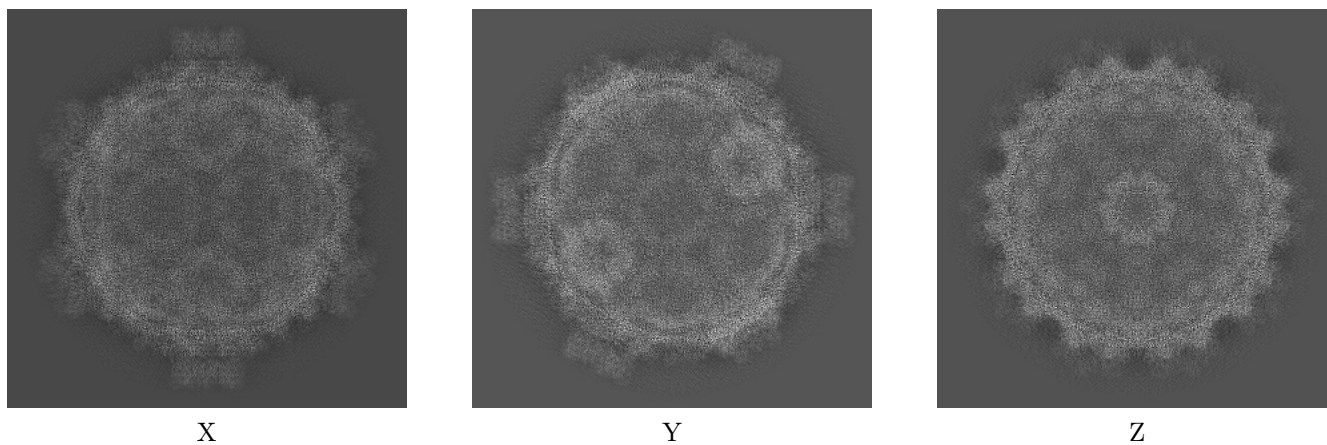
## 6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-6378. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

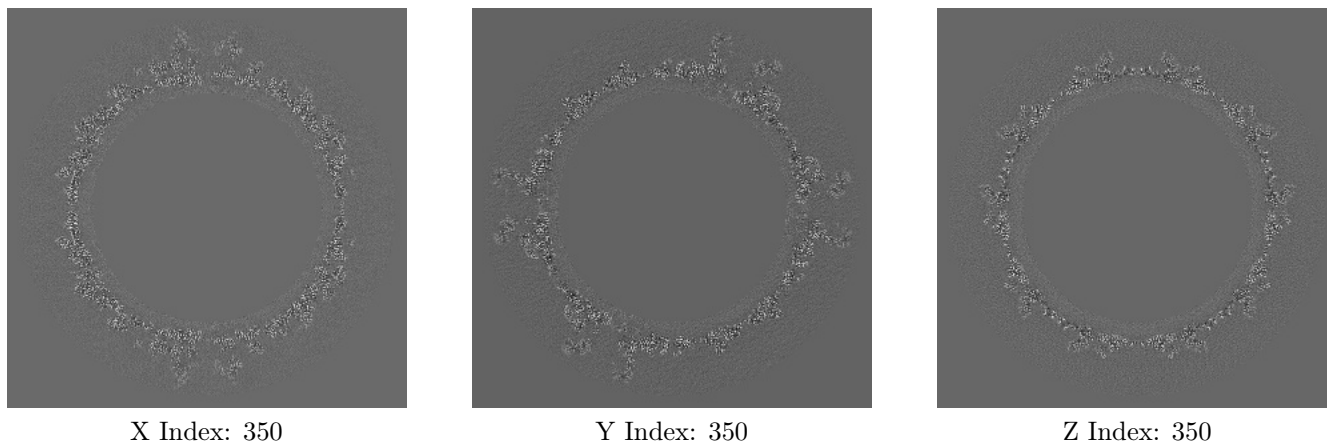
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

### 6.2 Central slices [i](#)

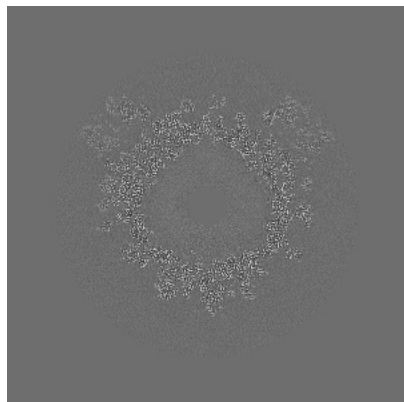
#### 6.2.1 Primary map



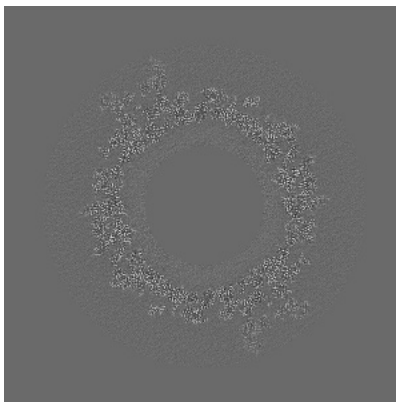
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

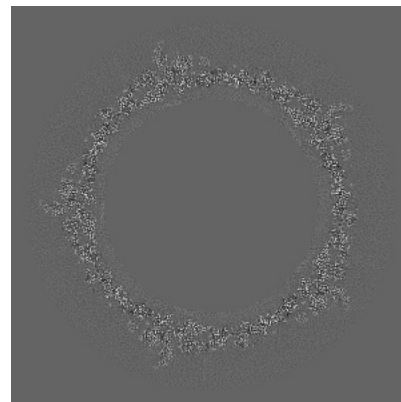
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 153



Y Index: 521

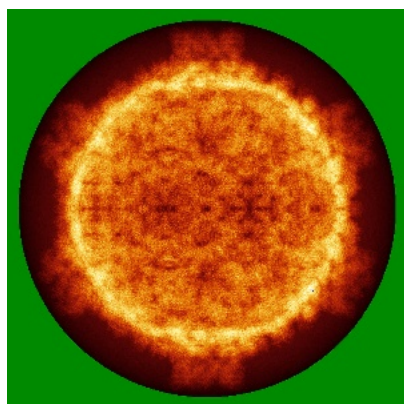


Z Index: 278

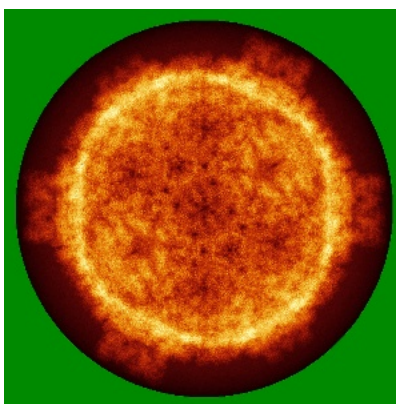
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

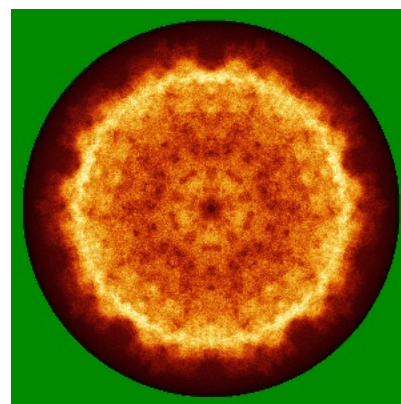
### 6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

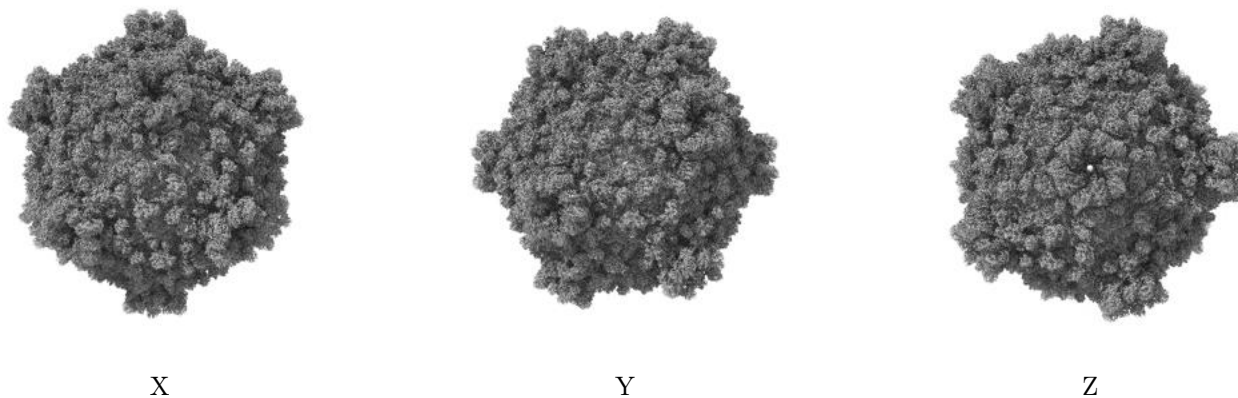


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

### 6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 4.0. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

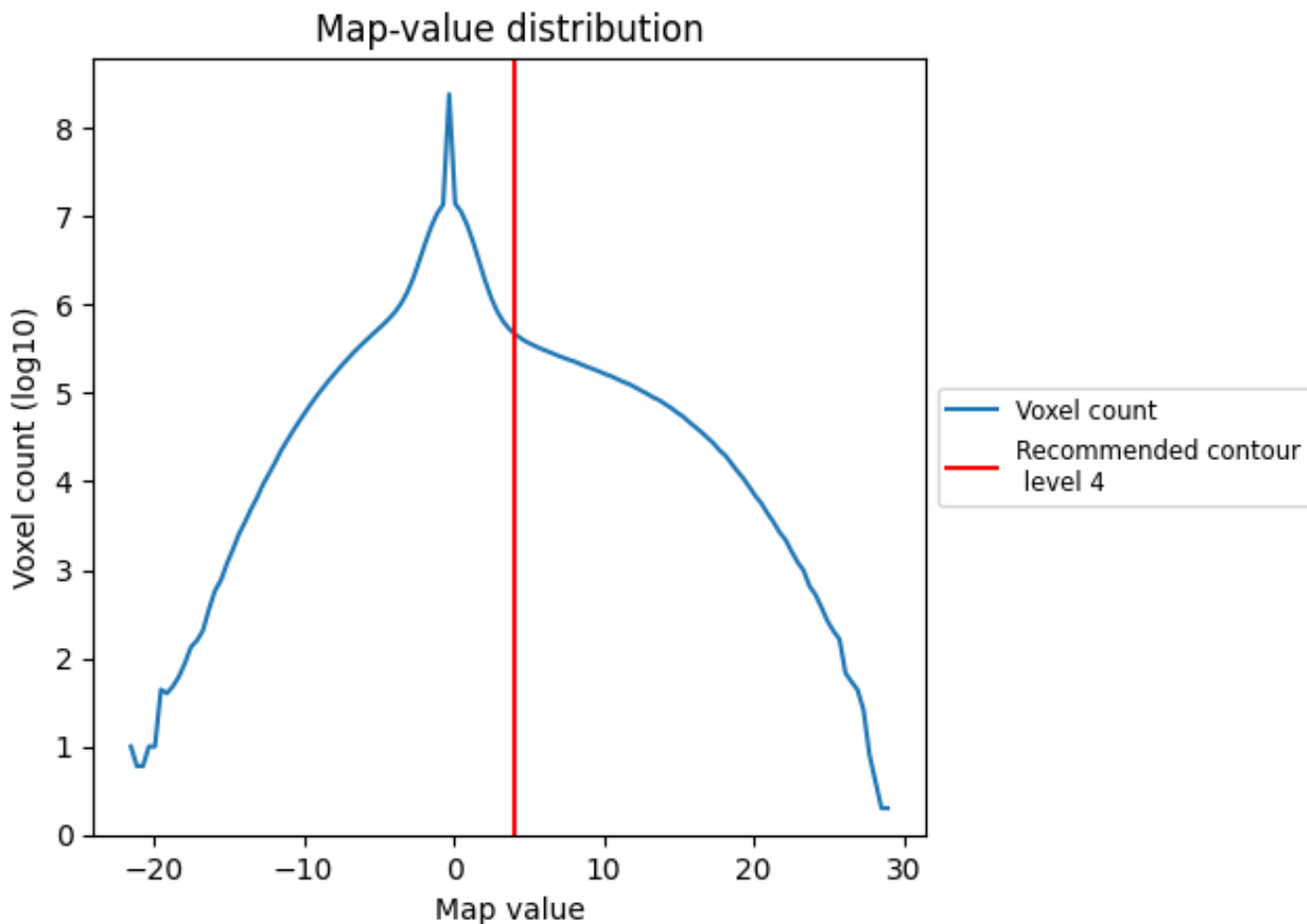
## 6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

## 7 Map analysis [i](#)

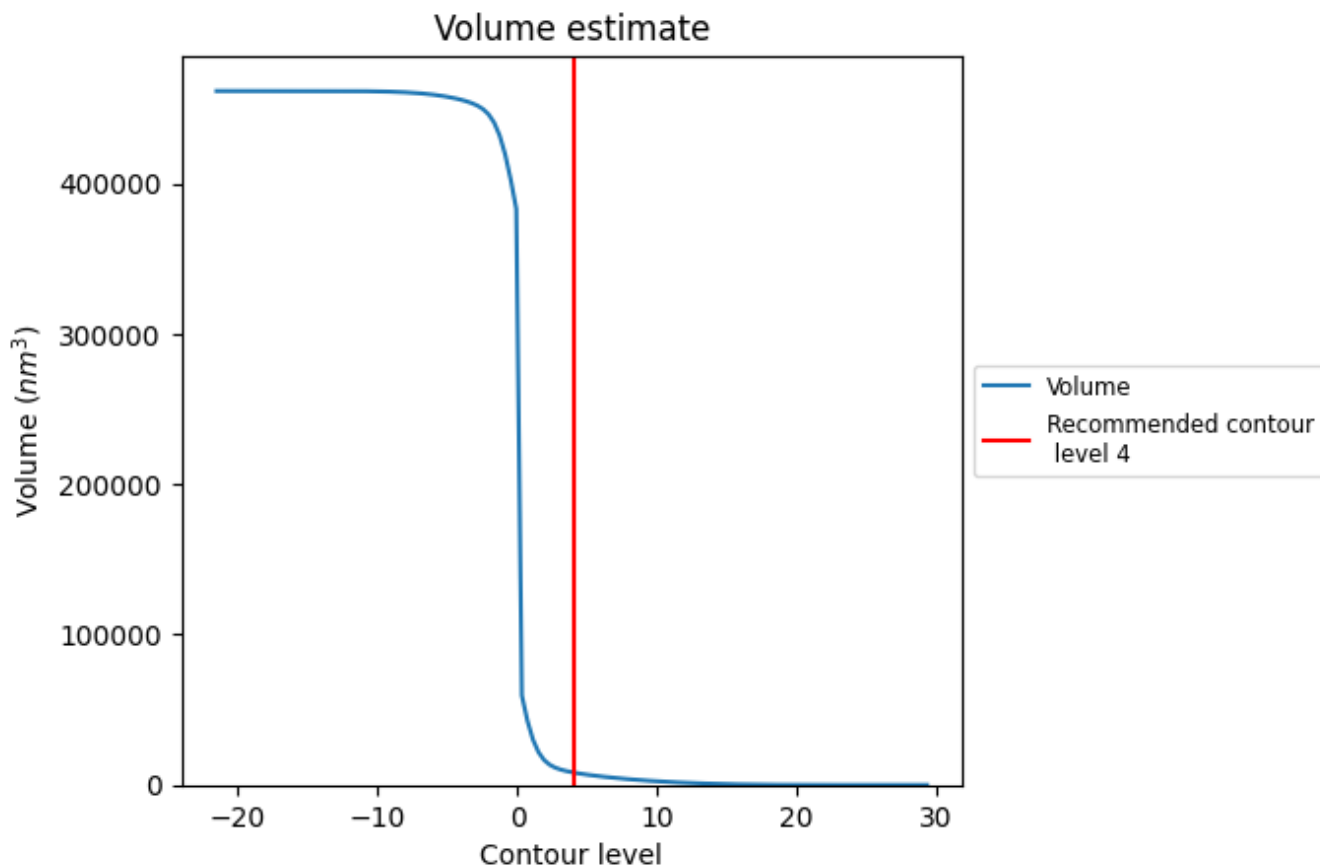
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

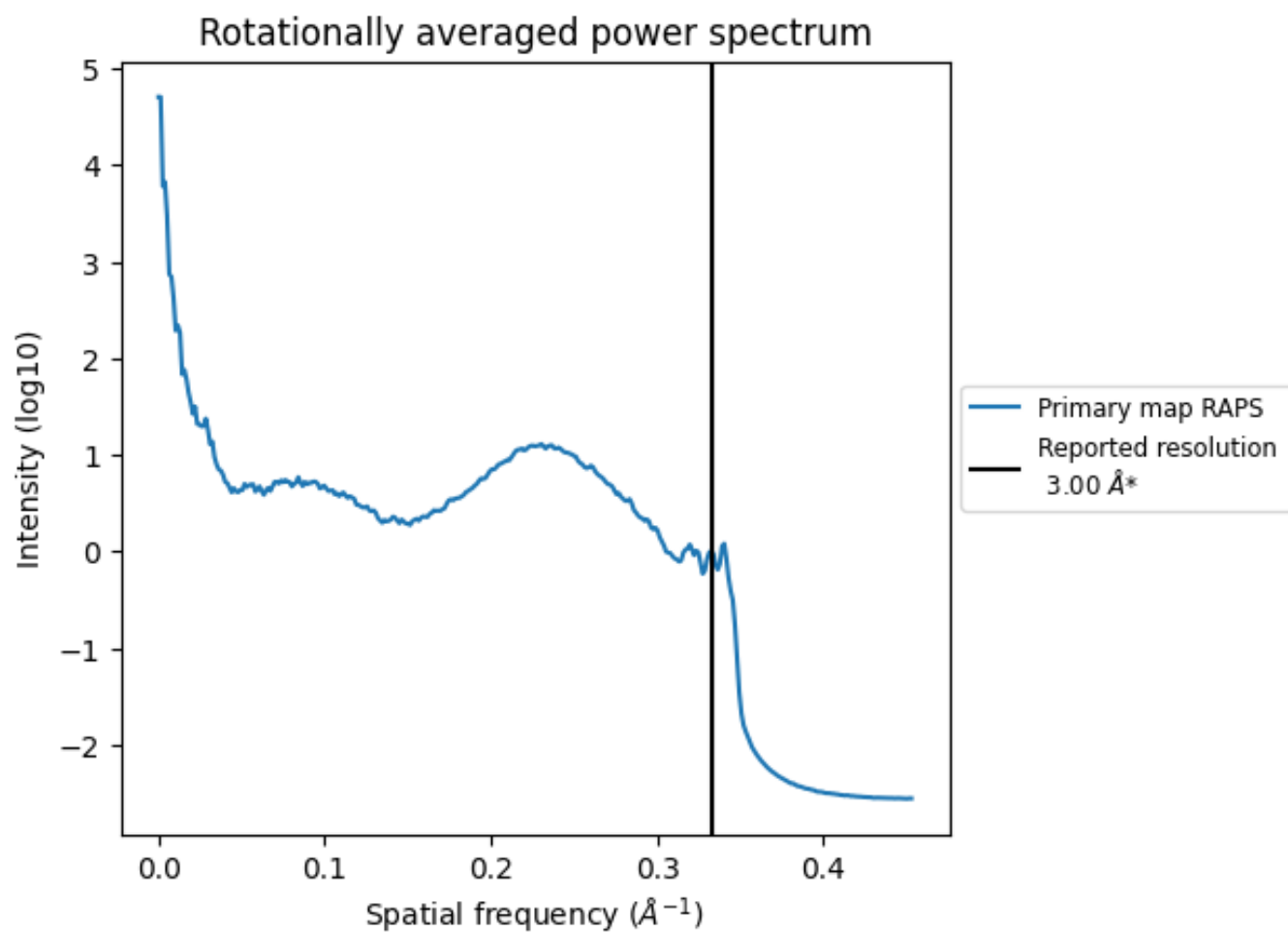
## 7.2 Volume estimate [\(i\)](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 8307  $\text{nm}^3$ ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 7504 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum i



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of  $0.333 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$

## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation

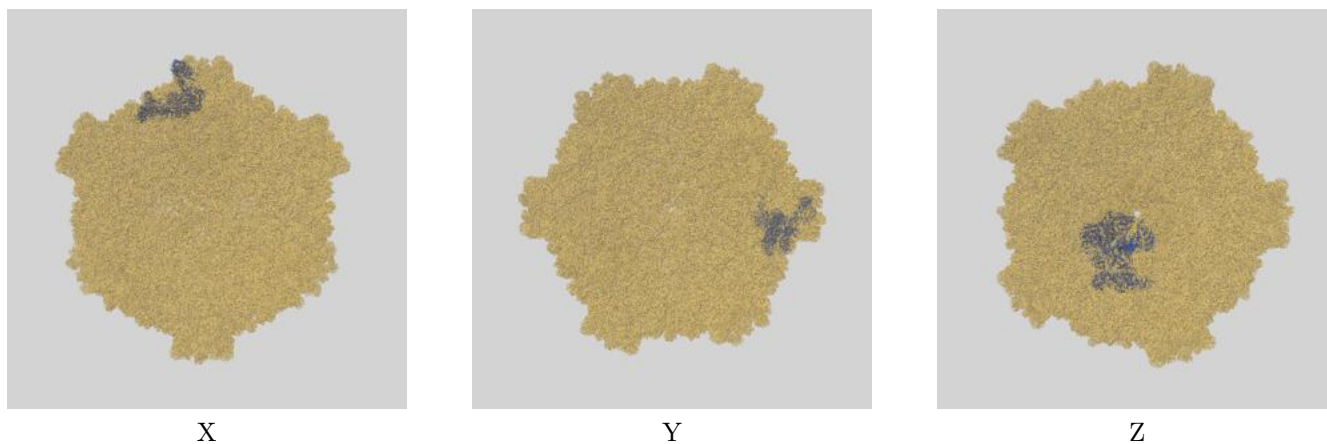
This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

## 9 Map-model fit [i](#)

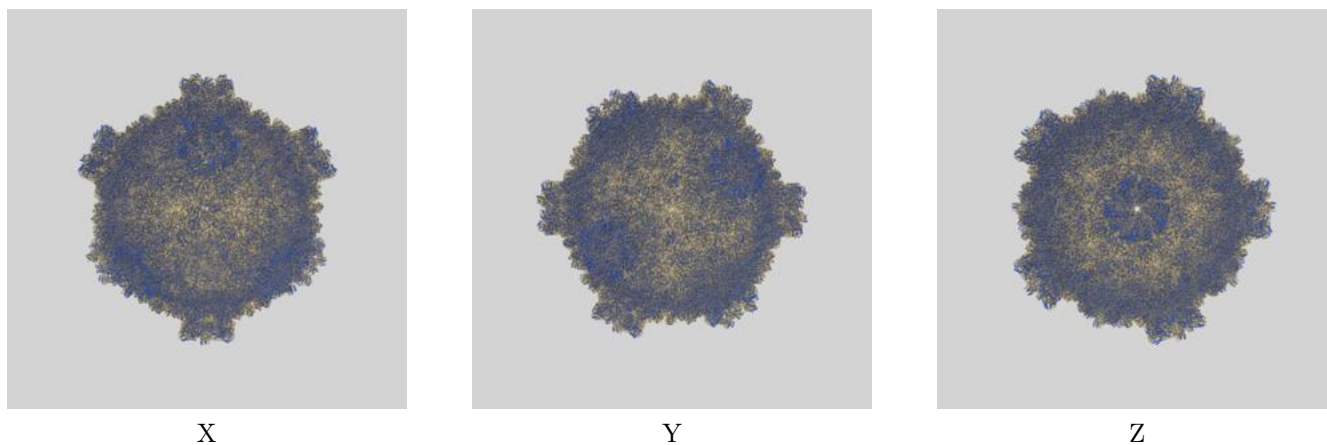
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-6378 and PDB model 3JAY. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

### 9.1 Map-model overlays

#### 9.1.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)

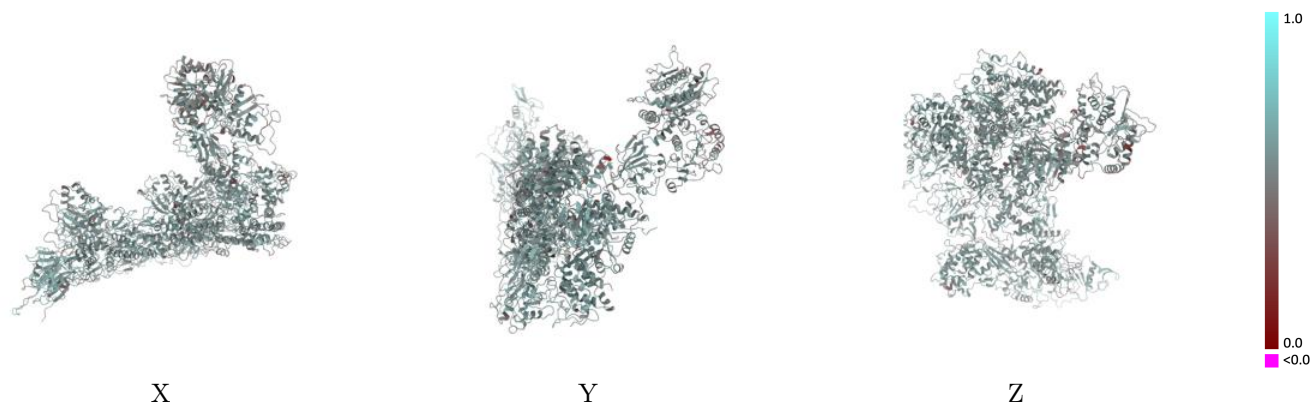


#### 9.1.2 Map-model assembly overlay [i](#)



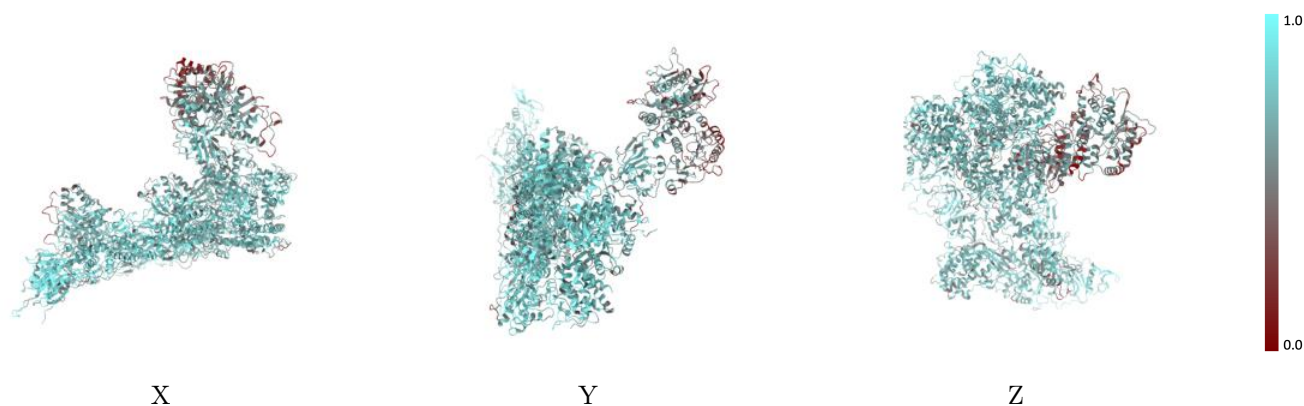
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 4.0 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



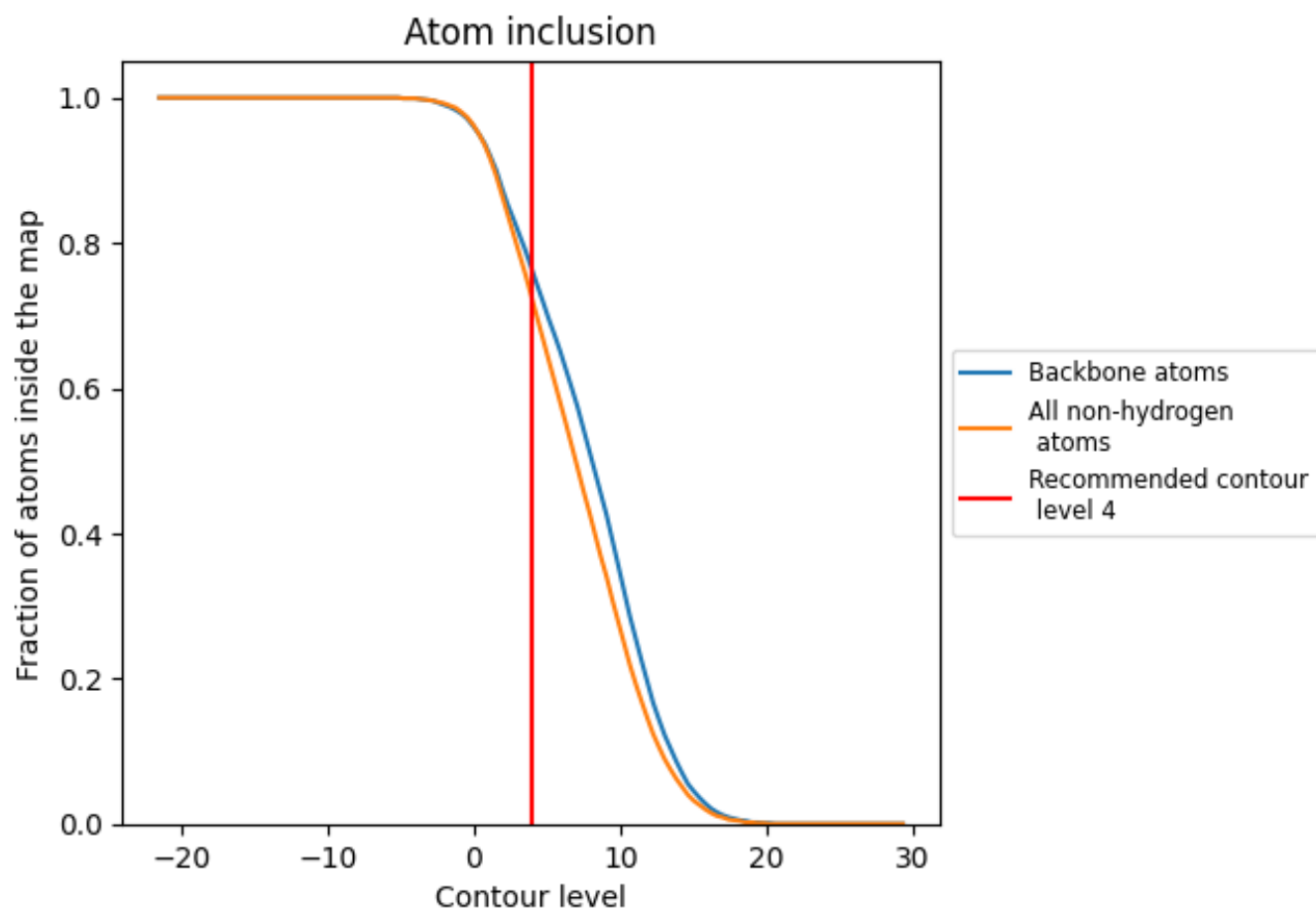
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (4).













## 9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 76% of all backbone atoms, 72% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

## 9.5 Map-model fit summary [i](#)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (4) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.7200	 0.5490
A	 0.6160	 0.5310
B	 0.7550	 0.5550
C	 0.7630	 0.5550
D	 0.7590	 0.5620
E	 0.7400	 0.5540

