



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jun 15, 2026 – 12:34 PM EDT

PDB ID : 9COP / pdb_00009cop
EMDB ID : EMD-45788
Title : Yeast RAVE bound to V-ATPase V1 complex
Authors : Wang, H.; Rubinstein, J.L.
Deposited on : 2024-07-17
Resolution : 2.70 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

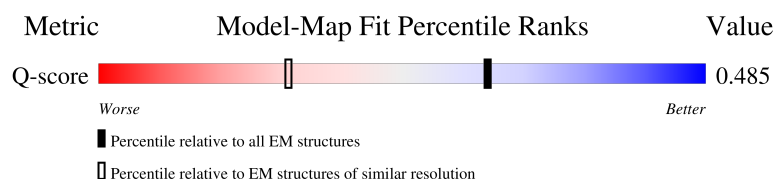
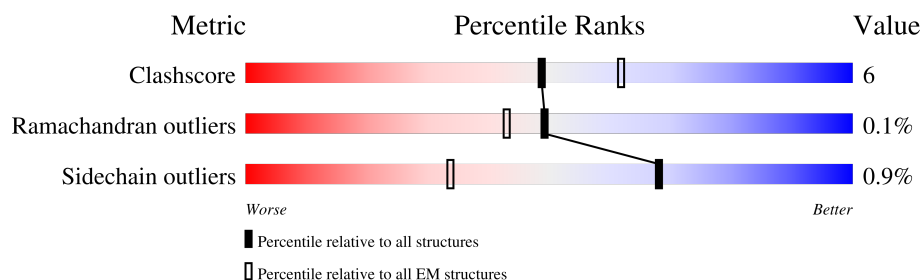
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	10327 (2.20 - 3.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	1071	
1	E	1071	
2	B	517	
2	F	517	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
3	I	233	 78%12% • 9%
3	K	233	 73%12%15%
4	J	114	 72%16%12%
4	L	114	 66%10%25%
5	M	256	 73%10%17%
6	N	117	 87%11% •
7	P	478	 89% • 9%
8	x	1357	 75%13%12%
9	y	351	 68% • 31%
10	z	194	 56%9% • 35%

2 Entry composition

There are 12 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 70017 atoms, of which 33522 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called V-type proton ATPase catalytic subunit A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
1	A	596	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			9129	2916	4530	763	900	20		
1	E	587	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			8981	2869	4461	751	882	18		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called V-type proton ATPase subunit B.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
2	B	471	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			7396	2340	3698	634	712	12		
2	F	467	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			7313	2318	3649	627	707	12		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called V-type proton ATPase subunit E.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
3	I	212	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			3435	1058	1748	289	336	4		
3	K	197	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			3056	953	1537	263	299	4		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called V-type proton ATPase subunit G.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	J	100	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			1483	461	748	130	144		
4	L	86	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			1026	341	475	97	113		

- Molecule 5 is a protein called V-type proton ATPase subunit D.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
5	M	213	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			2896	939	1386	280	287	4		

- Molecule 6 is a protein called V-type proton ATPase subunit F.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
6	N	115	Total	C	H	N	O		0	0
			1466	499	671	148	148			

- Molecule 7 is a protein called V-type proton ATPase subunit H.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
7	P	436	Total	C	H	N	O		0	0
			3168	1315	981	436	436			

- Molecule 8 is a protein called Regulator of V-ATPase in vacuolar membrane protein 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
8	x	1192	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			17086	5701	8239	1540	1571	35		

- Molecule 9 is a protein called Regulator of V-ATPase in vacuolar membrane protein 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
9	y	242	Total	C	H	N	O		0	0
			1779	735	560	242	242			

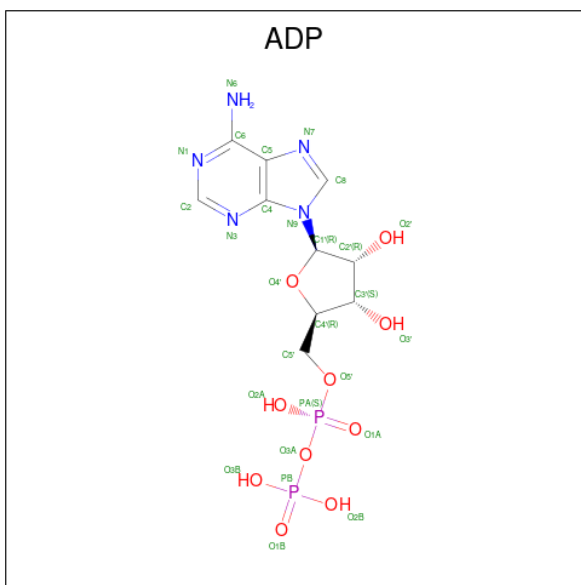
- Molecule 10 is a protein called Suppressor of kinetochore protein 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
10	z	127	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1723	571	815	168	166	3		

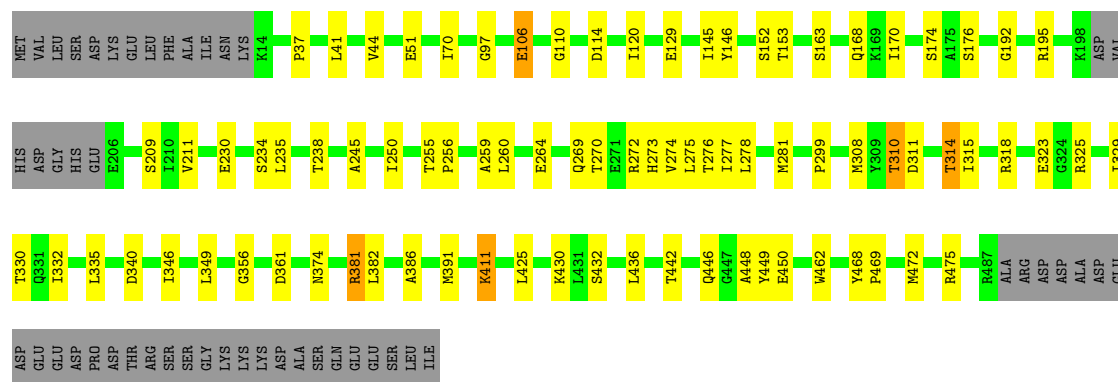
- Molecule 11 is MAGNESIUM ION (CCD ID: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
11	A	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	
11	E	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	

- Molecule 12 is ADENOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: ADP) (formula: C₁₀H₁₅N₅O₁₀P₂).

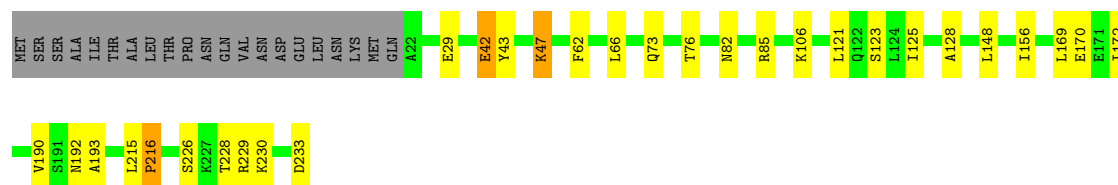


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	
12	A	1	Total 39	C 10	H 12	N 5	O 10	P 2	0
12	E	1	Total 39	C 10	H 12	N 5	O 10	P 2	0



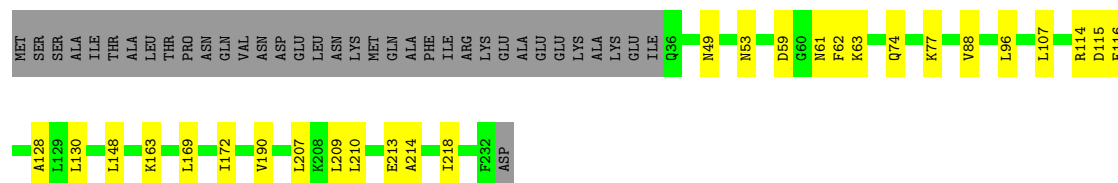
• Molecule 3: V-type proton ATPase subunit E

Chain I: 78% 12% 9%



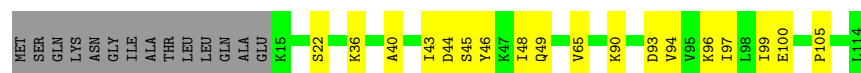
• Molecule 3: V-type proton ATPase subunit E

Chain K: 73% 12% 15%



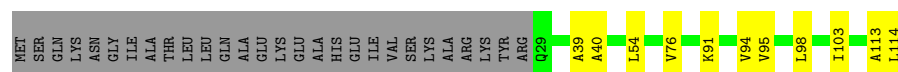
• Molecule 4: V-type proton ATPase subunit G

Chain J: 72% 16% 12%



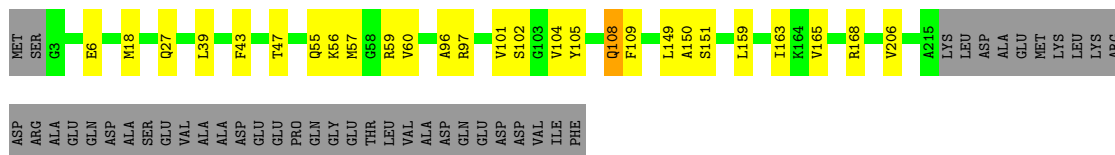
• Molecule 4: V-type proton ATPase subunit G

Chain L: 66% 10% 25%



• Molecule 5: V-type proton ATPase subunit D

Chain M: 73% 10% 17%



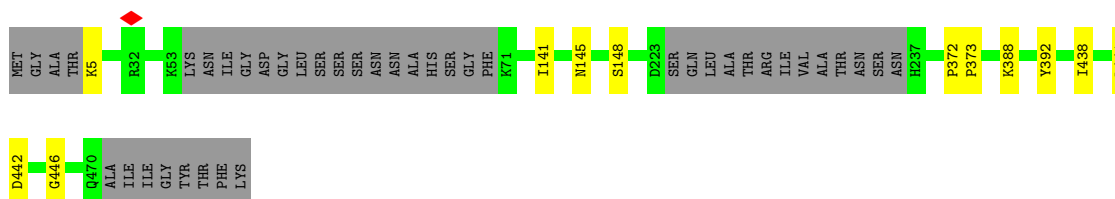
- Molecule 6: V-type proton ATPase subunit F

Chain N: 87% 11% .



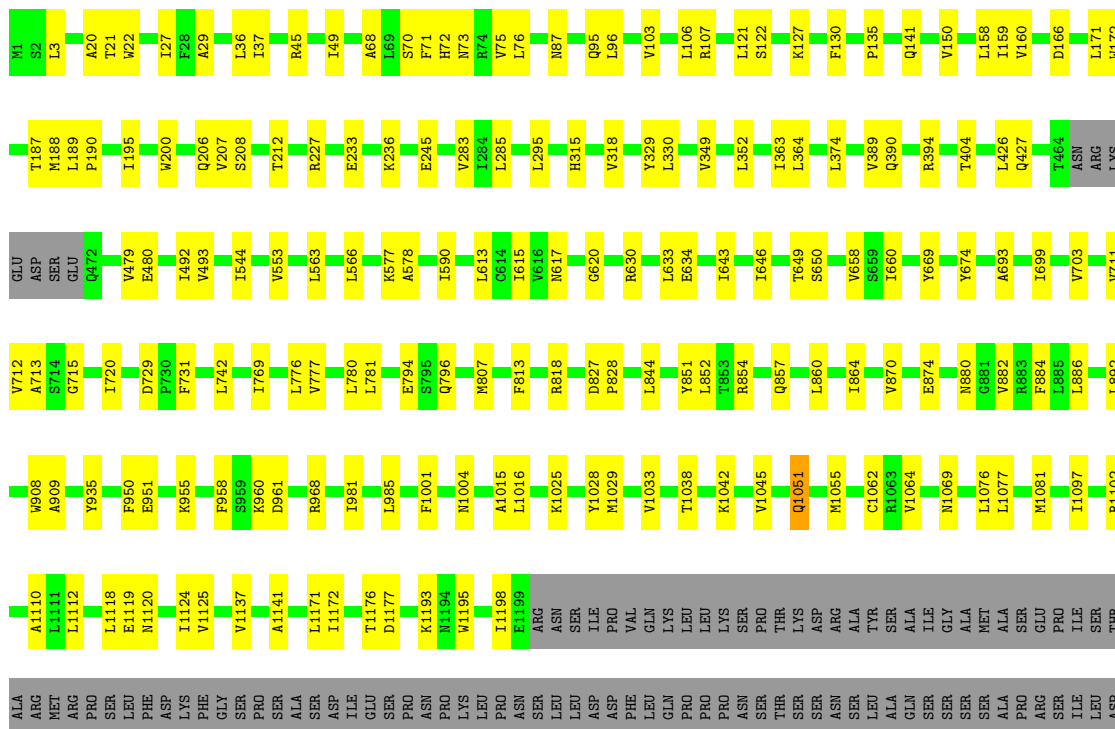
- Molecule 7: V-type proton ATPase subunit H

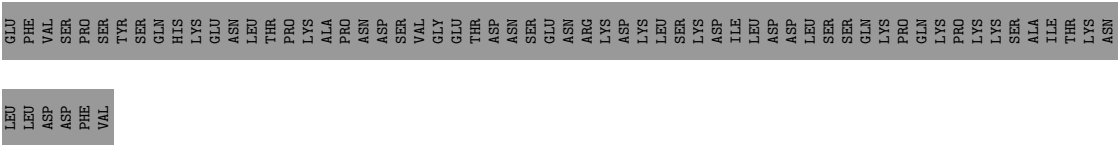
Chain P: 89% 9% .



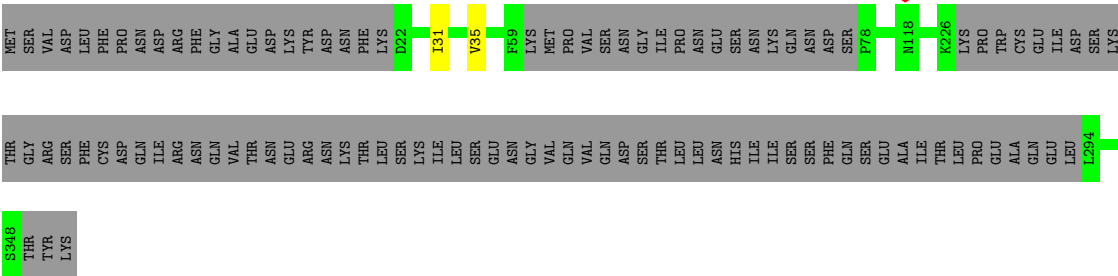
- Molecule 8: Regulator of V-ATPase in vacuolar membrane protein 1

Chain x: 75% 13% 12%

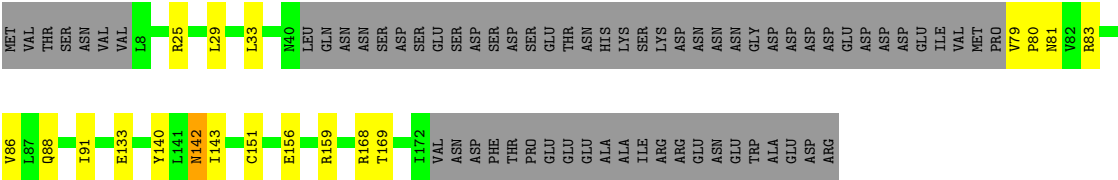




● Molecule 9: Regulator of V-ATPase in vacuolar membrane protein 2



● Molecule 10: Suppressor of kinetochore protein 1



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	71341	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	42	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2300	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON IV (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	5.183	Depositor
Minimum map value	-2.780	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.096	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.1	Depositor
Map size (Å)	401.69998, 401.69998, 401.69998	wwPDB
Map dimensions	390, 390, 390	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.03, 1.03, 1.03	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, ADP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$
1	A	0.33	2/4698 (0.0%)	0.49	4/6368 (0.1%)
1	E	0.62	5/4618 (0.1%)	0.85	5/6263 (0.1%)
2	B	0.54	3/3767 (0.1%)	0.77	7/5103 (0.1%)
2	F	0.67	1/3733 (0.0%)	0.97	11/5059 (0.2%)
3	I	0.36	1/1700 (0.1%)	0.58	2/2279 (0.1%)
3	K	0.16	0/1531	0.35	0/2058
4	J	0.26	0/737	0.51	0/983
4	L	0.30	0/552	0.47	0/750
5	M	0.30	0/1523	0.52	1/2058 (0.0%)
6	N	0.16	0/808	0.41	0/1103
7	P	0.10	0/2193	0.27	0/3066
8	x	0.31	0/9048	0.50	5/12364 (0.0%)
9	y	0.13	0/1224	0.32	0/1710
10	z	0.19	0/921	0.42	0/1253
All	All	0.42	12/37053 (0.0%)	0.63	35/50417 (0.1%)

The worst 5 of 12 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	85	PRO	C-O	-7.63	1.15	1.23
1	E	217	PRO	C-O	-6.20	1.15	1.23
1	E	807	MET	C-O	-6.09	1.16	1.24
1	E	34	PRO	C-O	-5.77	1.17	1.24
1	A	915	TYR	C-O	-5.72	1.16	1.23

The worst 5 of 35 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
8	x	880	ASN	N-CA-C	-9.29	102.08	113.50
2	F	129	GLU	N-CA-C	-8.26	102.99	113.72

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)
1	E	784	ARG	N-CA-C	-7.18	103.99	112.89
2	B	82	GLY	CA-C-O	-6.90	117.07	122.52
2	F	106	GLU	N-CA-C	-6.37	105.47	113.18

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4599	4530	4531	49	0
1	E	4520	4461	4461	74	0
2	B	3698	3698	3697	30	0
2	F	3664	3649	3648	51	0
3	I	1687	1748	1748	21	0
3	K	1519	1537	1537	16	0
4	J	735	748	748	19	0
4	L	551	475	475	10	0
5	M	1510	1386	1386	20	0
6	N	795	671	671	10	0
7	P	2187	981	979	6	0
8	x	8847	8239	8238	112	0
9	y	1219	560	559	1	0
10	z	908	815	814	15	0
11	A	1	0	0	0	0
11	E	1	0	0	0	0
12	A	27	12	12	1	0
12	E	27	12	12	3	0
All	All	36495	33522	33516	406	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 406 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:E:44:CYS:SG	1:E:61:VAL:HG21	2.15	0.86
1:E:102:MET:HE3	1:E:798:PHE:CE2	2.15	0.81
1:E:70:THR:HG21	1:E:826:LEU:CD1	2.12	0.79
1:A:968:ILE:HD11	1:A:1016:VAL:HG21	1.64	0.78
1:E:102:MET:HE3	1:E:798:PHE:CZ	2.25	0.71

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	594/1071 (56%)	577 (97%)	17 (3%)	0	100	100
1	E	585/1071 (55%)	558 (95%)	26 (4%)	1 (0%)	43	68
2	B	467/517 (90%)	453 (97%)	13 (3%)	1 (0%)	43	68
2	F	463/517 (90%)	444 (96%)	19 (4%)	0	100	100
3	I	210/233 (90%)	204 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
3	K	195/233 (84%)	189 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
4	J	98/114 (86%)	93 (95%)	5 (5%)	0	100	100
4	L	84/114 (74%)	81 (96%)	3 (4%)	0	100	100
5	M	211/256 (82%)	202 (96%)	9 (4%)	0	100	100
6	N	113/117 (97%)	103 (91%)	10 (9%)	0	100	100
7	P	430/478 (90%)	413 (96%)	17 (4%)	0	100	100
8	x	1188/1357 (88%)	1097 (92%)	90 (8%)	1 (0%)	48	73
9	y	236/351 (67%)	234 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
10	z	123/194 (63%)	112 (91%)	11 (9%)	0	100	100
All	All	4997/6623 (75%)	4760 (95%)	234 (5%)	3 (0%)	49	73

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	487	ARG
8	x	127	LYS
1	E	183	ILE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	499/908 (55%)	498 (100%)	1 (0%)	87	95
1	E	490/908 (54%)	483 (99%)	7 (1%)	59	82
2	B	402/444 (90%)	398 (99%)	4 (1%)	68	86
2	F	398/444 (90%)	388 (98%)	10 (2%)	42	71
3	I	187/208 (90%)	183 (98%)	4 (2%)	47	75
3	K	162/208 (78%)	162 (100%)	0	100	100
4	J	69/94 (73%)	69 (100%)	0	100	100
4	L	40/94 (43%)	40 (100%)	0	100	100
5	M	129/221 (58%)	128 (99%)	1 (1%)	73	88
6	N	61/103 (59%)	61 (100%)	0	100	100
7	P	9/439 (2%)	9 (100%)	0	100	100
8	x	839/1244 (67%)	835 (100%)	4 (0%)	81	92
9	y	8/327 (2%)	8 (100%)	0	100	100
10	z	79/179 (44%)	78 (99%)	1 (1%)	61	83
All	All	3372/5821 (58%)	3340 (99%)	32 (1%)	68	87

5 of 32 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
8	x	315	HIS
8	x	1042	LYS
2	F	163	SER
1	E	862	THR
8	x	1051	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 29 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	E	982	GLN
8	x	775	GLN
2	F	186	GLN
8	x	63	GLN
2	F	66	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
12	ADP	E	1102	11	28,29,29	0.51	0	43,45,45	0.52	0
12	ADP	A	1102	11	28,29,29	0.59	0	43,45,45	0.47	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
12	ADP	E	1102	11	-	4/16/32/32	0/3/3/3
12	ADP	A	1102	11	-	0/16/32/32	0/3/3/3

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

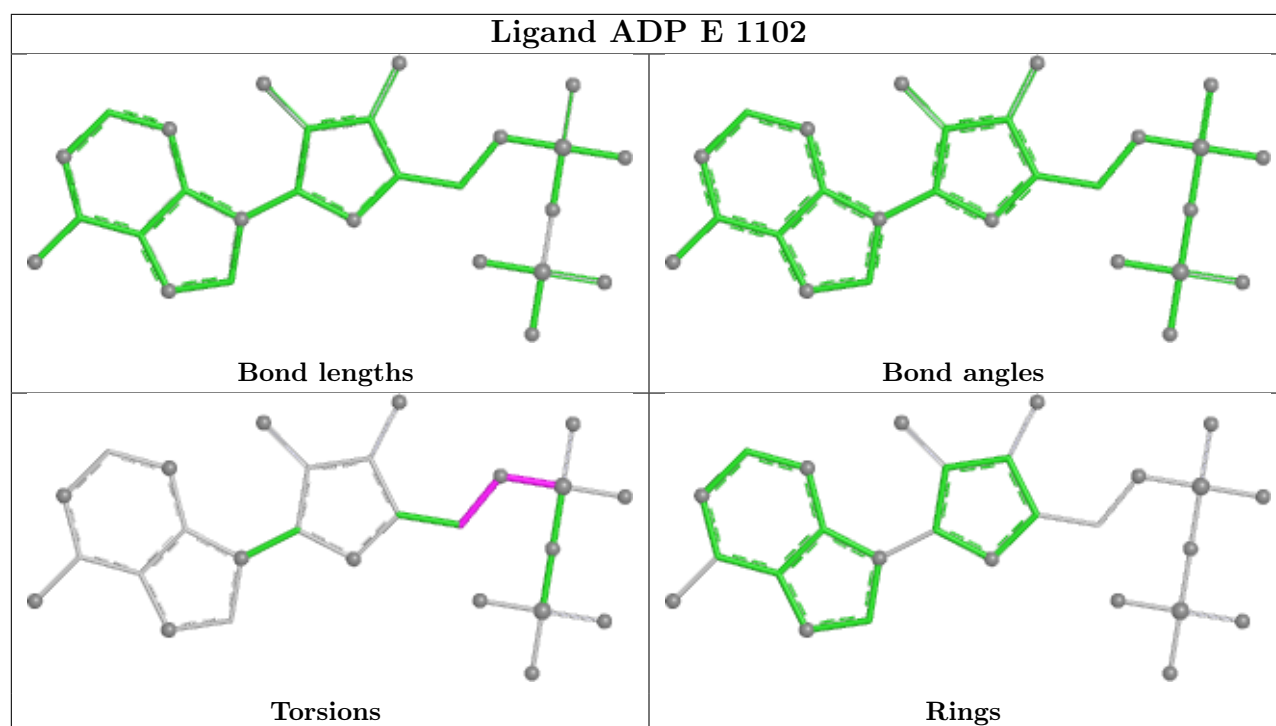
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
12	E	1102	ADP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
12	E	1102	ADP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
12	E	1102	ADP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
12	E	1102	ADP	C4'-C5'-O5'-PA

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
12	E	1102	ADP	3	0
12	A	1102	ADP	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

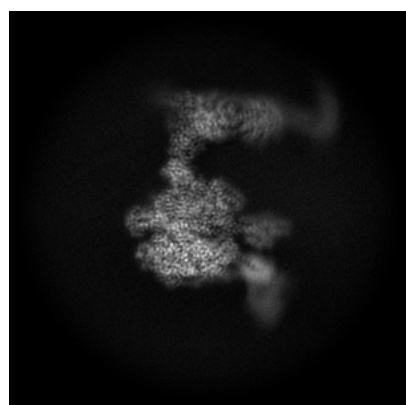
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-45788. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

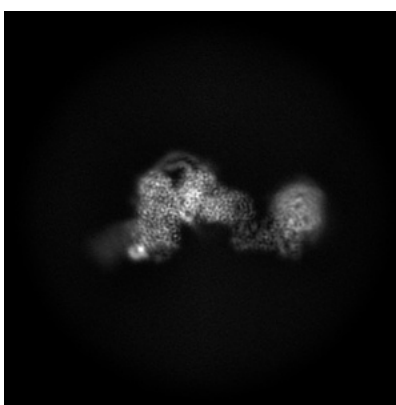
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

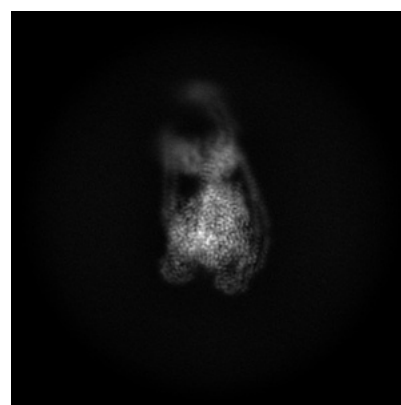
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

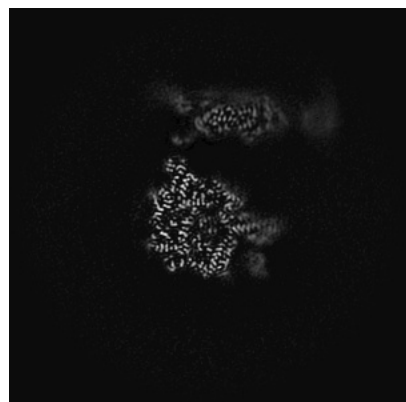


Z

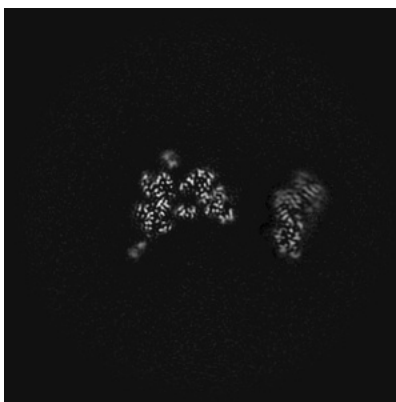
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

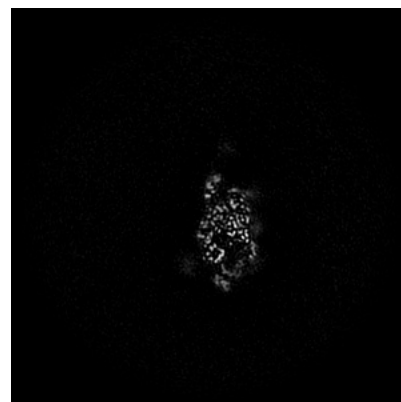
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 195



Y Index: 195

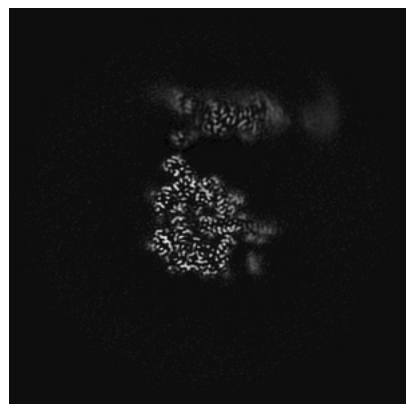


Z Index: 195

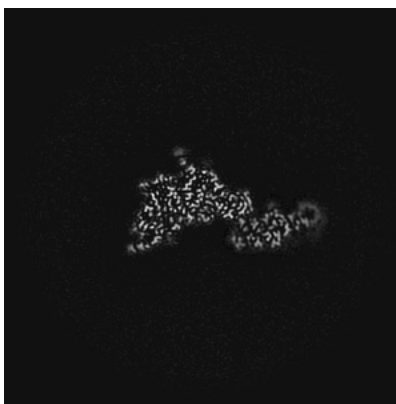
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

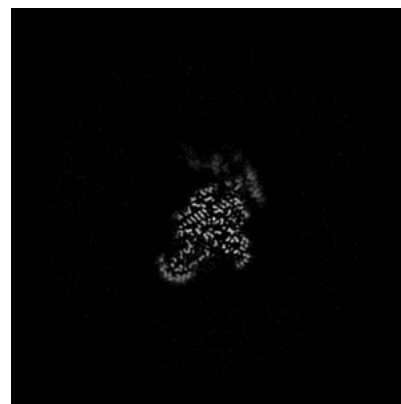
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 192



Y Index: 168

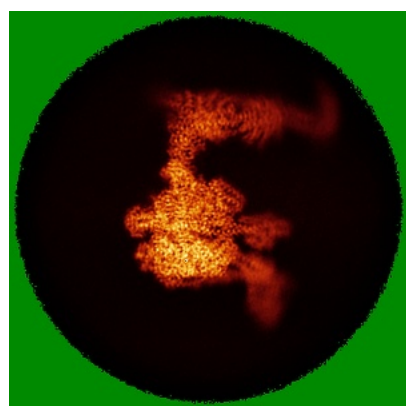


Z Index: 151

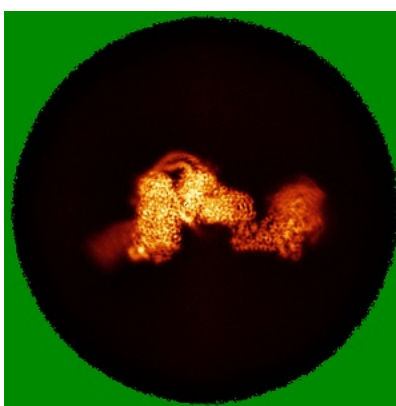
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

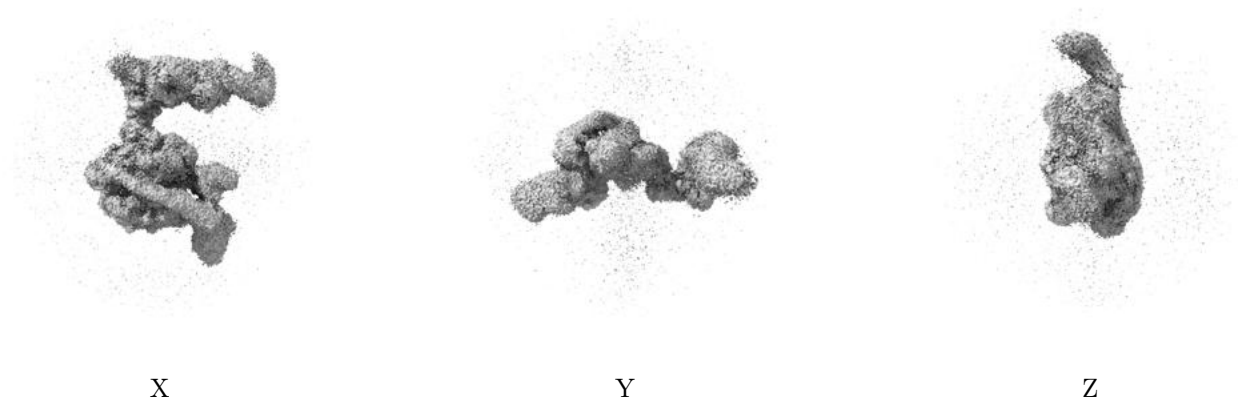


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.1. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

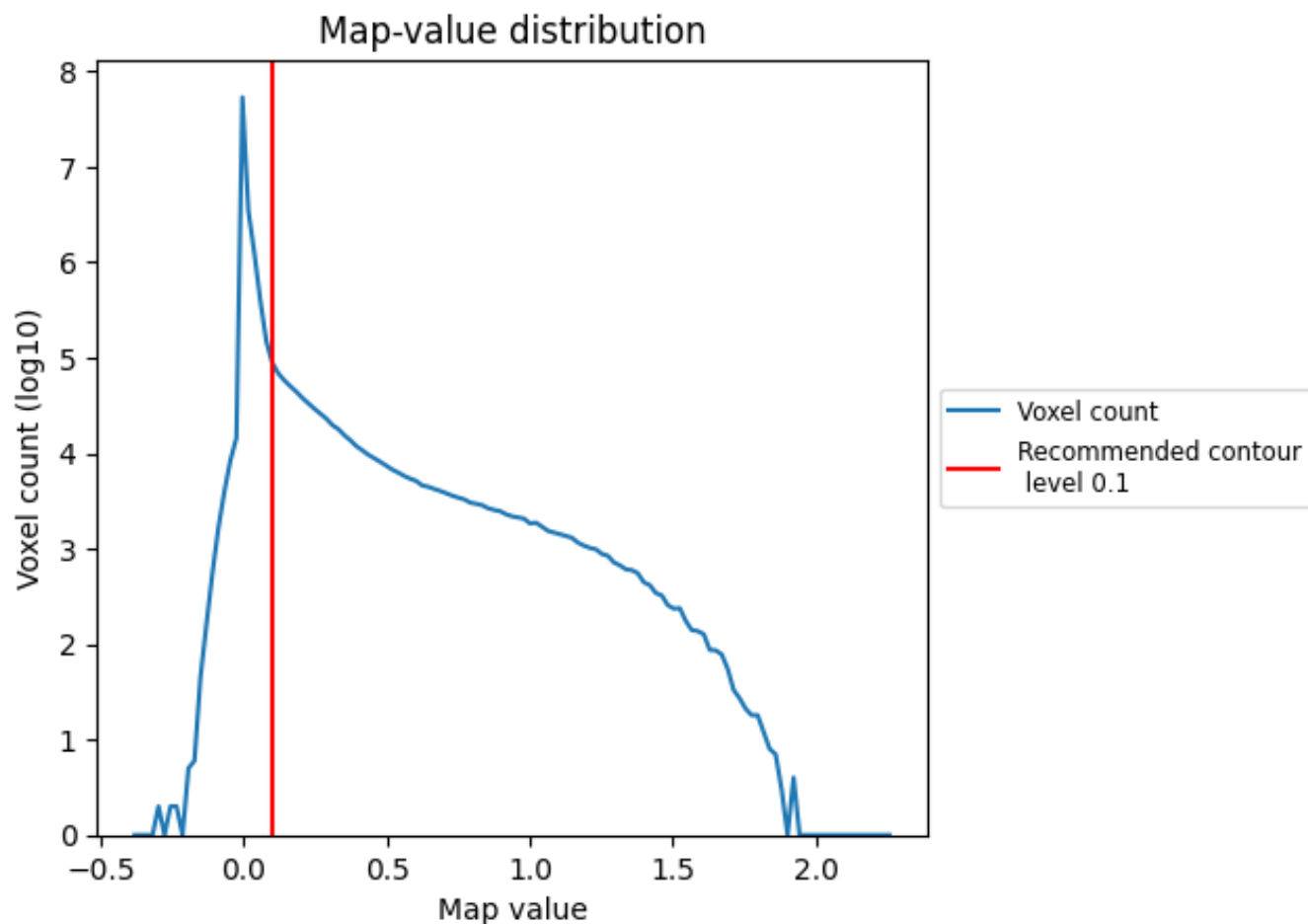
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

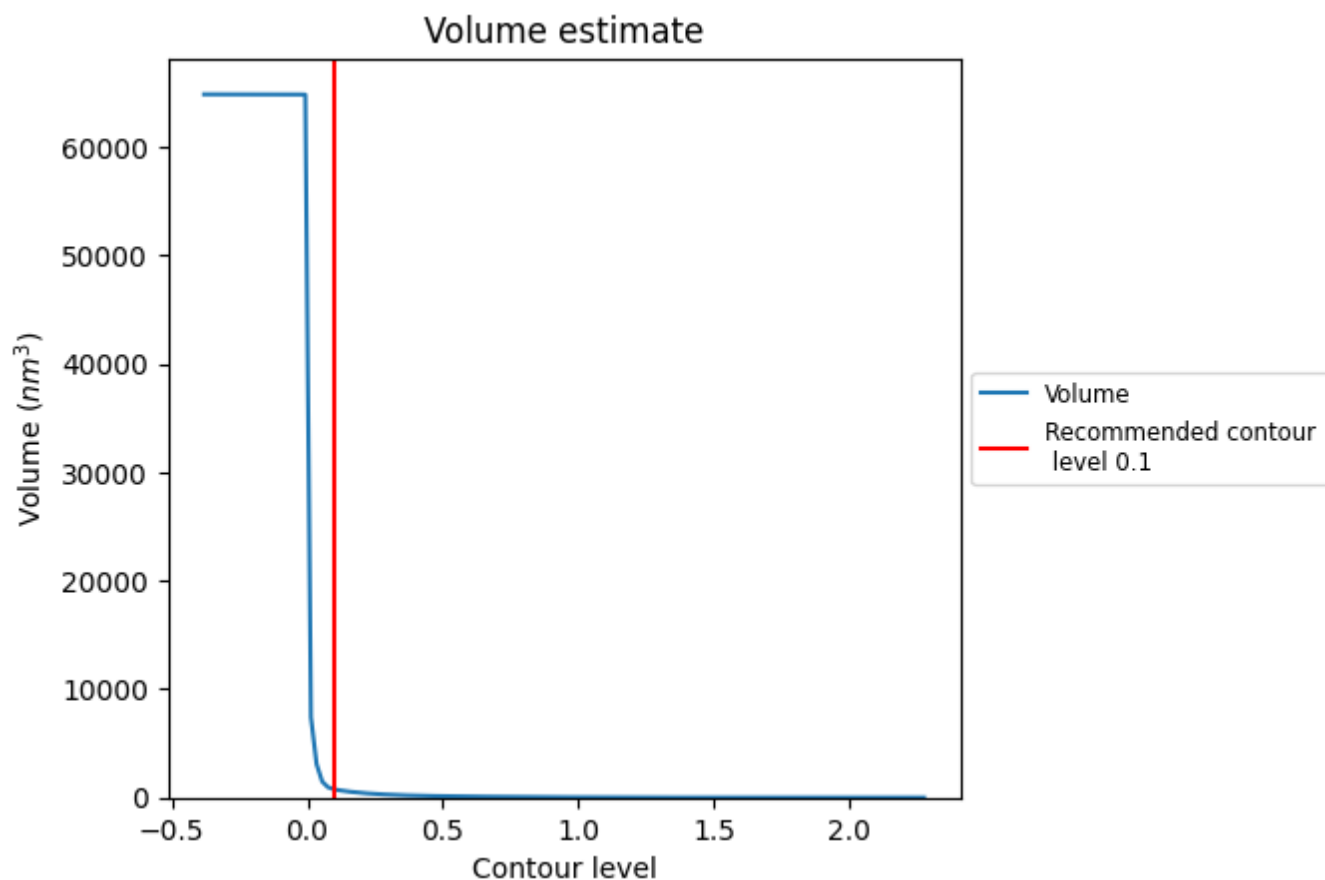
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

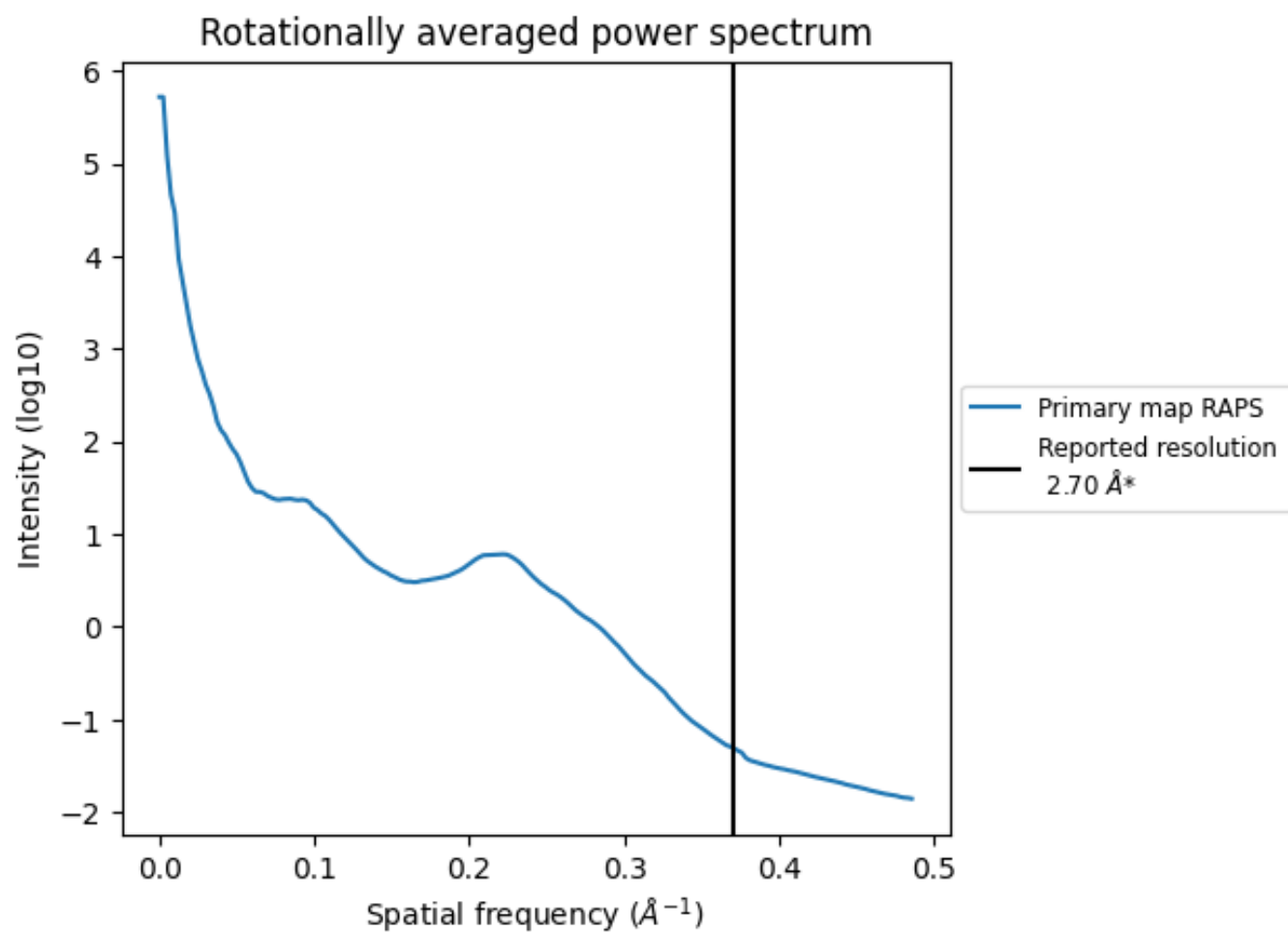
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 759 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 686 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

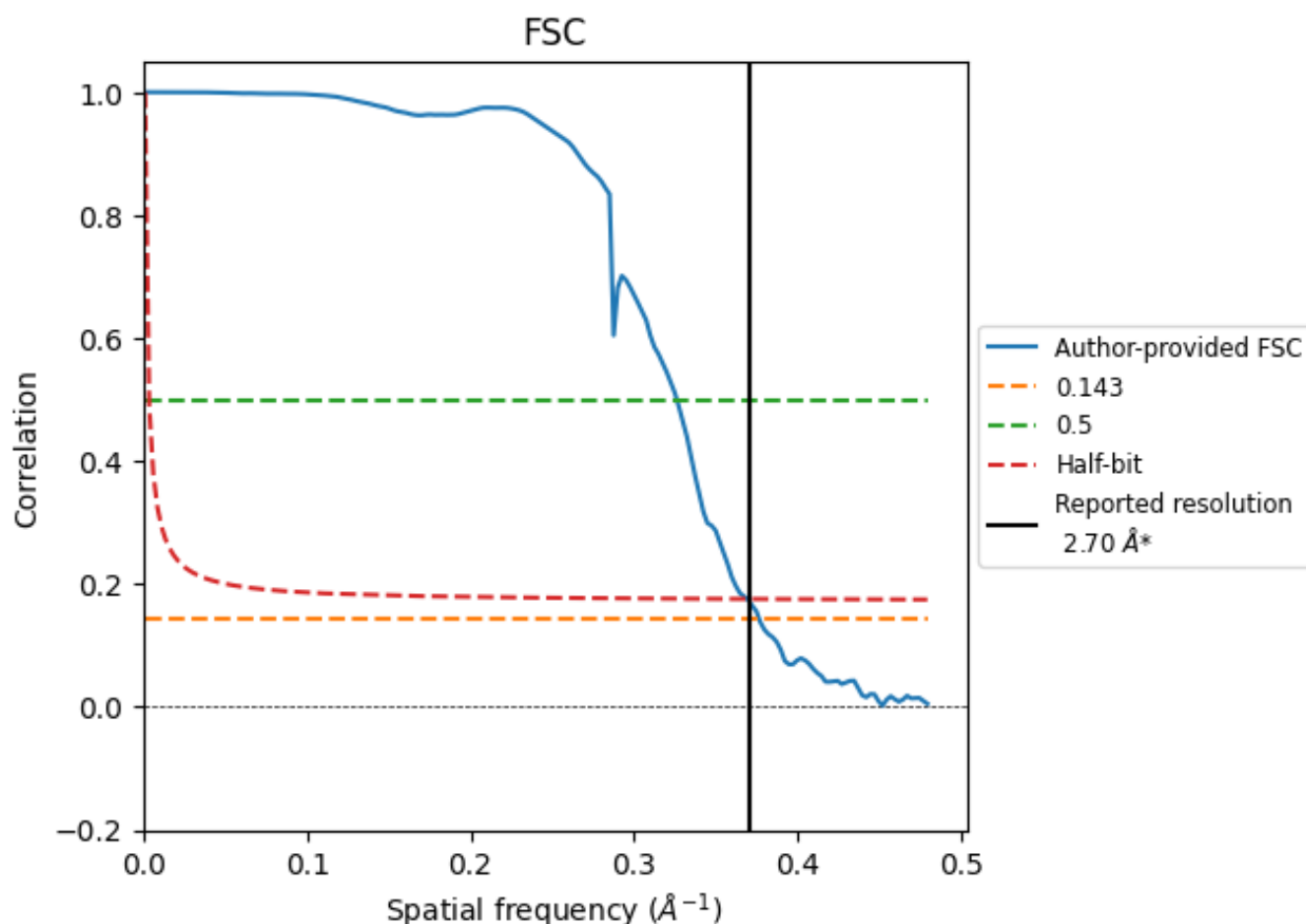


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.370 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.370 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

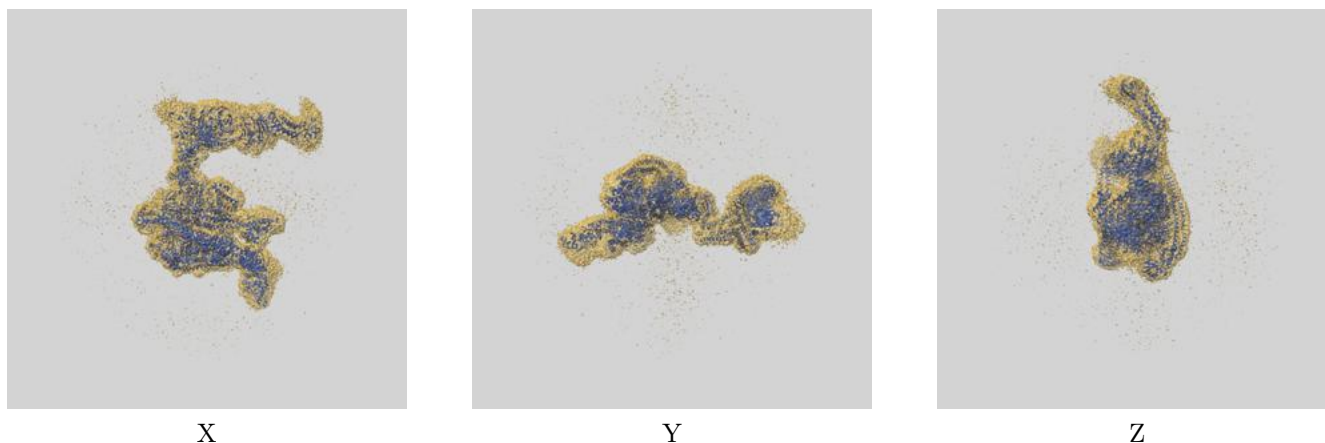
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.70	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	2.66	3.07	2.71
Unmasked-calculated*	-	-	-

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

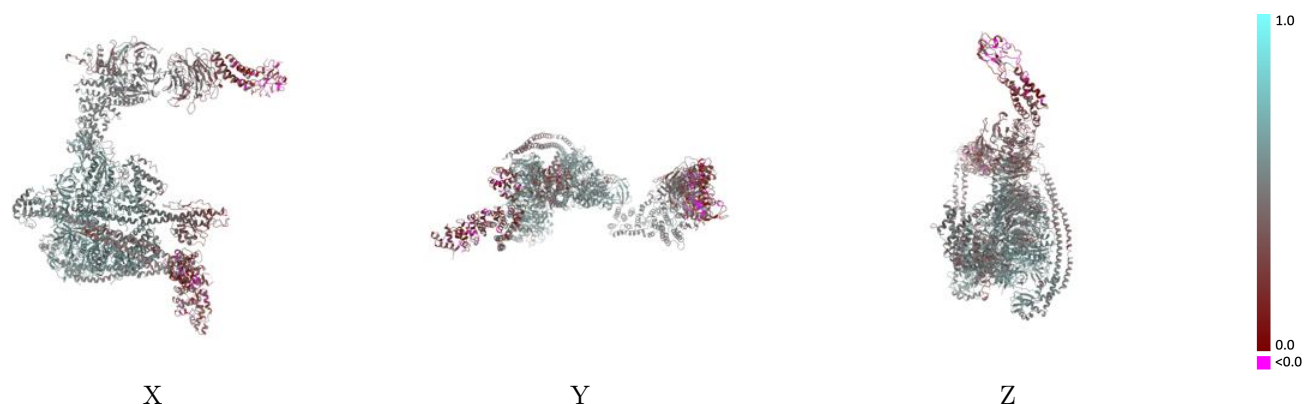
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-45788 and PDB model 9COP. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 7](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



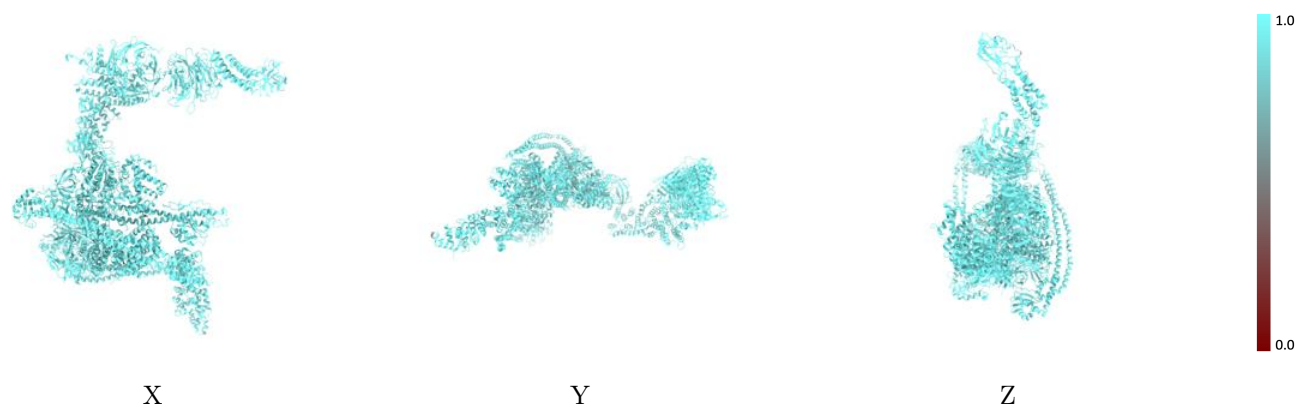
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.1 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



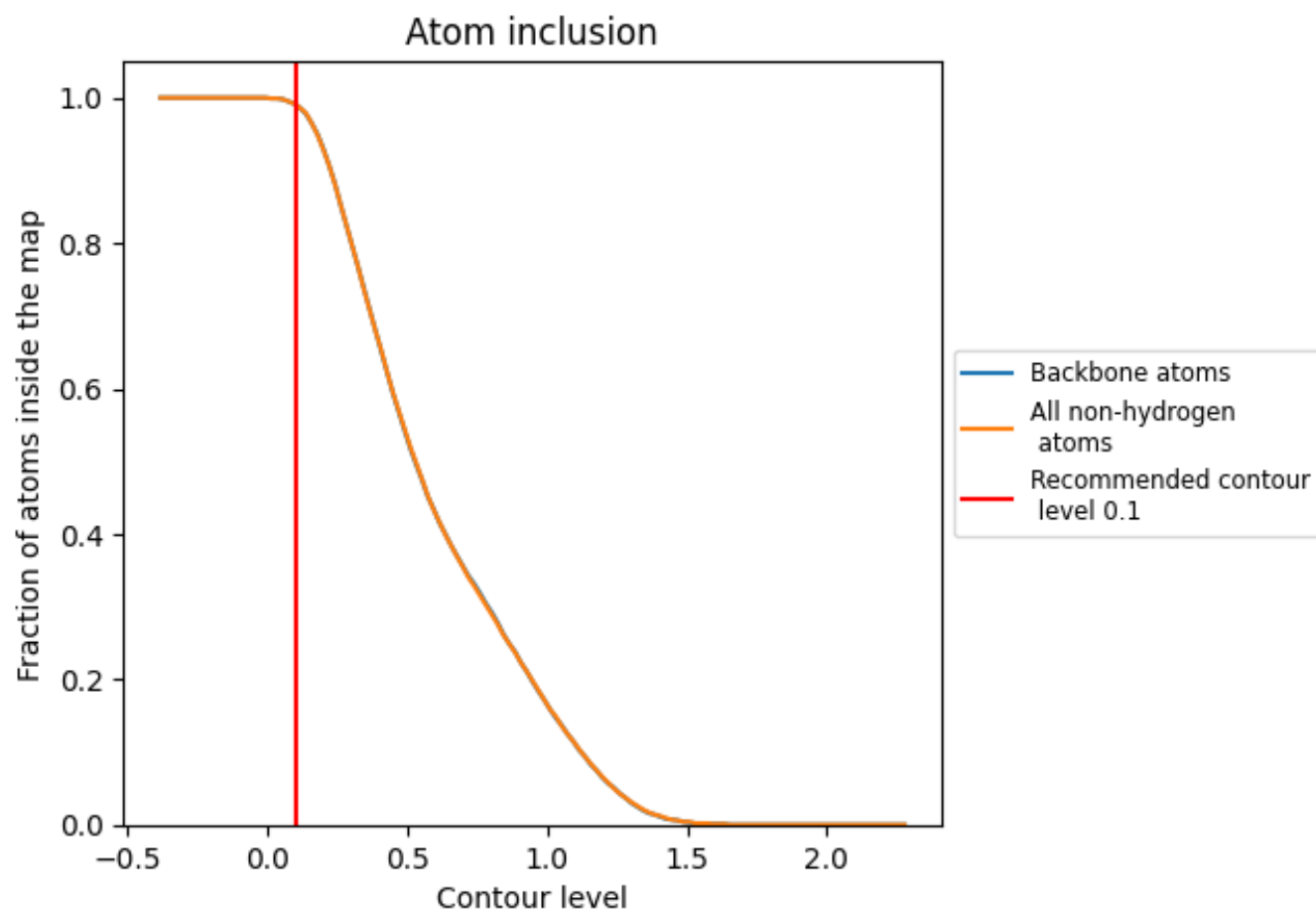
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.1).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 99% of all backbone atoms, 99% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.1) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.9910	0.4850
A	0.9960	0.5780
B	0.9950	0.5730
E	0.9950	0.5590
F	0.9940	0.5740
I	0.9890	0.5010
J	0.9820	0.4400
K	0.9960	0.4930
L	0.9910	0.4420
M	0.9950	0.4460
N	0.9770	0.3430
P	0.9950	0.2380
x	0.9910	0.4550
y	0.9850	0.1920
z	0.9870	0.4130

1.0

0.0

<0.0