



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 10, 2026 – 01:42 PM UTC

PDB ID : 2BS3 / pdb_00002bs3
Title : GLU C180 -> GLN VARIANT QUINOL:FUMARATE REDUCTASE FROM WOLINELLA SUCCINOGENES
Authors : Lancaster, C.R.D.
Deposited on : 2005-05-14
Resolution : 2.19 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

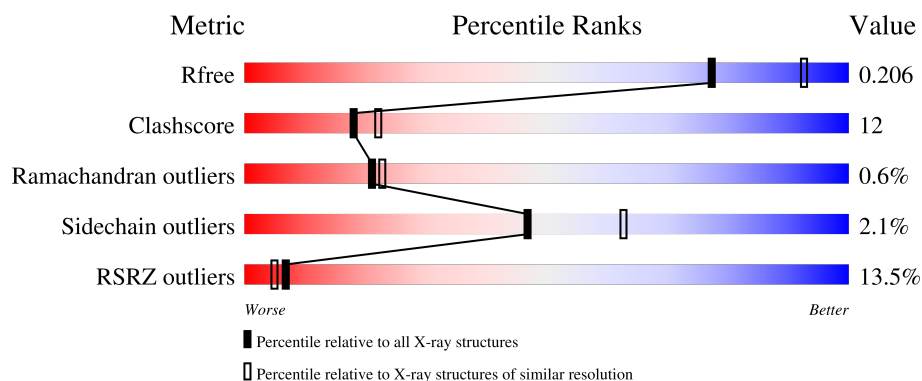
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.19 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	6164 (2.20-2.20)
Clashscore	190562	6851 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	6768 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	187428	6769 (2.20-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	180081	6166 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	656	12% 77% 21% .
1	D	656	12% 76% 22% .
2	B	239	3% 77% 21% .
2	E	239	3% 77% 21% .
3	C	256	30% 73% 25% .

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
3	F	256	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
5	CIT	A	1657[B]	-	-	X	-
5	CIT	D	1657[B]	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition

There are 12 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 19737 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called QUINOL-FUMARATE REDUCTASE FLAVOPROTEIN SUBUNIT A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	656	Total	C	N	O	S	27	5	1
			5145	3219	927	967	32			
1	D	656	Total	C	N	O	S	38	3	1
			5125	3207	921	965	32			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called QUINOL-FUMARATE REDUCTASE IRON-SULFUR SUBUNIT B.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	239	Total	C	N	O	S	6	2	0
			1908	1202	324	358	24			
2	E	239	Total	C	N	O	S	6	2	0
			1908	1202	324	358	24			

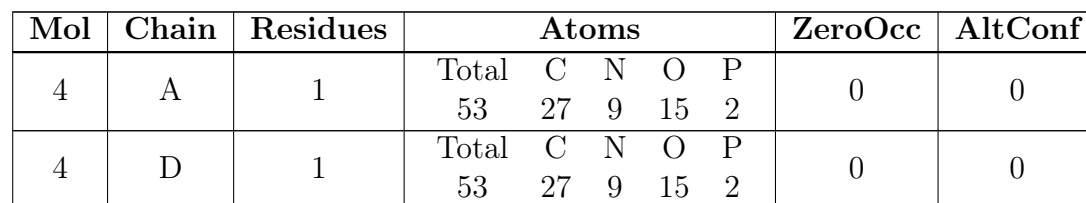
- Molecule 3 is a protein called QUINOL-FUMARATE REDUCTASE DIHEME CYTOCHROME B SUBUNIT C.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	C	255	Total	C	N	O	S	16	3	1
			2110	1407	339	350	14			
3	F	255	Total	C	N	O	S	6	3	1
			2110	1407	339	350	14			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	180	GLN	GLU	conflict	UNP P17413
F	180	GLN	GLU	conflict	UNP P17413

- Molecule 4 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (CCD ID: FAD) (formula: C₂₇H₃₃N₉O₁₅P₂).



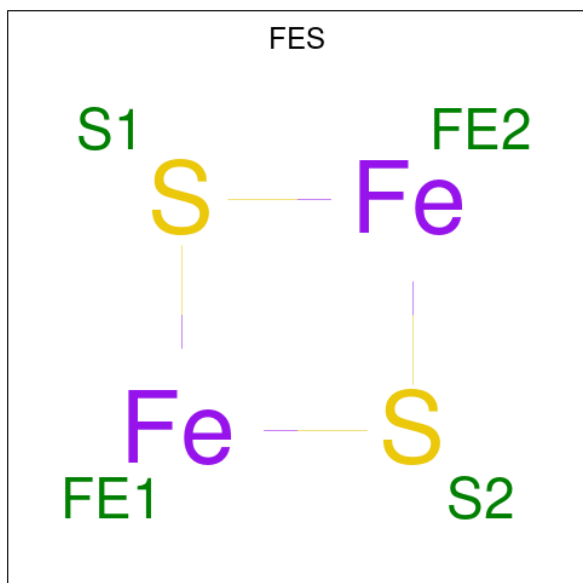
- CIT
-
- The chemical structure of Citric acid (CIT) is shown. It consists of a central carbon atom (C3) bonded to three hydroxyl groups (OH) and a carboxyl group (COOH). The carboxyl group is further bonded to a methylene group (CH2), which is then bonded to another carboxyl group (COOH). The atoms are labeled with green text: C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6 for carbon atoms; O1, O2, O3, O4, O5, O6 for oxygen atoms. The hydroxyl groups are shown in red, and the carboxyl groups are shown in red with double bonds to the oxygen atoms.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total 26	C 12	O 14	0	1
5	D	1	Total 26	C 12	O 14	0	1

- Molecule 6 is SODIUM ION (CCD ID: NA) (formula: Na).

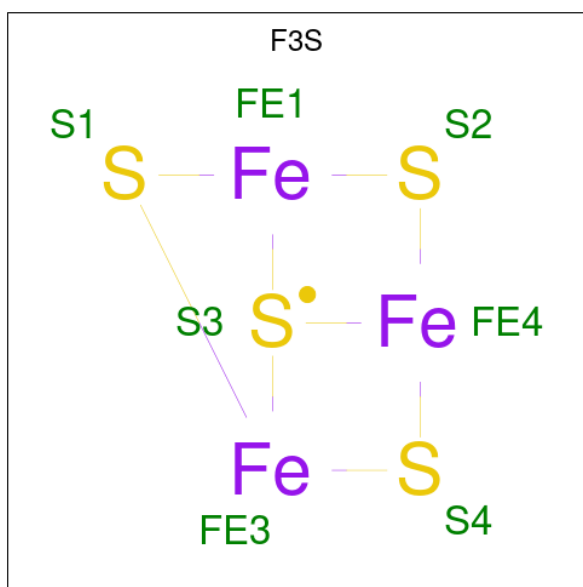
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		
6	D	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 7 is FE2/S2 (INORGANIC) CLUSTER (CCD ID: FES) (formula: Fe₂S₂).



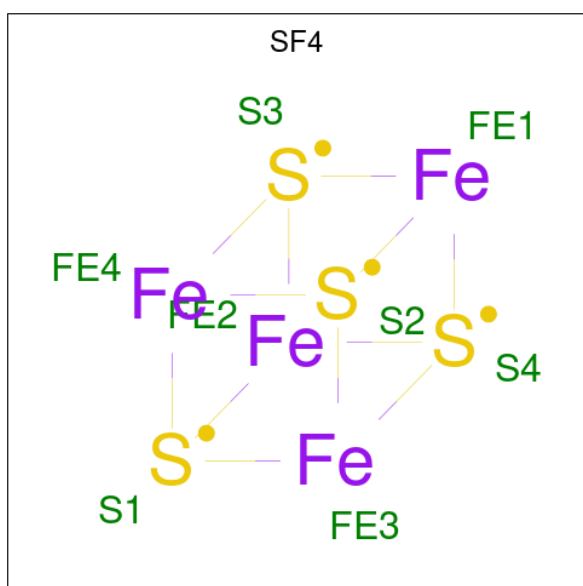
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	B	1	Total	Fe	S	0	0
			4	2	2		
7	E	1	Total	Fe	S	0	0
			4	2	2		

- Molecule 8 is FE3-S4 CLUSTER (CCD ID: F3S) (formula: Fe₃S₄).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	B	1	Total	Fe	S	0	0
			7	3	4		
8	E	1	Total	Fe	S	0	0
			7	3	4		

- Molecule 9 is IRON/SULFUR CLUSTER (CCD ID: SF4) (formula: Fe_4S_4).

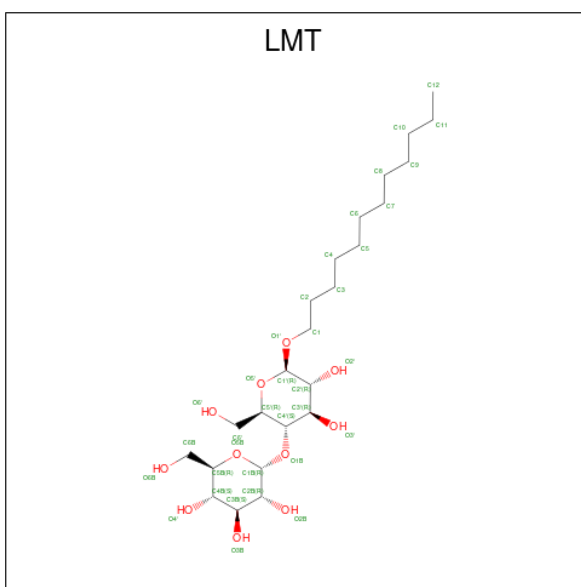


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	B	1	Total	Fe	S	0	0
			8	4	4		
9	E	1	Total	Fe	S	0	0
			8	4	4		

-
- Chemical structure of HEM (heme) showing a central iron atom coordinated by four nitrogen atoms in a porphyrin-like ring, with various side chains and a central heme label.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	C	1	Total 43	C 34	Fe 1	N 4	O 4	0	0
10	C	1	Total 43	C 34	Fe 1	N 4	O 4	0	0
10	F	1	Total 43	C 34	Fe 1	N 4	O 4	0	0
10	F	1	Total 43	C 34	Fe 1	N 4	O 4	0	0

- 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
11	C	1	Total 35	C 24	O 11	16	0
11	F	1	Total 35	C 24	O 11	16	0

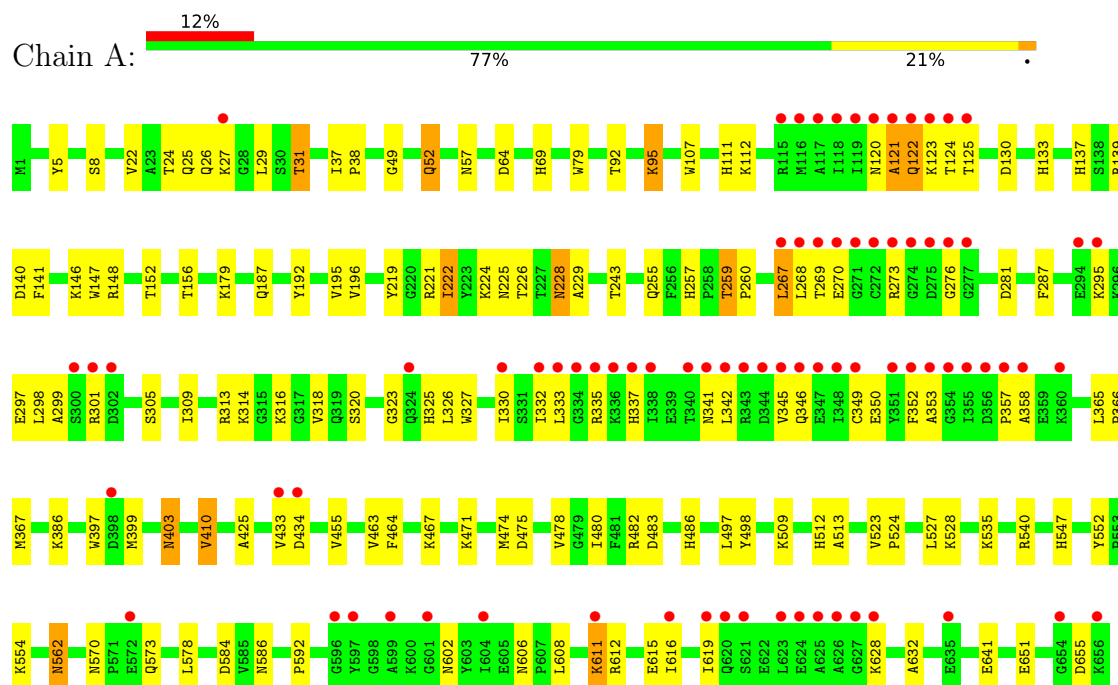
- Molecule 12 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
12	A	274	Total O 274 274	0	0
12	B	156	Total O 156 156	1	0
12	C	47	Total O 47 47	0	0
12	D	291	Total O 291 291	3	0
12	E	164	Total O 164 164	1	0
12	F	59	Total O 59 59	0	0

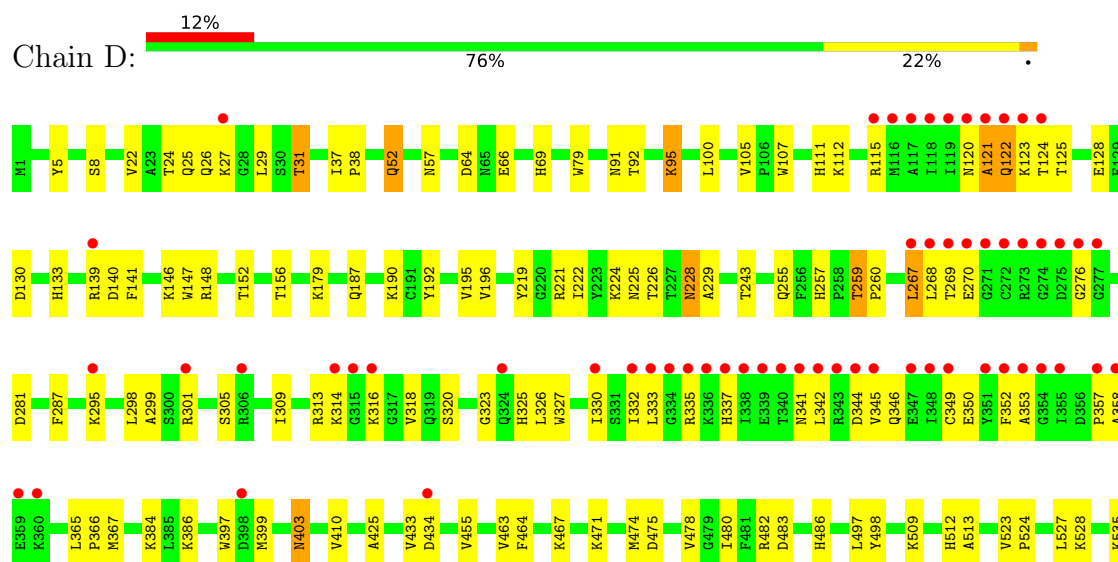
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

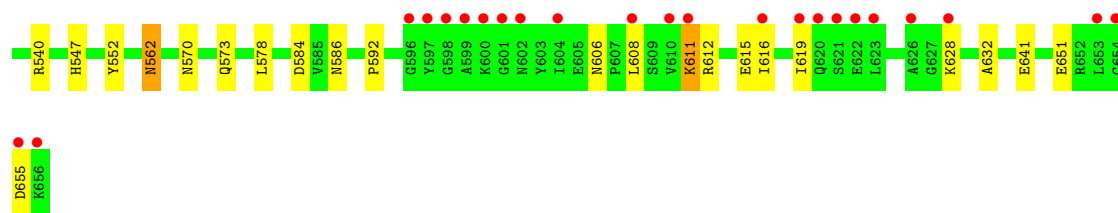
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: QUINOL-FUMARATE REDUCTASE FLAVOPROTEIN SUBUNIT A

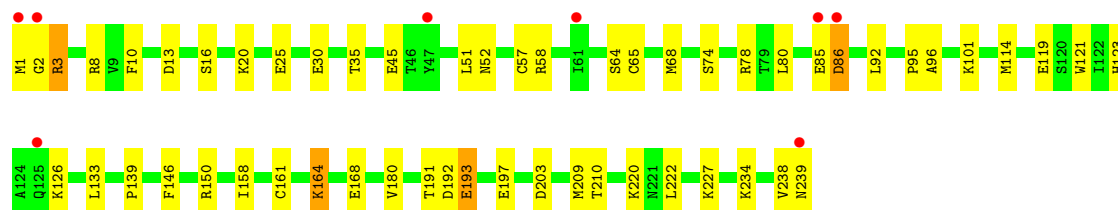
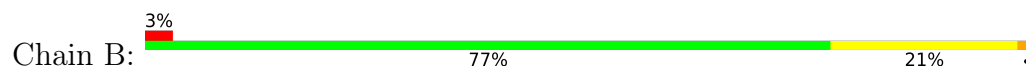


• Molecule 1: QUINOL-FUMARATE REDUCTASE FLAVOPROTEIN SUBUNIT A

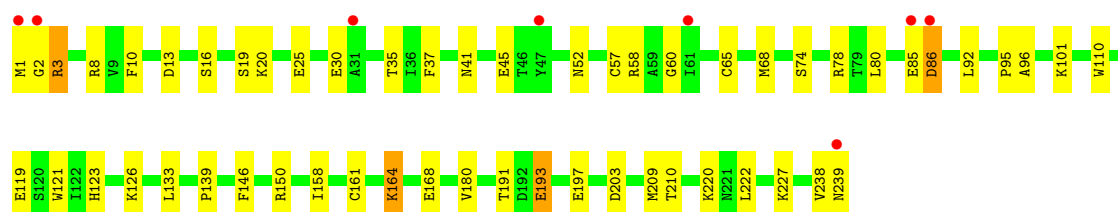
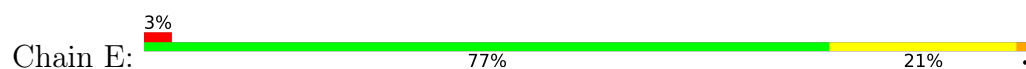




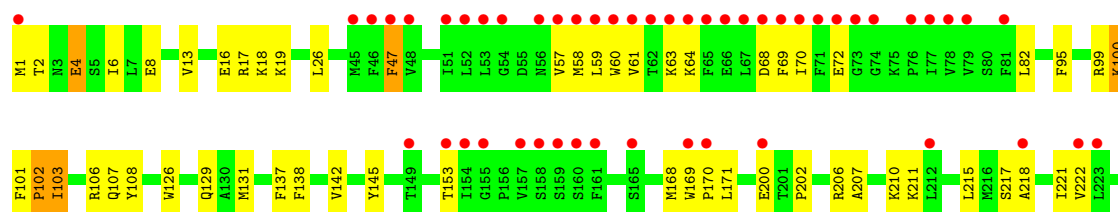
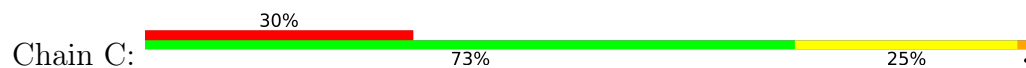
• Molecule 2: QUINOL-FUMARATE REDUCTASE IRON-SULFUR SUBUNIT B



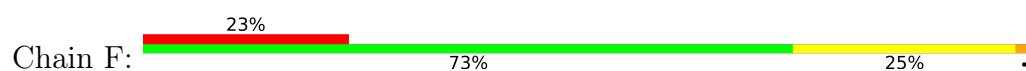
• Molecule 2: QUINOL-FUMARATE REDUCTASE IRON-SULFUR SUBUNIT B

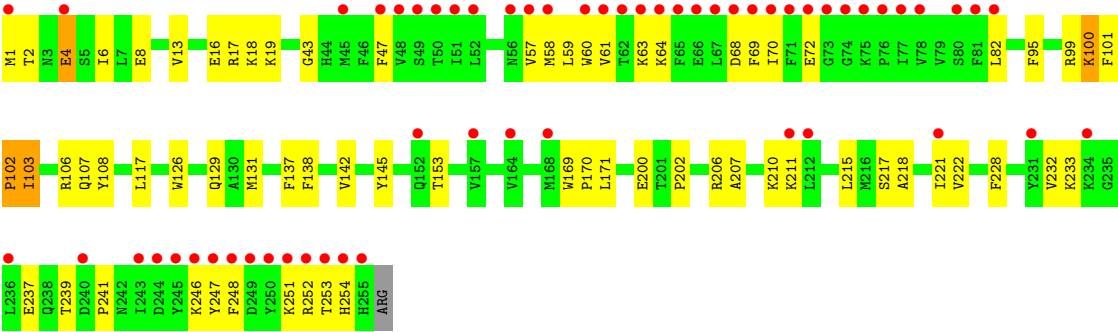


• Molecule 3: QUINOL-FUMARATE REDUCTASE DIHEME CYTOCHROME B SUBUNIT C



• Molecule 3: QUINOL-FUMARATE REDUCTASE DIHEME CYTOCHROME B SUBUNIT C





4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	85.10Å 188.77Å 117.82Å 90.00° 104.47° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	38.58 – 2.19 38.58 – 2.19	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.0 (38.58-2.19) 99.1 (38.58-2.19)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.09	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	7.89 (at 2.20Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS 1.1	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.183 , 0.198 (Not available) , 0.206	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1000 reflections (0.55%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	25.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.194	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.31 , 46.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	19737	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	33.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.65% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HEM, SF4, FES, CIT, NA, FAD, F3S, LMT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.36	1/5241 (0.0%)	0.89	12/7063 (0.2%)
1	D	0.36	1/5221 (0.0%)	0.89	10/7038 (0.1%)
2	B	0.37	0/1945	0.86	6/2622 (0.2%)
2	E	0.38	0/1945	0.86	5/2622 (0.2%)
3	C	0.35	1/2177 (0.0%)	0.83	3/2946 (0.1%)
3	F	0.36	1/2177 (0.0%)	0.81	3/2946 (0.1%)
All	All	0.36	4/18706 (0.0%)	0.87	39/25237 (0.2%)

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	F	254	HIS	C-N	-5.72	1.25	1.33
3	C	254	HIS	C-N	-5.63	1.25	1.33
1	D	655	ASP	C-N	-5.56	1.25	1.33
1	A	655	ASP	C-N	-5.53	1.25	1.33

The worst 5 of 39 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	D	397	TRP	N-CA-C	-12.22	97.64	111.82
1	A	397	TRP	N-CA-C	-11.90	98.02	111.82
3	C	102	PRO	N-CA-C	-9.14	96.84	111.19
3	F	102	PRO	N-CA-C	-9.05	96.98	111.19
1	D	399	MET	N-CA-C	-8.27	102.97	113.72

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	5145	0	5124	145	0
1	D	5125	0	5100	138	0
2	B	1908	0	1873	42	0
2	E	1908	0	1873	45	0
3	C	2110	0	2123	55	0
3	F	2110	0	2123	51	0
4	A	53	0	29	3	0
4	D	53	0	29	4	0
5	A	26	0	10	11	0
5	D	26	0	10	11	0
6	A	1	0	0	0	0
6	D	1	0	0	0	0
7	B	4	0	0	0	0
7	E	4	0	0	1	0
8	B	7	0	0	0	0
8	E	7	0	0	0	0
9	B	8	0	0	0	0
9	E	8	0	0	0	0
10	C	86	0	60	0	0
10	F	86	0	60	0	0
11	C	35	0	46	7	0
11	F	35	0	46	9	0
12	A	274	0	0	2	0
12	B	156	0	0	1	0
12	C	47	0	0	1	0
12	D	291	0	0	4	0
12	E	164	0	0	1	0
12	F	59	0	0	0	0
All	All	19737	0	18506	451	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

The worst 5 of 451 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:273[B]:ARG:HE	1:A:301:ARG:HH21	1.07	0.91
3:F:131:MET:HG2	11:F:1257:LMT:H123	1.53	0.90
3:C:131:MET:HG2	11:C:1257:LMT:H123	1.52	0.89
1:D:120:ASN:HB3	1:D:298:LEU:HD13	1.58	0.86
1:A:120:ASN:HB3	1:A:298:LEU:HD13	1.57	0.86

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	659/656 (100%)	633 (96%)	22 (3%)	4 (1%)	21	23
1	D	657/656 (100%)	629 (96%)	24 (4%)	4 (1%)	21	23
2	B	239/239 (100%)	230 (96%)	7 (3%)	2 (1%)	16	16
2	E	239/239 (100%)	230 (96%)	7 (3%)	2 (1%)	16	16
3	C	256/256 (100%)	249 (97%)	6 (2%)	1 (0%)	30	34
3	F	256/256 (100%)	249 (97%)	6 (2%)	1 (0%)	30	34
All	All	2306/2302 (100%)	2220 (96%)	72 (3%)	14 (1%)	21	23

5 of 14 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	122	GLN
2	B	3	ARG
2	B	86	ASP
3	C	72	GLU
1	D	122	GLN

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	537/533 (101%)	527 (98%)	10 (2%)	50	66
1	D	535/533 (100%)	523 (98%)	12 (2%)	45	61
2	B	213/211 (101%)	210 (99%)	3 (1%)	59	75
2	E	213/211 (101%)	210 (99%)	3 (1%)	59	75
3	C	224/223 (100%)	216 (96%)	8 (4%)	31	42
3	F	224/223 (100%)	218 (97%)	6 (3%)	39	53
All	All	1946/1934 (101%)	1904 (98%)	42 (2%)	47	61

5 of 42 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	478	VAL
2	E	193	GLU
1	D	497	LEU
1	D	641	GLU
3	F	18	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 50 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	133	HIS
1	D	403	ASN
3	F	150	GLN
1	D	225	ASN
1	D	319	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

Of 20 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 18 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
11	LMT	F	1257	-	36,36,36	1.09	2 (5%)	47,47,47	1.28	4 (8%)
5	CIT	D	1657[A]	-	12,12,12	1.21	1 (8%)	17,17,17	1.34	1 (5%)
8	F3S	B	1241	2	0,9,9	-	-	-		
4	FAD	D	1656	1	58,58,58	2.01	14 (24%)	85,89,89	1.24	7 (8%)
10	HEM	C	1256	3	50,50,50	1.36	7 (14%)	67,82,82	0.79	3 (4%)
4	FAD	A	1656	1	58,58,58	2.01	14 (24%)	85,89,89	1.22	7 (8%)
5	CIT	A	1657[A]	-	12,12,12	1.19	2 (16%)	17,17,17	1.36	1 (5%)
7	FES	E	1240	2	0,4,4	-	-	-		
10	HEM	F	1255	3	50,50,50	1.33	7 (14%)	67,82,82	0.73	0
9	SF4	E	1242	2	0,12,12	-	-	-		
11	LMT	C	1257	-	36,36,36	1.09	2 (5%)	47,47,47	1.27	4 (8%)
9	SF4	B	1242	2	0,12,12	-	-	-		
5	CIT	D	1657[B]	-	12,12,12	1.03	1 (8%)	17,17,17	1.40	1 (5%)
8	F3S	E	1241	2	0,9,9	-	-	-		
10	HEM	F	1256	3	50,50,50	1.33	7 (14%)	67,82,82	0.76	2 (2%)
10	HEM	C	1255	3	50,50,50	1.34	7 (14%)	67,82,82	0.71	0
5	CIT	A	1657[B]	-	12,12,12	1.02	1 (8%)	17,17,17	1.44	1 (5%)
7	FES	B	1240	2	0,4,4	-	-	-		

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
11	LMT	F	1257	-	-	12/21/61/61	0/2/2/2
5	CIT	D	1657[A]	-	-	0/16/16/16	-
10	HEM	C	1256	3	-	0/14/54/54	-
4	FAD	D	1656	1	-	3/34/50/50	0/6/6/6
8	F3S	B	1241	2	-	-	0/3/3/3
4	FAD	A	1656	1	-	3/34/50/50	0/6/6/6
5	CIT	A	1657[A]	-	-	0/16/16/16	-
7	FES	E	1240	2	-	-	0/1/1/1
10	HEM	F	1255	3	-	1/14/54/54	-
11	LMT	C	1257	-	-	12/21/61/61	0/2/2/2
9	SF4	E	1242	2	-	-	0/6/5/5
10	HEM	F	1256	3	-	0/14/54/54	-
5	CIT	D	1657[B]	-	-	0/16/16/16	-
8	F3S	E	1241	2	-	-	0/3/3/3
9	SF4	B	1242	2	-	-	0/6/5/5
10	HEM	C	1255	3	-	2/14/54/54	-
5	CIT	A	1657[B]	-	-	0/16/16/16	-
7	FES	B	1240	2	-	-	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 65 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	A	1656	FAD	P-O3P	-8.73	1.50	1.59
4	D	1656	FAD	P-O3P	-8.57	1.50	1.59
4	D	1656	FAD	C1'-C2'	4.48	1.58	1.52
4	A	1656	FAD	C1'-C2'	4.34	1.58	1.52
4	A	1656	FAD	O5'-C5'	3.96	1.59	1.44

The worst 5 of 31 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
11	F	1257	LMT	C1-O1'-C1'	4.89	122.04	113.68
11	C	1257	LMT	C1-O1'-C1'	4.87	122.00	113.68
4	D	1656	FAD	C1'-N10-C9A	-4.42	112.04	120.63
4	A	1656	FAD	C1'-N10-C9A	-4.33	112.21	120.63
5	A	1657[B]	CIT	O6-C6-C3	4.28	121.36	113.14

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 33 torsion outliers are listed below:

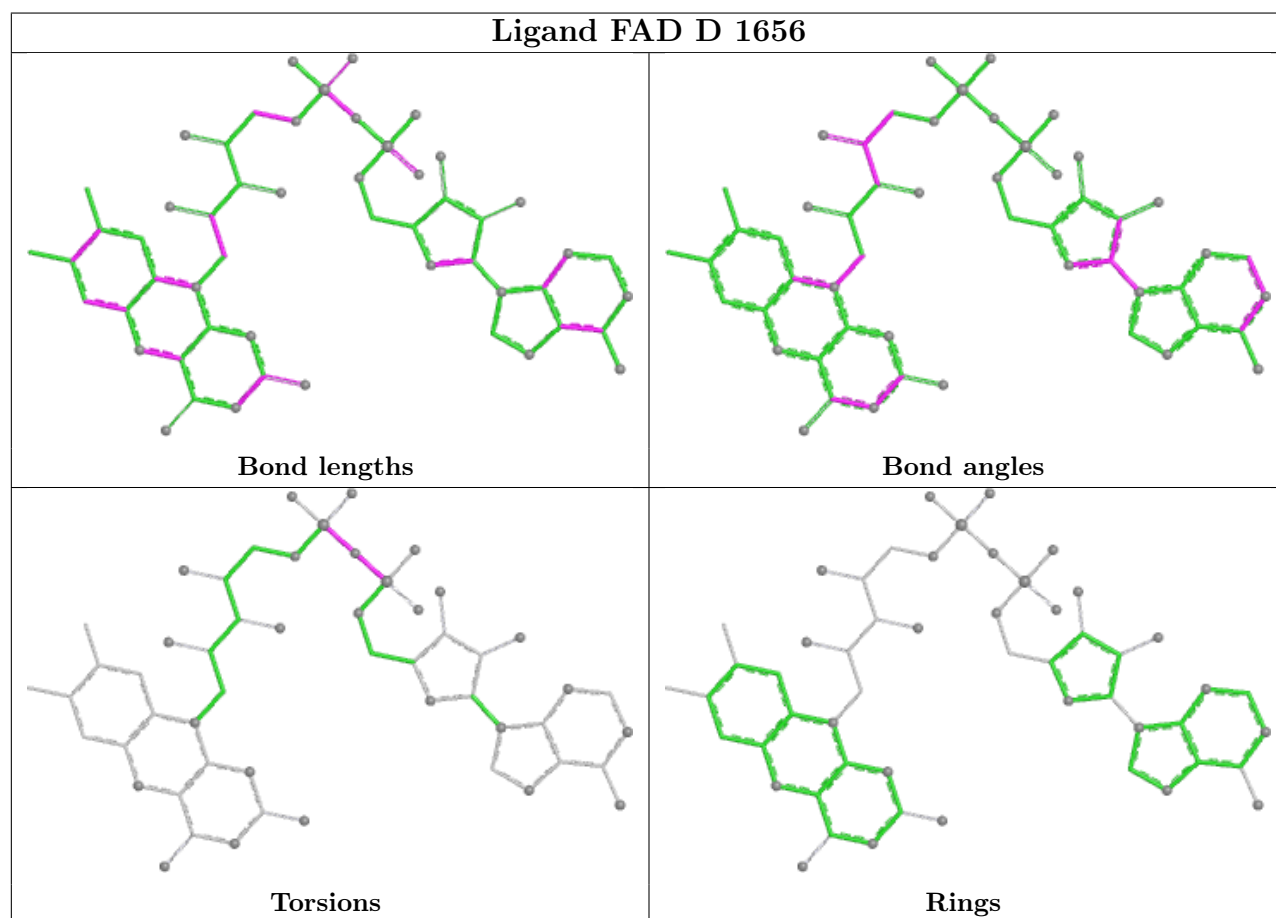
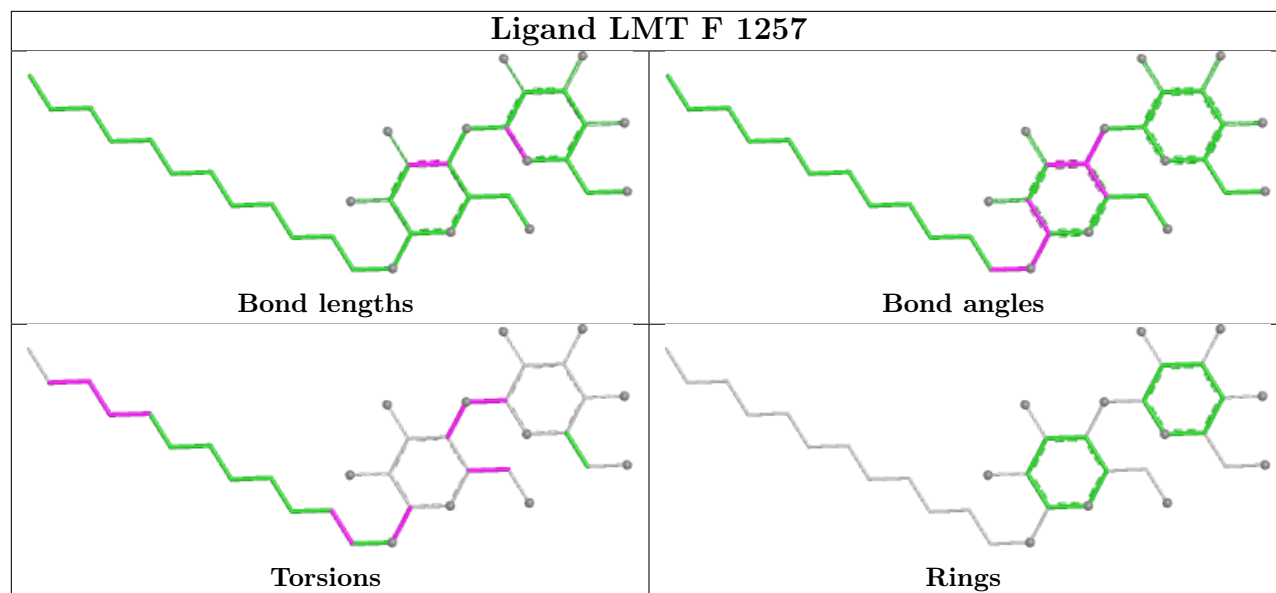
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	1656	FAD	PA-O3P-P-O5'
4	D	1656	FAD	PA-O3P-P-O5'
11	C	1257	LMT	O5'-C5'-C6'-O6'
11	F	1257	LMT	O5'-C5'-C6'-O6'
11	C	1257	LMT	C4'-C5'-C6'-O6'

There are no ring outliers.

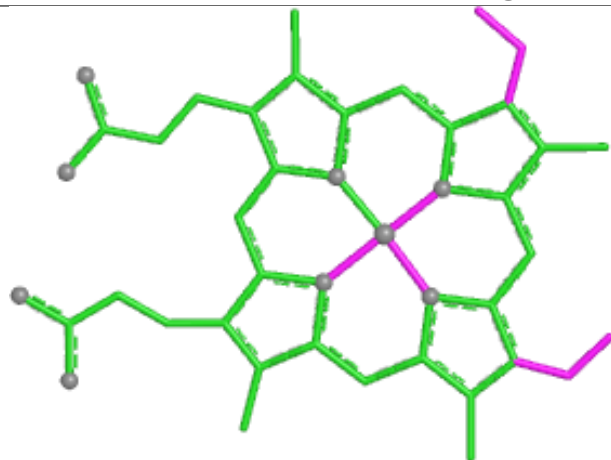
9 monomers are involved in 44 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
11	F	1257	LMT	9	0
5	D	1657[A]	CIT	3	0
4	D	1656	FAD	4	0
4	A	1656	FAD	3	0
5	A	1657[A]	CIT	1	0
7	E	1240	FES	1	0
11	C	1257	LMT	7	0
5	D	1657[B]	CIT	8	0
5	A	1657[B]	CIT	10	0

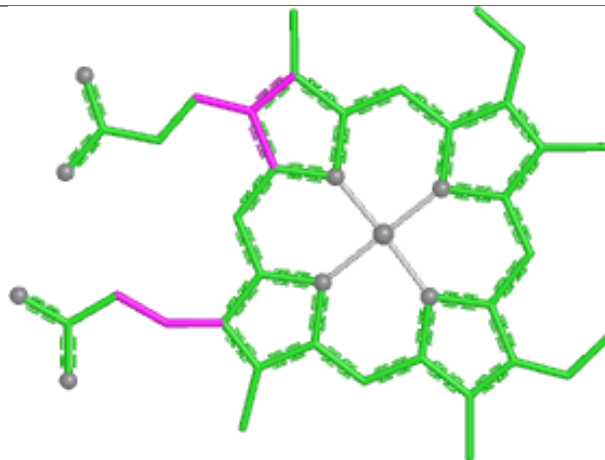
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



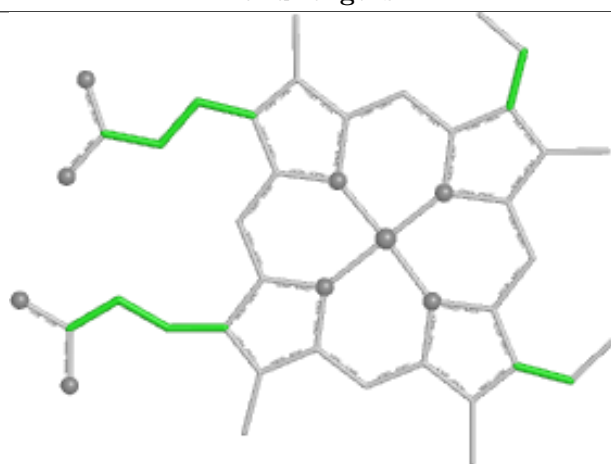
Ligand HEM C 1256



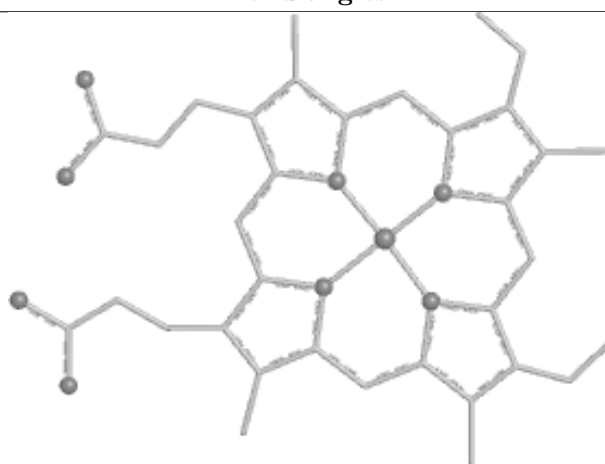
Bond lengths



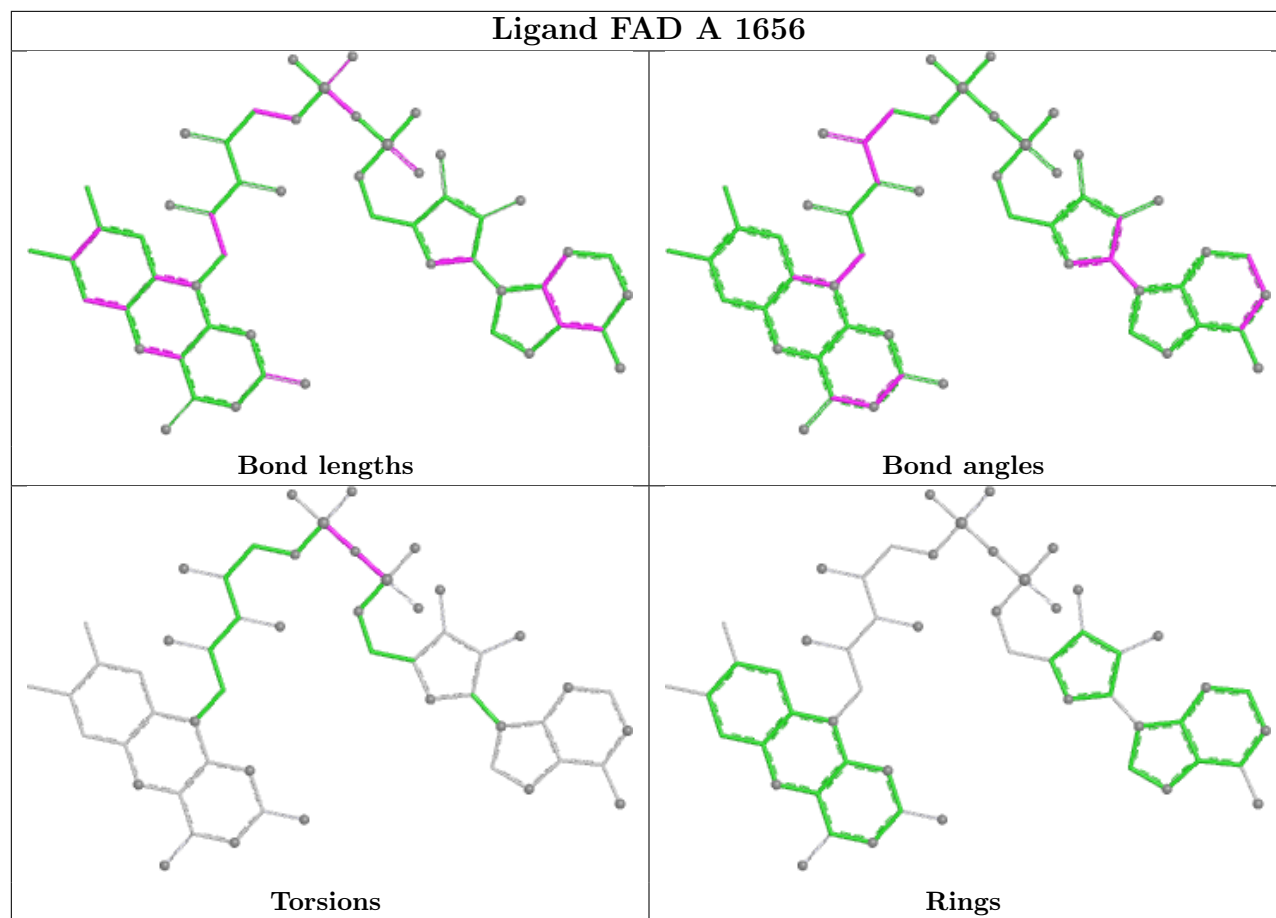
Bond angles



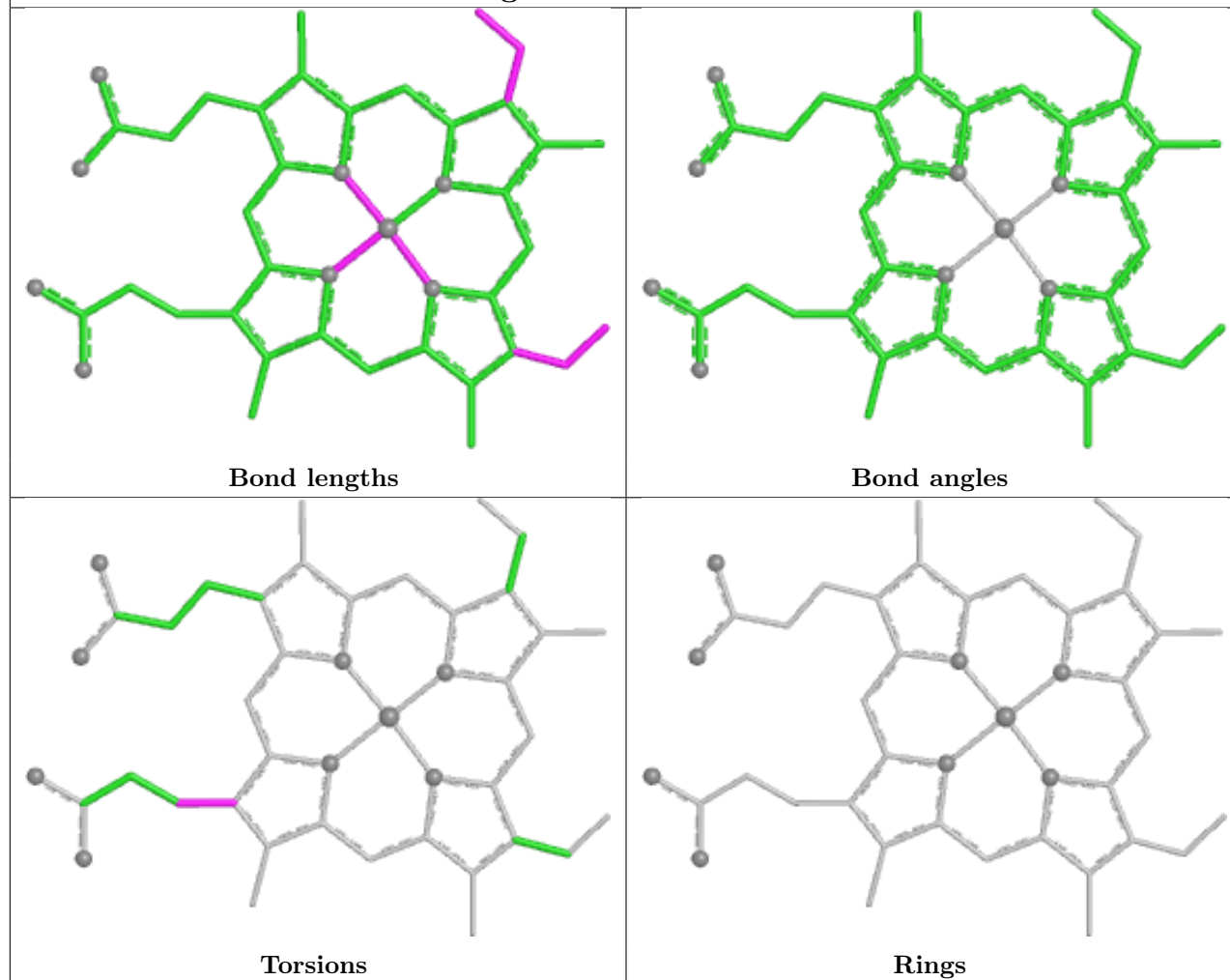
Torsions



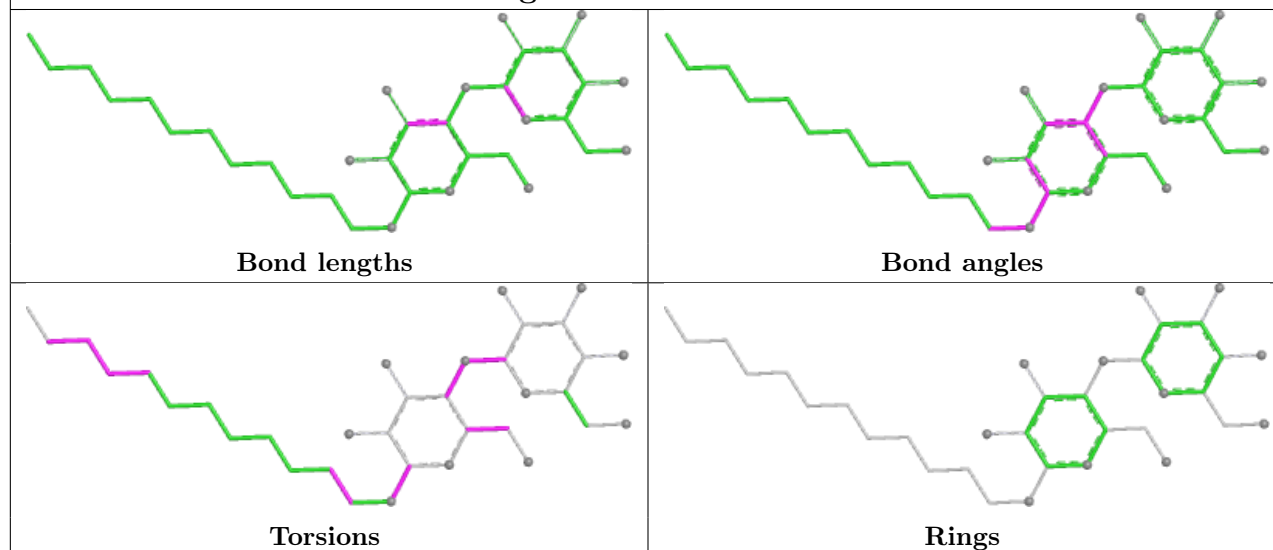
Rings



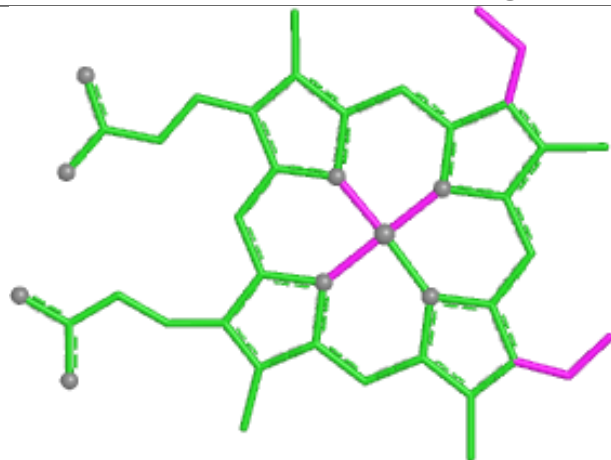
Ligand HEM F 1255



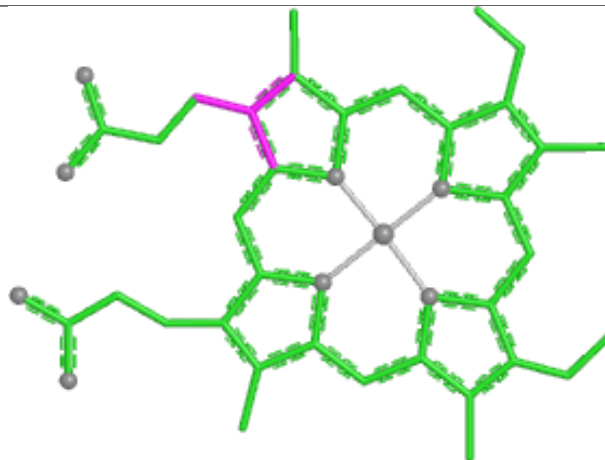
Ligand LMT C 1257



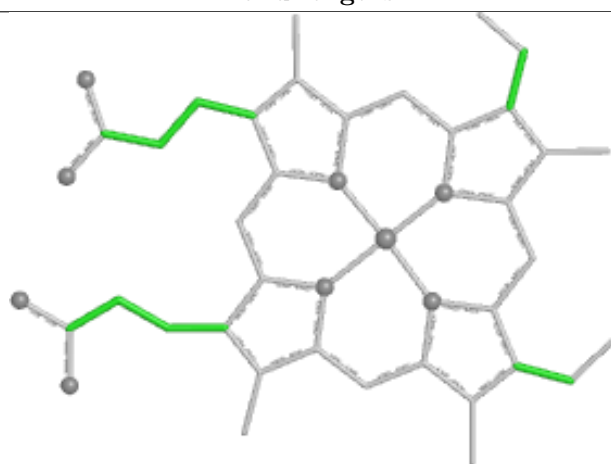
Ligand HEM F 1256



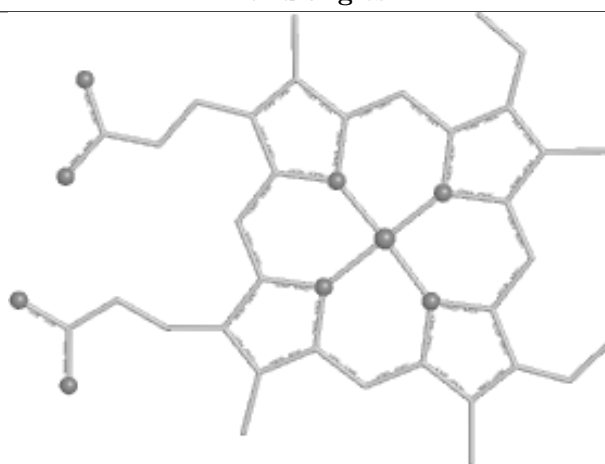
Bond lengths



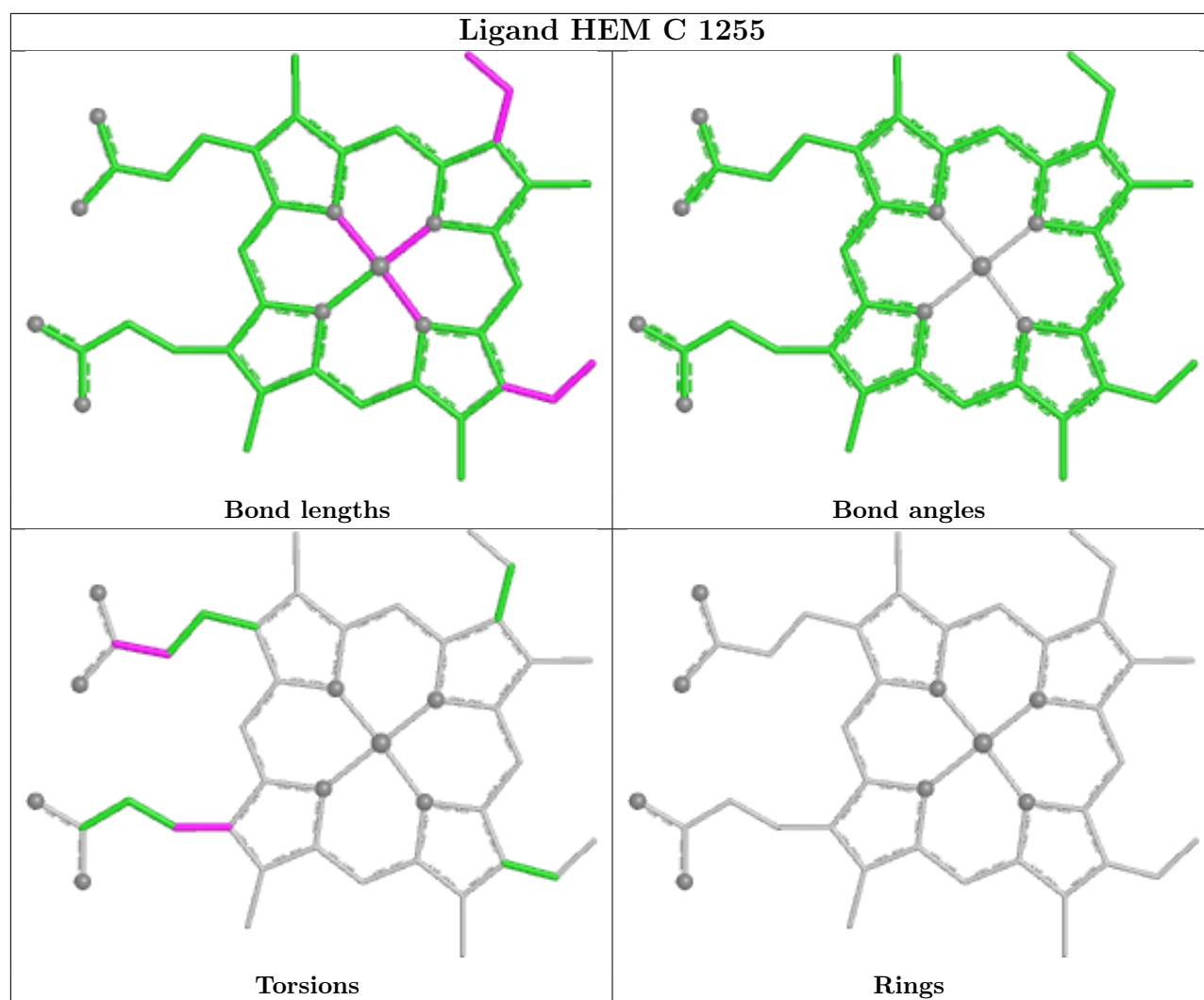
Bond angles



Torsions



Rings



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2		OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	656/656 (100%)	0.43	79 (12%)	9 6	12, 28, 64, 78	18 (2%)
1	D	656/656 (100%)	0.48	82 (12%)	8 6	13, 28, 64, 78	19 (2%)
2	B	239/239 (100%)	-0.02	8 (3%)	49 46	8, 24, 45, 73	4 (1%)
2	E	239/239 (100%)	-0.08	8 (3%)	49 46	8, 23, 45, 72	4 (1%)
3	C	255/256 (99%)	1.33	76 (29%)	1 1	18, 37, 70, 93	13 (5%)
3	F	255/256 (99%)	1.14	58 (22%)	2 1	17, 36, 69, 92	12 (4%)
All	All	2300/2302 (99%)	0.52	311 (13%)	7 5	8, 28, 65, 93	70 (3%)

The worst 5 of 311 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	D	338	ILE	8.8
2	B	2	GLY	7.7
3	C	69	PHE	7.7
3	C	47[A]	PHE	7.5
1	A	121	ALA	6.9

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands

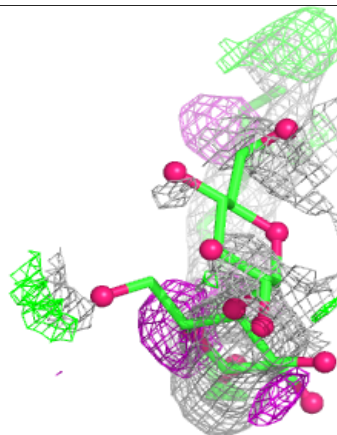
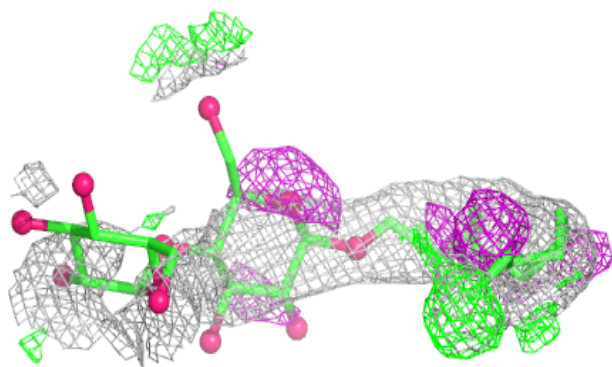
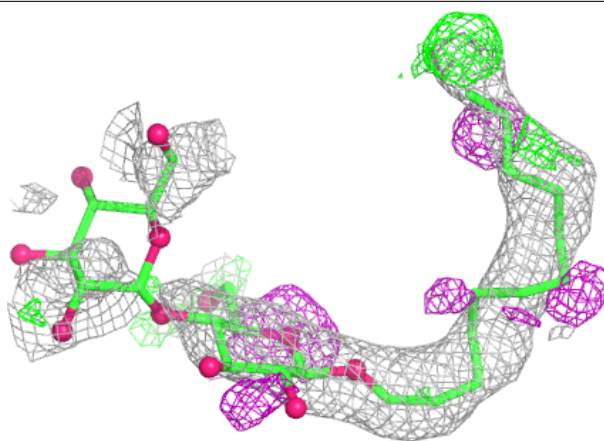
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q<0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
5	CIT	A	1657[A]	13/13	0.47	0.36	31,35,39,41	13
5	CIT	A	1657[B]	13/13	0.47	0.36	25,30,32,35	13
5	CIT	D	1657[A]	13/13	0.51	0.35	26,34,41,42	13
5	CIT	D	1657[B]	13/13	0.51	0.35	29,32,35,36	13
11	LMT	C	1257	35/35	0.72	0.26	55,59,65,66	16
11	LMT	F	1257	35/35	0.77	0.26	55,58,65,66	16
10	HEM	C	1256	43/43	0.95	0.11	32,34,39,42	0
6	NA	D	1658	1/1	0.96	0.04	16,16,16,16	0
10	HEM	F	1256	43/43	0.96	0.10	31,33,37,40	0
4	FAD	D	1656	53/53	0.97	0.06	11,16,21,23	0
10	HEM	C	1255	43/43	0.97	0.08	22,27,29,34	0
10	HEM	F	1255	43/43	0.98	0.08	21,26,29,33	0
8	F3S	E	1241	7/7	0.98	0.04	19,19,20,20	0
4	FAD	A	1656	53/53	0.98	0.05	13,17,21,22	0
8	F3S	B	1241	7/7	0.98	0.04	20,20,21,21	0
6	NA	A	1658	1/1	0.99	0.03	19,19,19,19	0
7	FES	B	1240	4/4	0.99	0.03	17,18,18,18	0
9	SF4	B	1242	8/8	0.99	0.03	18,19,19,19	0
9	SF4	E	1242	8/8	0.99	0.04	17,18,18,20	0
7	FES	E	1240	4/4	0.99	0.03	16,17,17,18	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

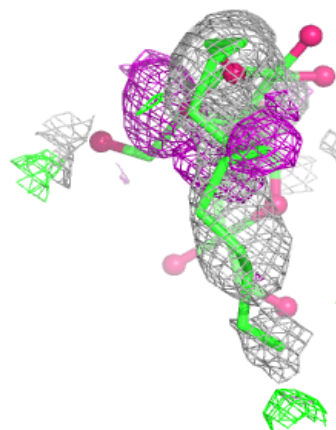
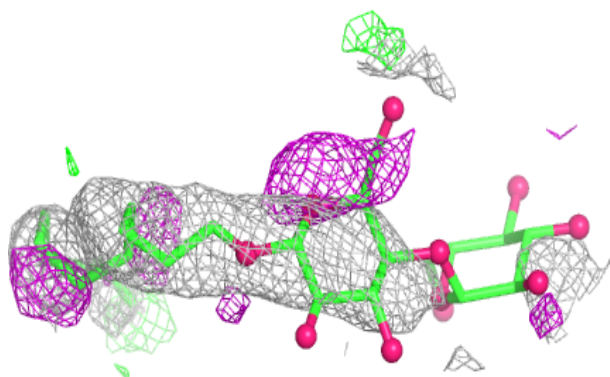
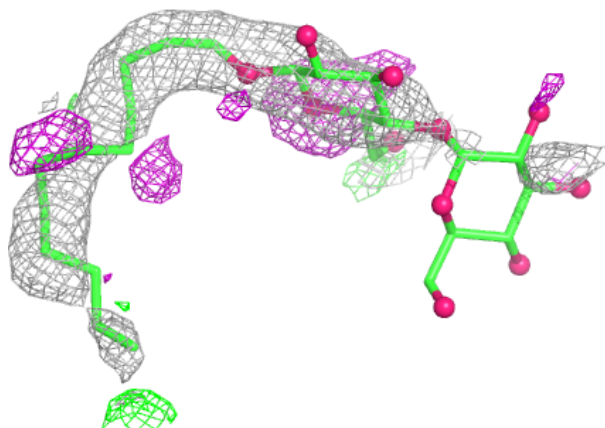
Electron density around LMT C 1257:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



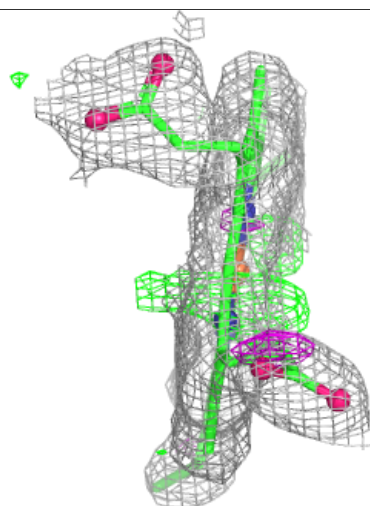
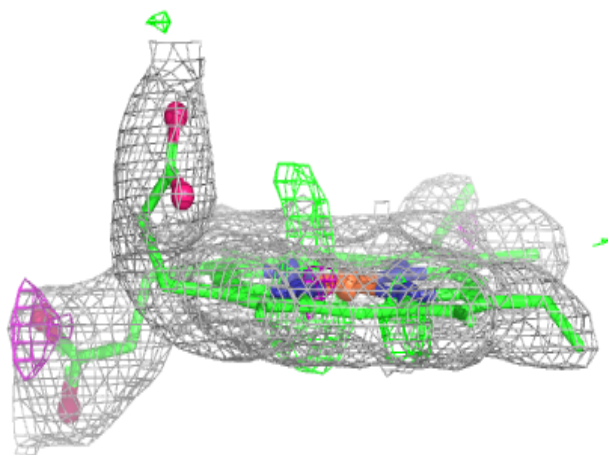
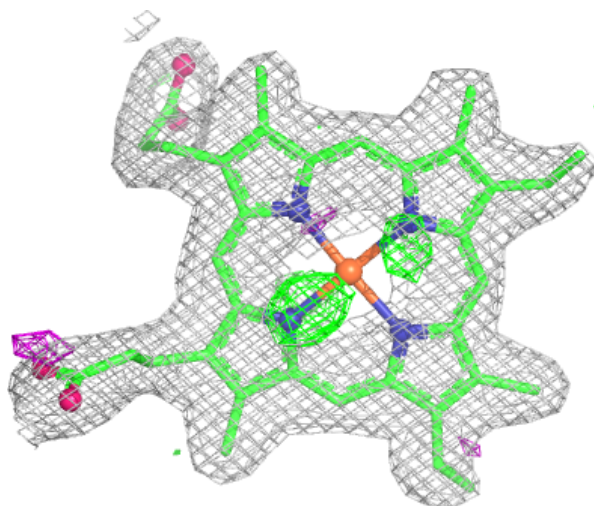
Electron density around LMT F 1257:

$2mF_o - DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 $mF_o - DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



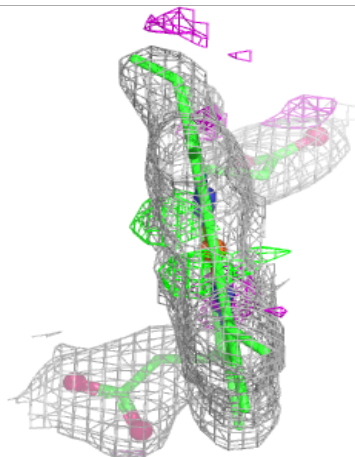
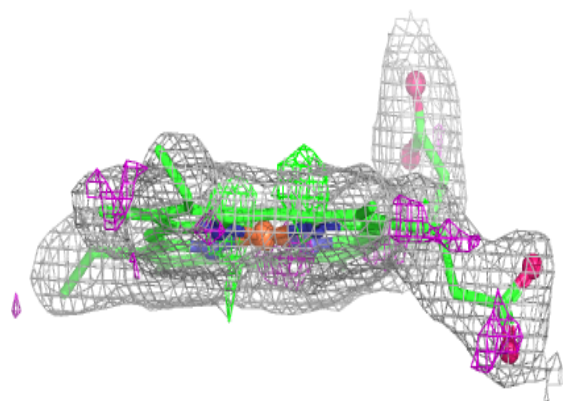
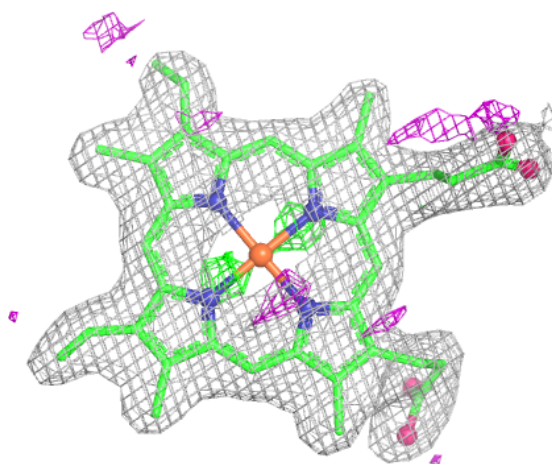
Electron density around HEM C 1256:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



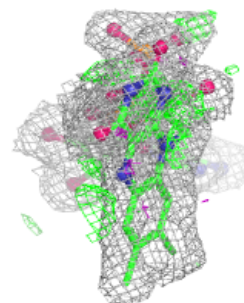
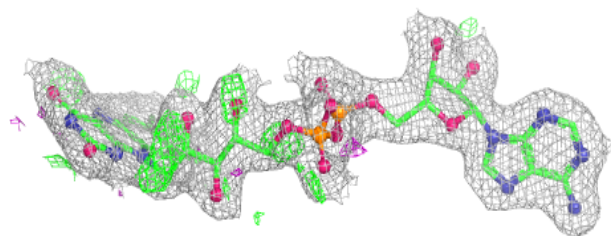
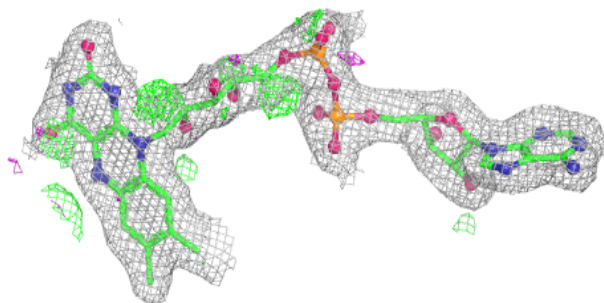
Electron density around HEM F 1256:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



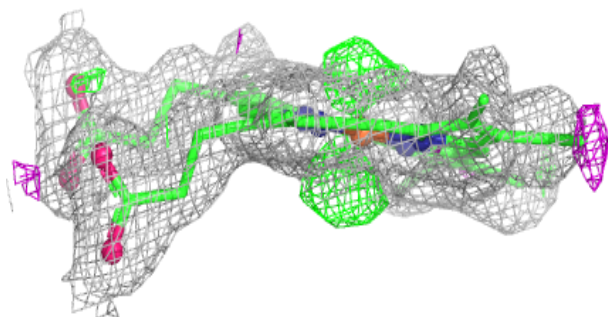
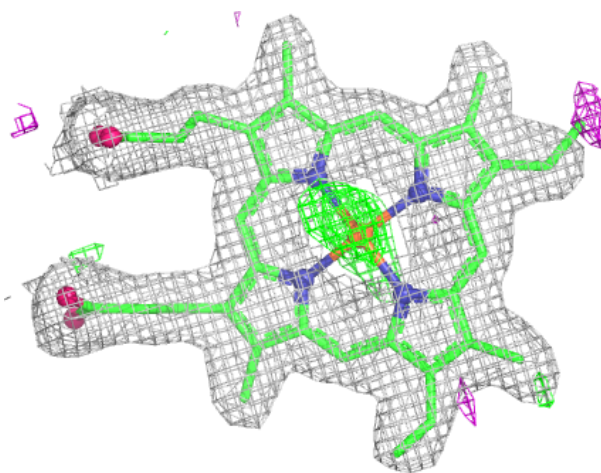
Electron density around FAD D 1656:

$2mF_o - DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 $mF_o - DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



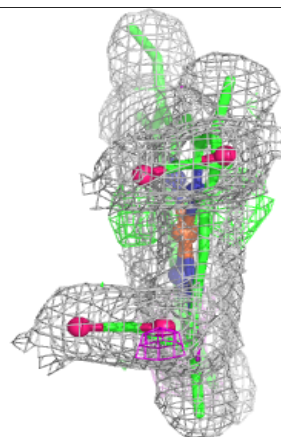
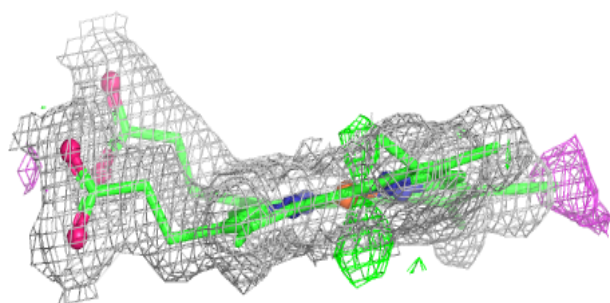
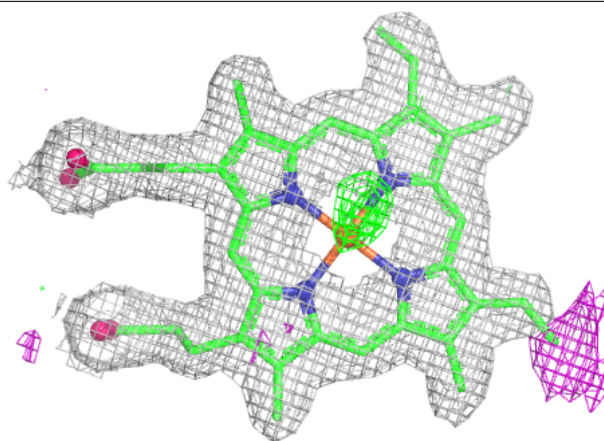
Electron density around HEM C 1255:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

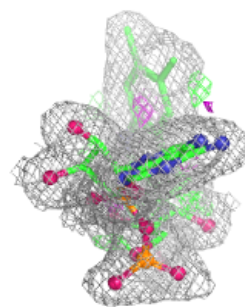
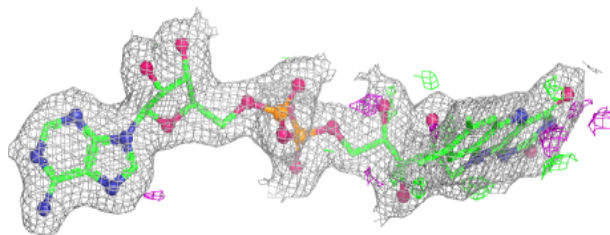
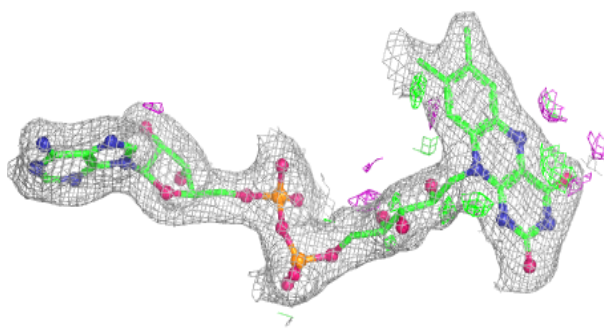


Electron density around HEM F 1255:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

**Electron density around FAD A 1656:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.